

لبيا مين نوروزي - يار دهم پسر B - كالين شمارة ۸

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} D_f = [-1, 1] \\ D_g = \{-1, 0, 1, r\} \end{array} \right\} \xrightarrow{n} = \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl} g(-1) = 1 & f(-1) = 0 & \rightarrow g - f = 1 \\ g(0) = 5 & f(0) = 1 & \rightarrow \quad \quad = 4 \\ g(1) = 4 & f(1) = 0 & \rightarrow \quad \quad = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{V}_g - \mathcal{V}_f = \{(-1, 1), (0, 1), (1, 1)\} \Rightarrow \text{مجموع المصفوفات} = 0 + 1 + 1 = 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$f \rightarrow R_f = [r(r) - 1, +\infty) = [\omega, +\infty) / g \rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, \frac{1}{r(r)} + r] = (-\infty, \epsilon] / R_f \cup R_g = \mathbb{R} - (\epsilon, \omega) \quad \text{--- (P) (r)}$$

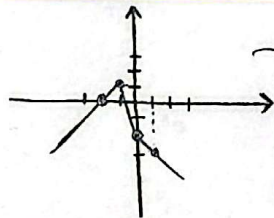
$$\frac{1}{\gamma} x^T + x + w > \frac{2}{\gamma} x^T \rightarrow -x^T + \gamma x + \cancel{c} - w > 0 \quad \frac{-\gamma \pm \sqrt{\gamma^2 + 4x^T x}}{-\gamma} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} w \rightarrow b \\ -1 \rightarrow a \end{array} \right\} \quad \sqrt{w(-1)} = \sqrt{w} = \gamma \quad \checkmark \quad (w)$$

$y = |x-1| + |x-3| + |x-5| \Rightarrow$
 $\Rightarrow$

 مختصات $= 2$ ✓

$$\begin{array}{l} 1. \rightarrow x - 1 - x + y - 2x + 5 = -2x + 4 \quad | \quad 0 \rightarrow -x + 1 - x + y - 2x + 5 = -5x + 6 \rightarrow \textcircled{A} \\ 2. \rightarrow x - 1 - x + y + 2x - 5 = 2x - 4 \quad | \quad 5 \rightarrow 5x - 1 \rightarrow \textcircled{A} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{vmatrix}$$



⑤ او انجانبی که درجه یک پس از عددی دهیم:

$\rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, 1]$ ✓

$$y\alpha + y = x^r + \delta x + m \Rightarrow x^r + (\delta - y)x + (m - y) = 0 \rightarrow \Delta \geq 0 \Rightarrow (\delta - y)^2 - 4(m - y) \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow y^r - 1 \cdot y + r\Delta + r_y - r_m = y^r - y + r\Delta - r_m \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{y \pm \sqrt{y^2 - r(\Delta - r_m)}}{y} \Rightarrow \Delta \leq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r\Delta - 1 \cdot y + r_m}{-y} \geq 0$$

$\rightarrow 14(x, m) \leq 0 \rightarrow m \leq r$ $\xrightarrow{\text{p. 6}}$ $\{1, r, r, r\}$

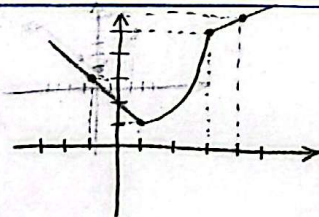
از اینجا می‌توانیم ساده کردن را منتهی به آنجا می‌دهد و در نتیجه
 به هم بخش می‌کنیم تا به این می‌رسیم که $m+1$ مضرب ساده نشود $\Rightarrow$ باید استی $m=4$ مضرب خاصی خود پس جواب $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ ✓

$$x = w \rightarrow y = \Delta$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow y=2$$

$$\text{مینه دار} \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 2 \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$$

$x=1 \rightarrow y=1$



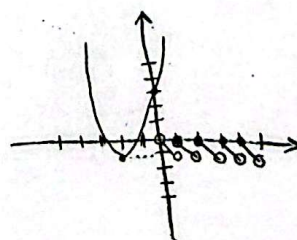
$$x = f \Rightarrow y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$x^2 + x + 1 \xrightarrow{\text{dividing}} \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \xrightarrow{x = -\frac{1}{2}} y = 1.125$$

$\xrightarrow{x=0} y=w$

$$[x] - x \xrightarrow{[t]-t} R = (-1, 0]$$



$$\Rightarrow R_f = [-1, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$2x+3 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -\frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{b = -\frac{3}{2}} \checkmark \Rightarrow D_f = \left[-\frac{3}{2}, +\infty\right)$$

(2) (9)

$$R_f \rightarrow \text{بشترین مقدار } (\sqrt{2x+3}) = \text{کمترین مقدار } (\sqrt{2x+3}) = 0 \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, a+1] \Rightarrow a+1 = 5 \Rightarrow \boxed{a=4} \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow ab = (-6) \checkmark$$

$$D_f \Rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \\ 1-x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 1 \end{array} \right\} = [-1, 1] = D_g / D_g = 3\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 2\sqrt{x+1} - 4\sqrt{1-x}$$

(2) (10)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{f(x)}{g} - \frac{g(x)}{3} &= \frac{2\sqrt{x+1} + 4\sqrt{1-x}}{6} - \frac{3\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{1-x^2}} - 2\sqrt{x+1} - 4\sqrt{1-x}}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{1-x}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{3} + \frac{2\sqrt{x+1}}{3} \\ &+ \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{3} = \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{3} + \frac{3\sqrt{x+1}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{3} = 2\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x+1} - \frac{\sqrt{x+2\sqrt{1-x^2}}}{3} = 2\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x+1} - \underbrace{\frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{\sqrt{(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x})^2}}}_{\text{همواره 1}} \\ &= 2\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x} = \sqrt{1-x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow D = [-1, 1] \xrightarrow{1 \geq x} R = [\sqrt{2}, 0] = \boxed{[0, \sqrt{2}]} \checkmark$$