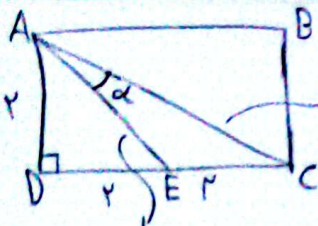
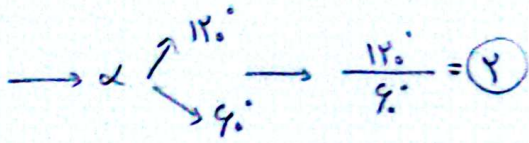


$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{3} \times \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \times \sin \alpha = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{2}{2\sqrt{3}} \times \sqrt{3} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$



$$y^2 = y^2 + f^2 = f + 1f = 2f \rightarrow y = \sqrt{2f}$$

$$S_{ADC} = \frac{y \times f}{y} = f$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{y \times y}{y} = y$$

$$\Rightarrow S_{AEC} = y \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{2f} \times \sqrt{2f} \times \sin \alpha$$

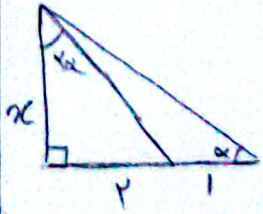
$$f/\sqrt{2} \times \sin \alpha = f \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{y}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2f}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{2\sqrt{2f}}{1} = 2\sqrt{2f}$$

$$x^2 = f + f = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{2} = x$$

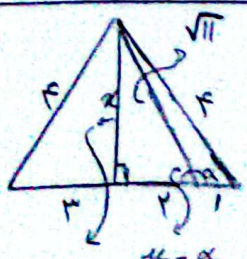
$$\rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{y}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tan 2\alpha = \frac{y \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{y}{x} = \frac{y \left( \frac{x}{y} \right)}{1 - \left( \frac{x}{y} \right)^2} \rightarrow 1 - \frac{x^2}{y} = \frac{x^2}{y}$$



$$\Rightarrow \frac{y \times y}{y} + \frac{x^2}{y} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{y \times y}{y} = 1 \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{y}{y} \rightarrow x = \frac{y}{y}$$

$$\rightarrow \boxed{\cot \alpha = y}$$



$$\tan(u - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha \rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{V}}{y}$$

$$y^2 + x^2 = f^2 \rightarrow x^2 = V \rightarrow x = \sqrt{V}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{f}{y}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{y} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{y}{y} \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1/y}{y/y} = \boxed{\frac{1}{y}}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha \times \cos^2 \alpha = (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)(1 - \sin^2 \alpha) = 1 + \sin^2 \alpha - 2\sin^2 \alpha$$

$$\rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = 1 + \cos^2 \alpha - 2\cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha - 2\cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\cos^2 \alpha + 1)^2}{\cos^2 \alpha + 1} = \cos^2 \alpha + 1 \Rightarrow \cos 2\alpha$$

$$\frac{1 + \sin^2 \alpha - 2\sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(\sin^2 \alpha + 1)^2}{\sin^2 \alpha + 1} = \sin^2 \alpha + 1$$

$\cos^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha - 1 = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{f}{r} \rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r+d} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{d} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\frac{f}{d}$$

$$\rightarrow \cot \alpha = \frac{r}{f}$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{r+d}{r} + \alpha\right) \times \cos\left(\frac{r+d}{r} - \alpha\right) - \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{r+d}{r}\right) =$$

$$\rightarrow \cos \alpha \times (-\sin \alpha) + \cot \alpha = \left(-\frac{r}{d}\right)\left(\frac{f}{d}\right) + \frac{r}{f} = \frac{-fr + r^2}{100} = \frac{r(r-f)}{100}$$

$$r \cos \frac{d}{r} + \sqrt{r}(\sin x - \cos x) = r \times \frac{1}{r} + r \times \left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{r}{r} - 1 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\sqrt{r}\left(\sqrt{r} \sin\left(x - \frac{d}{r}\right)\right) = r \sin\left(-\frac{d}{r}\right)$$

$$\frac{d}{r} - \frac{d}{r} = -\frac{d}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{r}}{1 - \frac{1}{r^2}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{r^2-1}{r^2}} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r^2}{r^2-1} = \frac{r}{r^2-1}$$

$$\rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{-1}{1}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha (1 - \cos \alpha) < 0 \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\frac{\cot \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha}}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \cos > 0$$

موجب و سالب