

الف) $x \neq 0$ $\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2-2x+1-x^2}{x^2-x} \geq 0$

$\rightarrow \frac{-2x+1}{x^2-x} \geq 0$ $\frac{0}{+ \quad -} \frac{1}{- \quad +}$ $D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup [\frac{1}{2}, 1)$

ب) $x+1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -1$ $x \neq 0$ $x-1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1$ $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, -\frac{1}{2}, 1\}$
 $x+2 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -2$ $\frac{3}{x+1} + \frac{1}{x+2} \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{4x+5}{(x+2)(x+1)} \neq 0$ $x \neq -\frac{5}{4}$

$(x^2-3^2)(x^2-2^2) \geq 0$ $\frac{-2}{+ \quad -} \frac{2, \infty}{- \quad +}$

$D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, \infty, +\infty)$

ب) $x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$ $3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow 3 \geq \sqrt{x-1}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{توان ۴}} 1 \geq x-1 \Rightarrow 1^2 \geq x$ $D_f = [1, 1^2]$

$x^2-x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x+1) \geq 0$ $\frac{-1}{+ \quad -} \frac{2}{- \quad +} \rightarrow \bar{I}$

$x^2-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x+1) \geq 0$ $\frac{-1}{+ \quad -} \frac{1}{- \quad +} \rightarrow \bar{I}$

$\sqrt{x^2-1} \neq -1 \rightarrow$ معادله برقرار

$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$x = -\frac{2}{f} \rightarrow -\frac{4}{f} - 2x + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{f}$ $-x^2 - \frac{1}{f}x + 3 = 0$

$\Rightarrow -(x + \frac{1}{f})(x - \frac{3}{f}) = 0 \Rightarrow b = \frac{3}{f}$ $a+b = 1$

$\begin{cases} 3x-2 \geq x \rightarrow 2x-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \\ 2x+3 \geq x \rightarrow x+3 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -3 \rightarrow -3 \leq x < 1 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow D_g = [-3, +\infty)$

$$r(va+v) = ra - r + a \rightarrow (ra + r = ra - r \rightarrow 10a = -11 \\ \rightarrow \underline{a = -1, 1}$$

6

$$(r-\sqrt{r})(r+\sqrt{r})=1 \quad r-\sqrt{r}=b \quad r+\sqrt{r}=a$$

$$t = \sqrt{a} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \quad f(a)+f(b) = (\sqrt{a} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} + r) + (\sqrt{b} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{b}} + r)$$

7

$$\sqrt{b+b} = \sqrt{a} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} \Rightarrow r t + r \quad t^r = a + \frac{1}{a} + r \quad a + \frac{1}{a} = r + \sqrt{r} + (r - \sqrt{r}) = r \\ f^r = r + r = 4 \Rightarrow t = \sqrt{4} \quad f(a)+f(b) = r \times \sqrt{r} + r = r\sqrt{r} + r$$

8

$$\left. \begin{aligned} r f(a) - r f(-a) &= r a^r - a \\ r f(-a) - r f(a) &= r a^r + a \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow -a f(a) = r a^r + a \\ \Rightarrow \underline{f(a) = -r a^r - \frac{a}{a}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x=r} &\rightarrow f(0) = \omega m + 1 \omega \rightarrow 1 \wedge f(0) = 1 \omega m + \omega \\ \underline{x=0} &\rightarrow r f(0) = \omega m - 1 \rightarrow (o f(0) = 1 \omega m - \omega) \Rightarrow \boxed{f(0) = \frac{r \omega}{r}} \end{aligned}$$

9

$$\frac{x(rn - (r)) + r}{n} = rn - r + \frac{r}{n} = rn - 4 + \frac{r}{n} - 4$$

$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = rn - 4 + \frac{r}{n} - 4 \Rightarrow f(x) = rn - 4 \\ f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{r}{n} - 4$$

$$\underline{f(-1) = -r - 4 = -9}$$

10