

$(-2, k)$ و (f, m)

$$\rightarrow m = \frac{k-m}{-2-f} = \frac{1}{f} \rightarrow k-m=3$$

$(-2, k)$ (f, m) $\rightarrow$ فاصل = $\sqrt{(k-m)^2 + (-2-f)^2} = \sqrt{9+36} = \sqrt{45}$

$\rightarrow S = (\sqrt{45})^2 = 45$

$A(-1, 4)$ $B(2, 1)$

$D(-1-x, y+3)$ $C(x, y)$

$\rightarrow y+3 = y+1$

$\rightarrow 3-1-2x = x-1$

$2x = 3 \rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow y = \frac{3}{2}-1$

$d_{AB} = \sqrt{(-1-2)^2 + (4-1)^2} = \sqrt{16+9} = \sqrt{25} = 5$

$d_{BC} = \sqrt{(\frac{3}{2})^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{\frac{9}{4}+1} = \sqrt{\frac{13}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}$

$m_{AB} = \frac{4-1}{-1-2} = \frac{3}{-3} = -1 \rightarrow m_{BC} = \frac{3}{2}$

$\rightarrow \frac{3}{2} = \frac{y-1}{\frac{3}{2}-2} \Rightarrow \frac{3}{2} = \frac{y-1}{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{-(y-1)}{\frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow -2 = y-1$

$\rightarrow y = -1$

$\rightarrow 2(d + \frac{d}{2}) = 2(\frac{10}{2}) = 10$

$\tan \theta = \sqrt{3}$

$y = \frac{-2mx+3}{m^2-1} \rightarrow M_{\text{شیب}} = \frac{-2m}{m^2-1} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{3}m^2 + 2m - \sqrt{3} = 0$

$\Delta = 4 + 12 = 16$

$\frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{16}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{-2 \pm 4}{2\sqrt{3}}$

$|\frac{-2-4}{2\sqrt{3}}| = |\frac{-6}{2\sqrt{3}}| = \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt{3}$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} > \frac{-1 \pm 2}{\sqrt{3}}$

$A(1, 9)$

$H(5, 11)$ $B(2, 3)$

$\rightarrow m_{BC} = \frac{11-3}{5-2} = \frac{8}{3} = 2 \rightarrow y = 2x-3$

$d_{AH} = \frac{|9-2+3|}{\sqrt{2^2+1^2}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} = 2\sqrt{5}$

A H C

$y = -2x+11$

$y = \frac{2x-19}{2}$

$y = \frac{2x+11}{2}$

$\begin{cases} y = -2x+11 \\ y = \frac{2x-19}{2} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow -4x+22 = 2x-19 \rightarrow 11x = 41 \rightarrow x = \frac{41}{11} \rightarrow y = 1$

$d_{BH} = \frac{|4+9-11|}{\sqrt{4^2+3^2}} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$

$\Rightarrow -4x+11 = 2x-19 \rightarrow 11x = 30 \rightarrow x = \frac{30}{11} \rightarrow y = 1$

$d_{BH} = \frac{|4+9-11|}{\sqrt{4^2+3^2}} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$

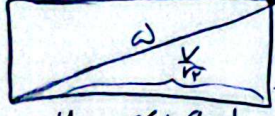
مختصات نقطه $(-\alpha, -\alpha)$

$\left\{ \begin{matrix} (-\frac{3}{4}, 0) \\ (0, -4) \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow m = \frac{4}{-\frac{3}{4}} = -\frac{16}{3} \rightarrow y = -\frac{16}{3}x - 4$

قطر $\times \sqrt{2} = \text{طول مثلث}$ $\rightarrow \frac{4}{3} \times \sqrt{2} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{2}$

نقطه برخورد مربع $(-\frac{3}{4}, 0)$ $\rightarrow \alpha = 1\alpha - 4$
 $9\alpha = 4$
 $\alpha = \frac{4}{9} = \frac{4}{9} \rightarrow (-\frac{4}{9}, -\frac{4}{9})$ طول ضلع $\rightarrow \sqrt{(-\frac{4}{9}-0)^2} = \sqrt{(-\frac{4}{9})^2} = \frac{4}{9}$

$y = x + 1 \rightarrow y = ax + 1 \rightarrow m = a$



$\rightarrow a = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow a = \pm 1$

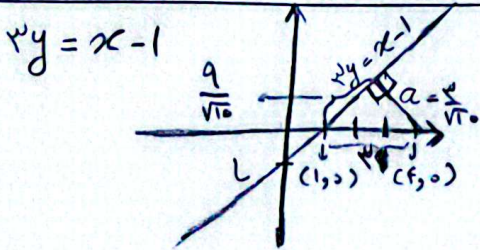
چون تنها جایی که از این معادله مدتی کنده است $a=1$ است پس $a=1$

$y = \frac{x+a-1}{a} \rightarrow m = \frac{1}{a}$

$d = \frac{|c-c'|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\hookrightarrow y = x$

طبق $2d = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + x^2 \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{49}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{V}{\sqrt{2}} = x \Rightarrow S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{V}{\sqrt{2}} = \boxed{\frac{V}{2}}$



فاصله از خط $\frac{|-1-1|}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{10}}$

طبق نیوتون $q = \frac{9}{10} + x^2 \rightarrow x^2 = \frac{11}{10} \Rightarrow x = \frac{9}{\sqrt{10}}$

$S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \times \frac{9}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{27}{20} = \frac{13d}{10} = \boxed{1,3d}$

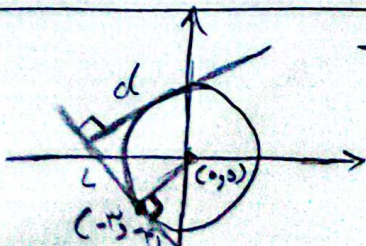
$(-\frac{1}{3}, b) (-\frac{1}{3}, a) \rightarrow m = \frac{b-a}{-\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3}} = \frac{b-a}{0} = \text{undefined} \rightarrow b-a = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$

$(-\frac{1}{3}, b) (-\frac{1}{3}, a)$



$d = \sqrt{(-\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{3})^2 + (\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{36} + \frac{3}{16}} = \sqrt{\frac{4}{36} + \frac{9}{36}} = \sqrt{\frac{13}{36}} = \frac{\sqrt{13}}{6} = \boxed{\frac{1}{3}}$

$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} \leftarrow \text{قطر}$



$\rightarrow (-3, -4) \rightarrow (0,0) \rightarrow m_{\text{شعاع}} = \frac{4}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$

$\rightarrow m_L = -\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow y = -\frac{3}{4}x + \frac{11}{4}$

$\rightarrow m_d = \frac{4}{3}x + b \Rightarrow \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{11}{3}$

$\frac{4}{3}x - \frac{11}{3} = \frac{4}{3}x + \frac{11}{3}$
 $\rightarrow -9x - 11 = 11x + 11$

$d_{\text{شعاع}} = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{25} = 5$

$\frac{|c|}{\sqrt{1+\frac{16}{9}}} = d \rightarrow c = \sqrt{\frac{9}{5}} = d \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{4}$

$xy = (-x-1) = \boxed{K} =$

$y = -1$

$\frac{1}{2}x = -1/2 \rightarrow x = -1$