

$$\max_y = -\frac{b^2 + 12}{-2} = 6 \Rightarrow \Delta = b^2 + 12 \Rightarrow b = \pm 6$$

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$$x^2 + 2x^2 + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-12}}{2} \quad \Delta < 0$$

$$(x-2)^2 - 2(x-2) - 15 = 0 \Rightarrow x-2 = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4+120}}{2}$$

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$$x^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = -1 \Rightarrow x = \pm i$$

$$x^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2$$

$$\frac{x}{x+2} = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{2x+2}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{14}{x} = x = 2x+2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1 \Rightarrow x = 1 \quad x+2 = 3 \Rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m}{x} = 3 \Rightarrow m = 12$$

$$x = 1 \quad x+2 = \beta = 3$$

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$$2x - x = \beta \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{3} = 2 = x + 2x - x = 3x - x = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2 \Rightarrow \beta = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m-1}{3} = \frac{c}{a} = 0 \Rightarrow m-1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 1$$

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$$x, \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{m^2 - 2}{-m} = 1 \Rightarrow m^2 + m - 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+8}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm 3}{2} \Rightarrow 1, -2$$

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$$\beta, \frac{r}{\beta^2} \Rightarrow \beta \times \frac{r}{\beta^2} = \frac{r}{\beta} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{\beta} = \frac{r}{1} \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{q}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{r^2 r}{1r} = m \Rightarrow m = \frac{r^2 r}{1r}$$

$$\hookrightarrow \alpha + \beta = \frac{q}{r} + \frac{r}{r}$$

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$$\alpha, r\alpha \Rightarrow \frac{-b}{a} = r = \alpha + r\alpha = r \Rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

$$\beta = r\alpha \Rightarrow \beta = r \Rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = m = r \Rightarrow m = r$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = r\alpha^2 = r$$

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$$\alpha = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4}}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha + \frac{r}{\alpha} = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4}}{2} + \frac{r}{\frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4}}{2}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{r^2 + r^2 \pm 1\sqrt{r^2 - 4} + 4}{2(r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4})} = \frac{1r}{2} \left(\frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4}}{r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 4}} \right) \Rightarrow v = \alpha + \frac{r}{\alpha}$$

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$$\left(\alpha + \frac{r}{\alpha} \right)^3 - 3 \left(\alpha \cdot \frac{r}{\alpha} \right) \left(\alpha + \frac{r}{\alpha} \right) = \alpha^3 + \frac{r^3}{\alpha^3} \Rightarrow (v)^3 - 3(r)(v) = \frac{r^3}{\alpha^3} + \alpha^3$$

$$v^3 - 3rv = \frac{r^3}{\alpha^3} + \alpha^3$$

$$\max h = \frac{-\Delta}{\epsilon u} = \frac{180}{r_0} = \frac{180}{r} = 62.5$$

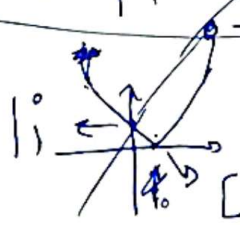
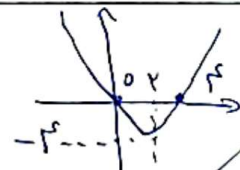
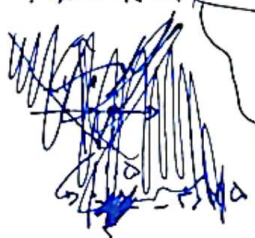
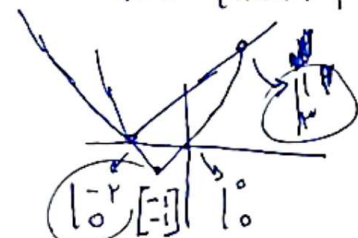
$$h(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t^2 - \Delta = 0 \Rightarrow t = \pm \sqrt{\Delta} \Rightarrow +\sqrt{\Delta}$$

بهترین ارتفاع
تبدیل
نشان به شکل ابر زین (زبان
مغناطیسی شود)

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$$n^2 - (n+1) = n+1 \Rightarrow n^2 - n = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$n^2 + n = [n+1] \Rightarrow n^2 - n - 2$$



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