

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^3+x^2-8x+3}$ $\frac{x^3+x^2-8x+3}{x^3+x^2-8x+3} = h \Rightarrow x=1 \Rightarrow h=0$
 $Df = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -3, \frac{1}{3}\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^3+9x^2+10x+3}$ $\frac{x^3+9x^2+10x+3}{x^3+9x^2+10x+3} = h \Rightarrow x=-1 \Rightarrow h=0$
 $Df = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, -3, -\frac{1}{3}\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^3-x^2+x-1}$ $\frac{x^3-x^2+x-1}{x^3-x^2+x-1} = h \Rightarrow x=1 \Rightarrow h=0$
 $Df = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{x^3-x^2+x-1}}$ $\frac{x+3}{x^3-x^2+x-1} \geq 0$
 $Df = (-\infty, -3] \cup (1, +\infty)$

$y = \frac{y}{x^2-\omega|x-1|-2x+\omega}$
 $Df = \mathbb{R} - \{0, -3, 2, \omega\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{|x+1|-|x+3|}$
 $Df = \mathbb{R} - \{-2, 3\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{|x+1|-|x+3|}$
 $Df = (-\infty, -\frac{5}{2}] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log_2(1-2^{\frac{1}{x}})$
 $Df = (0, 3)$

ب) $y = \log_2(1-2^{\frac{1}{x}})$
 $Df = (\frac{1}{2}, +\infty)$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{\log \frac{2^{n-1}}{1/2}}$$

I $\cap$ II $\cap$ III

$$Df = (1, 3]$$

$$I, 2^{n-1} > 0 \rightarrow n > \frac{1}{2}$$

$$II, \log \frac{2^{n-1}}{1/2} > 0$$

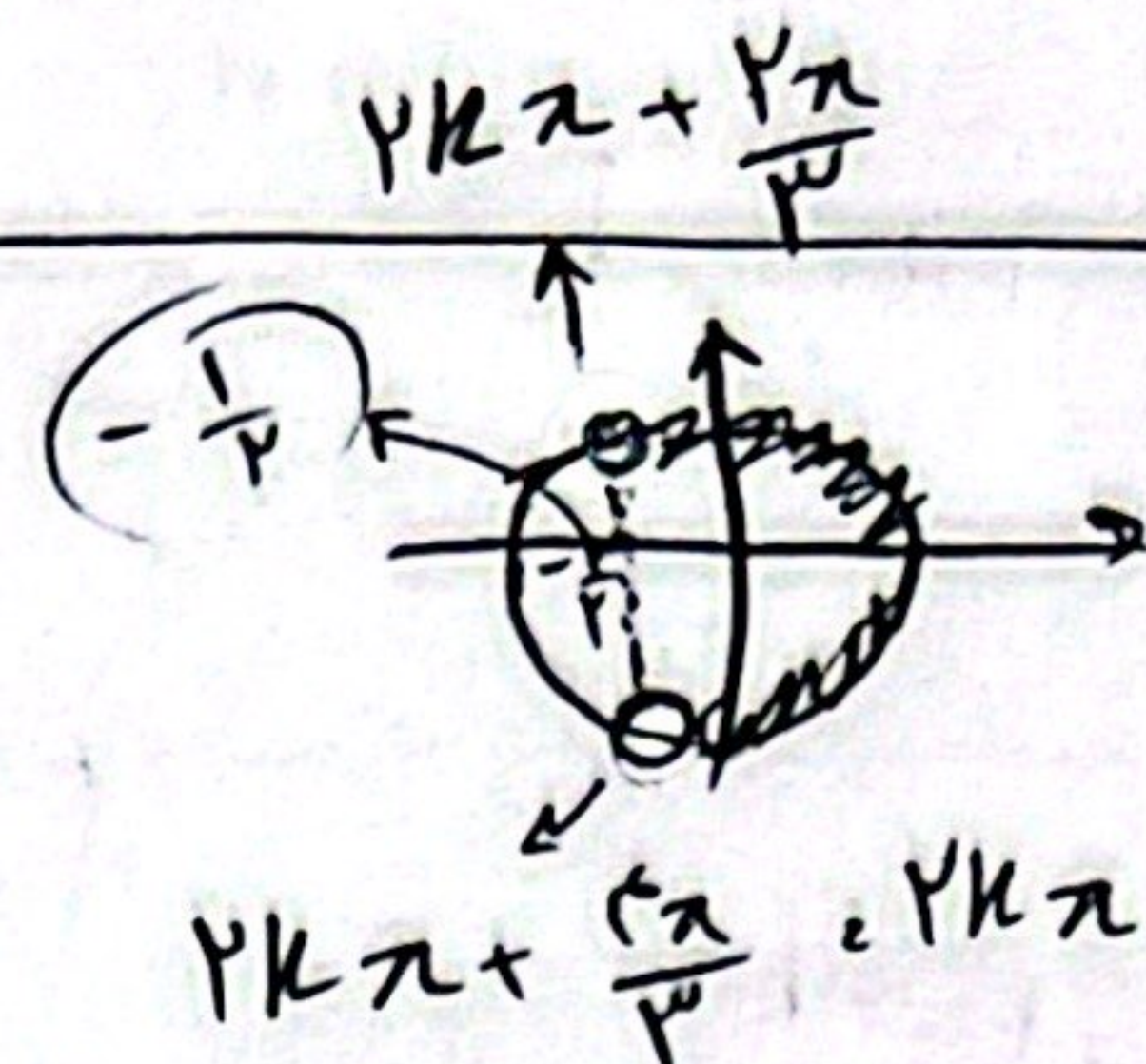
$$III, \log \frac{2^{n-1}}{1/2} \geq 1$$

$$\rightarrow 2^{n-1} > 1 \rightarrow n > 1$$

$$\log \frac{2^{n-1}}{1/2} \leq 1 \rightarrow 2^{n-1} \leq 2 \rightarrow n \leq 2$$

$$b) y = \log(2 \cos n + 1)$$

$$2 \cos n + 1 > 0 \rightarrow \cos n > -\frac{1}{2}$$



$$\rightarrow Df = (2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3})$$

$$c) \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{n+1}}$$

$$I, \frac{n-1}{n+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+1} < \frac{-1}{1-1}$$

$$II, \log \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 1 \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} - \frac{n-1}{n+1} \geq 0$$

$$\frac{-2}{n+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{1+1} < \frac{-1}{1-1}$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{(a+1)n^2 + an + b}$$

$$\rightarrow Df = (-\infty, 3]$$

$$a+1 = 0 \rightarrow a = -1$$

$$-n + b \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{b}{1} \geq n$$

$$Df = (-\infty, \frac{b}{1}] \rightarrow \frac{b}{1} \geq 3 \rightarrow b \geq 9$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n^2 + 2n + 1 - m^2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{n^2 + 2n + 1 - m^2}$$

$$\Delta \leq 0$$

$$n^2 + 2n + 1 - m^2 \leq 0$$

$$a > 0 \rightarrow 1 > 0$$

$$f - f(1 - m^2) \leq 0$$

$$f - f + f m^2 \leq 0$$

$$f m^2 \leq 0 \rightarrow m^2 \leq 1$$

$$-1 \leq m \leq 1$$

$$|m_{\max} - m_{\min}| = 1 - (-1) = 2$$

$$f(n) = \frac{\sqrt{1 - n^2}}{[x] + [-x] + 1}$$

$$I, 1 - n^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow -1 \leq n \leq 1$$

$$II, [x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0$$

$$n \in \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow [n] - [n] + 1 = 1 \checkmark$$

$$n \notin \mathbb{Z} \Rightarrow [x] - [x] - 1 + 1 = 0 \times$$

$$\Rightarrow n \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$I \cap II$$

$$n \in \{-1, -1/2, 0, 1/2, 1\} \rightarrow Df = \{-1, -1/2, 0, 1/2, 1\}$$