

$$f_n^m = a \Rightarrow m = n^a \xrightarrow{n^a} f_{n^a}^{n^a} = f_{n^{a+1}}^{n^{a+1}} \Rightarrow \frac{n^{a+1}}{n^{a+1}} = b \rightarrow \left[\frac{a}{a+1} + 1 \right] \rightarrow [b] = 1$$

مخرج بزرگتر از صورت

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الف) $f_{\frac{1}{2}}^k \rightarrow k > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x \rightarrow \oplus}{f_{\frac{1}{2}}^k} > 0 \rightarrow f_{\frac{1}{2}}^k > 0 \rightarrow \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow D = (0, 1)$

ب) $f_{\frac{1}{2}}^{k-k-2} \Rightarrow k-k-2 > 0 \rightarrow (k-2)(k+1) > 0 \rightarrow \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline - & + & + \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow k < -1, k > 2, k \geq 1 \rightarrow k \leq -1, k \geq 1$

مخرج همیشه مثبت و $\rightarrow \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline \text{---} & \text{---} & \text{---} \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

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$x=9 \rightarrow 2f_9^a + f_a^3 = 2 \rightarrow f_9^a + f_a^3 = 2 \rightarrow f_9^a + \frac{1}{f_9^a} = 2 \xrightarrow{f_9^a = t} t + \frac{1}{t} = 2 \xrightarrow{x+t} t+1 = 2+t$

$\rightarrow t-2+t+1 \rightarrow (t-1)^2 \rightarrow t=1 \rightarrow f_9^a = 1 \rightarrow a=3$

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$f_7 = f_{\frac{1}{2}}^7 \rightarrow f_{10} = f_7^2 \rightarrow 1-7^2 = -48$

$f_7^2 = f_7 - f_7^2 \Rightarrow 7^2 - 7 = 42$

$f_9 = 2f_9^3 = 18$

$f_{10} = f_7 + f_7^2 = 7^2 + 7 = 56$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 3k^2 + 11k - 11 = 0 \rightarrow |k_2 - k_1| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} \xrightarrow{\Delta = 194} 3k^2 + 11k + 11 \Rightarrow \Delta = 194 \\ \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{194}}{3} = \frac{14}{3} \end{array} \right.$

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$f_7^v \times f_7^r \xrightarrow{f_7^a \times f_7^b = f_7^c} f_7^v = 1/7 \rightarrow \frac{f_7^v}{f_7^r} = \frac{f_7^r + f_7^w}{f_7^r + f_7^v} = \frac{7+1}{7+1/7} \Rightarrow \frac{1/7}{1/9} = \frac{15}{19}$

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$$g_r^\omega \times g_r^\tau = g_r^\omega \Rightarrow r, \epsilon \rightarrow g_{1\omega}^q = \frac{g_r}{g_{1\omega}} = \frac{g_r^\tau + g_r^\epsilon}{g_r^\tau + g_r^\epsilon} = \frac{1, \gamma + 1}{1, \gamma + r, \epsilon} = \frac{r, \gamma}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \frac{r, \gamma}{\epsilon} = \left(\frac{1, \gamma}{r, \epsilon} \right)$$

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$$g_n^m \Rightarrow g_n^q + g_n^r \rightarrow \frac{r}{p} g_r^\tau + \frac{1}{p} = m \rightarrow g_r^\tau = \frac{qm - r}{p}$$

$$g_\epsilon^\tau \rightarrow g_\epsilon^\epsilon + g_\epsilon^\tau \rightarrow \frac{1}{p} g_r^\tau + 1 \rightarrow \frac{qm - r}{1, r} + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{qm + q}{1, r} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{r, m + r}{\epsilon} \right)$$

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$$\left(\frac{\omega}{r} \right)^{1 - r, \kappa} = \left(\frac{\omega}{r} \right)^{r, \kappa} \Rightarrow r, \kappa^r = 1 - r, \kappa \Rightarrow \kappa \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{r}} \checkmark \rightarrow g_m^\epsilon = \left(\frac{r}{r} \right)$$

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$$\frac{1}{p} g_r^b = \frac{r}{p} (1 + \alpha) \rightarrow g_r^b = r + r, \alpha \Rightarrow r + r, g_r^\tau \rightarrow r + g_r^q \rightarrow \frac{b}{q} = \epsilon \Rightarrow b = r, \gamma \rightarrow g_{1, \omega}^q = r$$

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$$\frac{1}{-\frac{b}{-c, \alpha}} = g^\epsilon \Rightarrow \frac{\epsilon, \alpha}{b} = g^f \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = \frac{g^f}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \frac{g_r}{r} \Rightarrow r, a = b + c \rightarrow r, \frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{b} + 1 \Rightarrow g_{r-1} = \frac{c}{b}$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = \frac{g_{r-1}}{\frac{g_r}{r}} = g_{\frac{1}{a}}^{\frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \right) g_{\frac{1}{a}}^{\frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{a} \right)^{\frac{1}{r}} \Rightarrow \sqrt[r]{a}$$

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