

$$f_{(n+1)} = \frac{1}{p} \binom{n+1}{p} - 1 = \frac{1}{p} \binom{n+1}{p-1} - 1 \quad n^{\text{th}} f_{(n+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow n^{\text{th}} \left(\frac{1}{p} \binom{n+1}{p-1} - 1 \right) \geq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r}^{n-1} - 1 \geq 0 \quad \frac{1}{r}^{n-1} \geq 1 \rightarrow n-1 \leq 0 \rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$D_2, [a, 91]$ ✓

$$f(-u) = \sqrt{(-u) + |-u+1|} \quad |a| = |-a| \Rightarrow |-u+1| = |-(-u)+1| \Rightarrow |-u+1|$$

$$f(m) = \sqrt{(-m) + (u-1)} \Rightarrow -x + |u-1| \geq 0 \quad \begin{cases} u > 1 & -u + u - 1 > 0 \rightarrow -1 > 0 \quad \times \\ u \leq 1 & -u - u + 1 \geq 0 \quad -2u \geq -1 \\ & u \leq 1 \quad \checkmark \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{u-1}{f(u)} \geq 0 \quad \begin{cases} \frac{+}{+} \rightarrow (2, 3) & 1 \\ \frac{0}{-} \rightarrow \boxed{2} & 2 \\ \frac{-}{-} \rightarrow (1, 2) & 3 \end{cases}$$

$$T_{0203} = (-r, 1] \cup (r, r) \checkmark$$

$$\frac{1}{\mu^f - \nu^f - \epsilon - r} \leq \frac{1}{\epsilon^f + \tan b}$$

این درسته فقط از جا اومده؟

$$\Delta_1 = b^N - f_a c = 1 - 17.5 - 11$$

$\Delta_2 = 1 + 14 = 15$
 واصلانہ جمع چار لڑی

$$\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{2}}{1} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{2}}{1} = \frac{-a \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 4b}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{r} = -\sigma \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 12h} = \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 12h}$$

$$f(m) - f\left(\frac{r}{m}\right) \geq 0 \quad n^m + m - \left(\frac{r}{m}\right)^m + \frac{r}{m} \geq 0 \rightarrow \underline{n^m + m \geq \left(\frac{r}{m}\right)^m - \frac{r}{m}}$$

$$\frac{(n^r - r) + (n^r - r) - (n^r - 1)(n^r + 1) + n^r(n^r - r) - (n^r)(n^r + r + 1)(n^r - r - 1) + n^r(n^r - r)}{n^r} \rightarrow \frac{(n^r - r)}{n^r} \geq 0$$

$$x^{n+1} > 1 \rightarrow n(n+1) > 1 \rightarrow n = 1$$

$$x^n + x = 1 \rightarrow n(n+1) < 1 \rightarrow n = 1$$

$$x^{n+1} - 1 + x^{n+1} - 1 = (x^n - 1) + (x^n - 1) = 2(x^n - 1) \quad \text{! فقط}$$

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$$x^n - \frac{1}{2}x^n + \frac{1}{2}x^n = (x-1)^n + 1 \quad x^n + 9x^n + 12x^n = (x+1)^n - 12x^n$$

$$f(\sqrt{x+1}) = ((\sqrt{x+1}) - 1)^n + 1 = (\sqrt{x})^n + 1 = x + 1 \leq 16$$

$$2(\sqrt{x}-1) + ((\sqrt{x}-1) + 1)^n = 12x \rightarrow (\sqrt{x})^n - 12x = 12 - 12x \leq 16$$

$$\frac{2(\sqrt{x}-1)}{f(\sqrt{x+1})} = \frac{-12}{16} = -\frac{3}{4} \quad \checkmark$$

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$$x \leq u - t + t \rightarrow f(u) = \sqrt{(u-t)^2 + t^2} + t \sqrt{u-t} \quad \sqrt{u-t} = u$$

$$f(u) = \sqrt{u^2 + t^2} + t u = \sqrt{(u+t)^2} \Rightarrow u+t = \sqrt{u-t} + t$$

$$2(u) = \sqrt{(u-t)^2 + t^2} + t \sqrt{u-t} = \sqrt{u^2 - 2ut + t^2} + t \sqrt{u-t} = | \sqrt{u-t} - t |$$

$$g(u) \begin{cases} t \leq u < 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{u-t} - t \rightarrow \sqrt{u-t} + t + t - \sqrt{u-t} = t \leq a + b \sqrt{u-t} \\ u \geq 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{u-t} - t \rightarrow \sqrt{u-t} + t + \sqrt{u-t} - t = 2\sqrt{u-t} = a + b \sqrt{u-t} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{a+b}{-t}$$

$$\frac{-a}{t} = -\frac{1}{t}$$

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✓

$$x^n - t m + 1 = (x-1)(x-m) \Rightarrow f_1 \text{ و } f_2 = 0$$

$$f_1 = \frac{t+t}{t-t(x)+m} = -t \quad \frac{g_1}{f_1} = \frac{1}{-t} \quad f_0 = \frac{a+t}{a+t(x)+m} = \frac{t}{m} \quad \frac{g_0}{f_0} = \frac{t}{m}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(t, -\frac{1}{t} \right), (0, 0) \right\} \quad \checkmark$$

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- 1) $\left\{ \left(\frac{1}{t}, t \right), \left(\frac{m}{t}, 1 \right), (t, t), \left(-\frac{1}{t}, t \right) \right\} \quad \checkmark$
- 2) $\left\{ (1, t), (-1, t), (\sqrt{t}, -1), (-\sqrt{t}, -1), (t, t), (-t, t) \right\} \quad \checkmark$
- 3) $\left\{ (-t, 1), (1, t), (t, t), (-1, 1) \right\} \quad \checkmark$
- 4) $\left\{ (1, -t), (t, -1) \right\} \quad \checkmark$

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