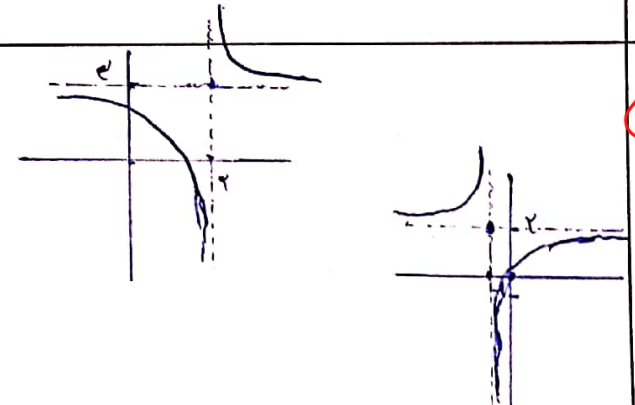


۱۷/۲۵

نام و نام خانوادگی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره کلاس	
الف) $x^3 - 2x^2 + 3x = (x-1)^2 + 1 \rightarrow x-1 = (x+1)^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{x-1} = x-1 \rightarrow x = \sqrt{x-1} + 1$ $R_f = \mathbb{R}$ ✓ ب) $x^2 - 2x = 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow (x-1)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow (x-1)^2 = \frac{1}{2} + 1$ $x-1 = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + 1} = x = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + 1} + 1 \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [0, \infty)$ ✓	۲) ۱
الف $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \quad f(-1+1) = 5$ $R_f = [5, \infty)$ ✓	۲) $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3 \quad -9+11+3 = 12$ $R_f = (-\infty, 12]$ ✓
۲ $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{4}{2} = 2 \quad f(-1-3) = -7$ $R_f = [0, \infty)$ ✓	۲ $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-6}{2} = -3 \quad 11-9 = 2$ $R_f = [0, 3]$ ✓
الف $R_f = \mathbb{R}$ ✓ فرد ≥ 3 ب $R_f = \mathbb{R}$ ✓ $\vee =$ فرد ۲ $R_f = [0, \infty)$ ✓ $\vee =$ فرد ≥ 3	۲) $R_f = [0, \infty)$ ✓ $\mathbb{R}^2 \neq \mathbb{R}^-$
الف $R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$ ✓ ب $R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\} = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$ ✓	۲) ۴ 
الف $\sqrt{10 - \frac{2}{x}} = \sqrt{10 - \frac{2}{1}} = \sqrt{8} = [2, \infty) \cup (2, \infty)$ ب $\sqrt{10 - \frac{2}{x}} = \sqrt{10 - \frac{2}{3}} = \sqrt{\frac{28}{3}} = [0, \infty)$ ۳- $\sqrt{10 - \frac{2}{x}}$	۵ باید از قبل دامنه را بدی

الف) $x = -1$ $x = 1$ و $x = 0$ هي نقاط

ب) $x = -2$ $x = 2$ و $x = 0$ هي نقاط

الف) $n > 0 \rightarrow [2, \infty)$ $n < 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$

ب) $\frac{n^6}{n^3} + \frac{1}{n^3} = n^3 + \frac{1}{n^3}$ $n^3 > 0 \Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$

ج) $\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} = \sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}$ $\sqrt{n} > 0 \Rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty)$

د) $\sqrt{n} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{n} > 0 \Rightarrow R_f = [2, \infty)$

7

(2)

الف) $n^2 + \frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{n^2}$ $n^2 > 0$ $2 + \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{2n^2 + 1}{n^2}$ $\infty + \frac{1}{n^2} = \infty$ $R_f = [\frac{2n^2 + 1}{n^2}, \infty)$

ب) ~~...~~

8

(1)

$F(n) \begin{cases} n - 3 + 3n + 2 = f_{n+1} & n \geq 2 \\ -n + 3 + 3n + 2 = f_{n+1} & n \geq 1 \\ -n + 3 - 3n - 2 = -f_{n-1} & n \leq 1 \end{cases}$

$\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} \leq \frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n} = \frac{1}{n}$ $\frac{-1}{n} + \frac{1}{n} = \frac{-1+1}{n} = \frac{0}{n}$

الف) $\begin{cases} n - 2 + 2n + 2 = 3n & n \geq 2 \\ -n + 2 + 2n + 2 = n + 4 & n \geq 1 \\ -n + 2 - 2n - 2 = -3n & n < -1 \end{cases}$

ب) $\begin{cases} 2n - 2 - n - 1 = n - 3 & n \geq 1 \\ -2n + 2 - n + 1 = -3n + 3 & n \geq -1 \\ -2n + 2 + n + 1 = -n + 3 & n < -1 \end{cases}$

$R_f = [2, \infty) + [1, 4] + [3, \infty)$

$R_f = [1, 4]$

$R_f = [-2, \infty) + [-2, 3] + [3, \infty)$

$R_f = [-2, \infty)$

$$\frac{n^p}{n^p + 1} \rightarrow \frac{n^p + 1}{\sqrt{n^p + 1}} = \frac{n^p}{\sqrt{n^p + 1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^p + 1}}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{n^p + 1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^p + 1}} \right) = f(n) \quad \begin{cases} \text{min } 1 \\ \text{max } \infty \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{n^p + 1} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^p + 1}} \right) \begin{cases} \text{min } 1 + \frac{1}{1} = 2 \\ \text{max } = \infty \end{cases} \Rightarrow \text{scribbles}$$

$$R_f = [1, 0, \infty) \quad \checkmark$$