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ب) $\frac{1}{x}$
کلیف

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1) $f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}}$ $\rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)^2 \geq 0$ (15)

2) $\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x - (x+1)}{x(x+1)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{x(x+1)} \geq 0$

$\frac{1}{x} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 0$ $\rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$

3) $\frac{1}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x > 0$

1) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{x}} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = 1 \rightarrow x = 1$

2) $\sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = 3$ $\rightarrow \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$ $\rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -1$

3) $\sqrt{x^2 - 4x + 4} \geq 0 \rightarrow (x-2)^2 \geq 0$ $\rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$

1) $\log \frac{a}{b} > 0$ $\rightarrow \frac{a}{b} > 1$ $\rightarrow a > b$ $\rightarrow a > 0, b > 0, b \neq 1$

2) $\log \frac{a}{b} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{a}{b} > 1$ $\rightarrow a > b$ $\rightarrow a > 0, b > 0, b \neq 1$

3) $\log \frac{a}{b} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{a}{b} > 1$ $\rightarrow a > b$ $\rightarrow a > 0, b > 0, b \neq 1$

1) $\sqrt{ax - x^2} \geq 0 \rightarrow [0, a]$ $a + b = ?$

2) $-\sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 1} \leq 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow (x-1)^2 = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$

3) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{x} - 1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1-x}{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow x < 1$

1) $f(x) = \begin{cases} x-1 & x \geq 1 \\ x+1 & x < 1 \end{cases}$

2) $g(x) = \sqrt{f(x) - x} \geq 0 \rightarrow f(x) - x \geq 0$

3) $x+1 \geq x \rightarrow 1 \geq 0$ $\rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} (a+1)(x+1) & ; x > 1 \\ \frac{1}{2}ax + \frac{1}{2} & ; x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad f(2) = f(-1) + a \quad a = ?$$

$$f(2) = \frac{f(-1)}{2} + \frac{a}{2} \rightarrow f(2) = (a+1)(2) = 2a+2$$

$$f(-1) = \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2a+2 = \frac{1}{2}a - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{a}{2} \rightarrow 2a+2 = \frac{2a-1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow 4a+4 = 2a-1 \rightarrow 2a = -5 \rightarrow a = -\frac{5}{2}$$

(2)

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} + 2 \rightarrow (\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}) + 2 + (\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}) + 2$$

$$A^2 = (\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}})(\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}}\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+\sqrt{2}}}\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} + 4$$

$$\rightarrow A = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

(2)

$$f(x) - f(-x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x) - f(-x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x \\ f(-x) - f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x \end{cases} \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + f(-x)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{5}x$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + f(x) \rightarrow f(-x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + f(x)$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + \frac{1}{2}(\frac{1}{2}x^2 - x + f(x)) \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{3}{2}x$$

(2)

$$(x+2)f(x) - xf(x+2) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - mx + \frac{1}{2}m - 1 \quad f(0) = ?$$

(2)

$$f(0) \rightarrow xf(0) = \frac{1}{2}m - 1 \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{1}{2}m - 1$$

$$f(-1) \rightarrow xf(0) = 1 + \frac{1}{2}m + \frac{1}{2}m - 1 \quad xf(0) = 1 + m + \frac{1}{2}m - 1 \rightarrow xf(0) = 1 + \frac{3}{2}m$$

$$\frac{1 + \frac{3}{2}m}{2} = \frac{1}{2}m - 1 \rightarrow 1 + \frac{3}{2}m = m - 2 \rightarrow m = -\frac{6}{1} = -6$$

$$f(0) = 1 + \frac{3}{2}m$$

(2)

$$ax+b - f(x) + f(\frac{1}{x}) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1 \quad f(-1) = ?$$

$$f(x) + f(\frac{1}{x}) = ax + b + a(\frac{1}{x}) + b = ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b$$

$$ax + \frac{a}{x} + 2b = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x^2 - ax - \frac{a}{x} + 2b - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{a}{x} = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow a = 1 \quad a = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 1 \rightarrow f(-1) = \frac{1}{2} - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}$$