

$$f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = f\left(f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\right) = f\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \sqrt{3+1} = 2$$

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$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = f\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}-1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$f\left(\sqrt{2}\right) = f\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}}\right) = \left[\frac{\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}}\right] = [-3, 4, \dots] = -4$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$f \circ g(x) : \{(4, 2), (2, 8), (4, 12), (8, 12)\}$$

$$g \circ f(x) : \emptyset \quad c) f \circ f(x) = \emptyset \quad d) g \circ g(x) : \{(4, 8), (2, 6), (4, 0)\}$$

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$$(f, g) \in f \circ g \rightarrow a = f \quad (f, g) \in g \circ f \rightarrow b = a$$

$$\rightarrow (a, b) = (f, g)$$

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$$f \circ f(x) = a(ax+b)+b = a^2x + ab+b \rightarrow b = 16^{-1}$$

$$f(x) = 2x+1$$

$$a = 2(-1) = -2$$

$$f(-1) = -1$$

$$(2 \cdot 2 + 1)$$

$$g(-1) = 2(-1) - 2 = -4$$

$$D_{g \circ f}: D_f \cap f^{-1}(D_g) \in R_g$$

$$\mathbb{R} \cap \{x \mid \sqrt{x+1} \in \mathbb{R} - \{0\}\}$$

$$\sqrt{x+1} \neq 0 \rightarrow x > -1$$

$$\sqrt{x+1} \neq \pm \infty \rightarrow x \neq 1$$

$$D_{g \circ f} = (0, +\infty) \cup \{1\}$$

$$(f+g) \circ f$$

$$A \cap B = [0, 1]$$

$$[-1, 1] \cap [0, +\infty) = [0, 1]$$

$$\sqrt{1-x^2} \in [0, 1] \rightarrow 0 \leq 1-x^2 \leq 1$$

$$-1 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$D_{f+g} = [-1, 1]$$

$$f\left(\frac{wx+1}{x-r}\right) = rx+d$$

$$\frac{rx+1}{x-r} = t \rightarrow x = \frac{t(r+1)+1}{t-r} \rightarrow f(x) = f\left(\frac{t(r+1)+1}{t-r}\right) + d = \frac{1rx-1}{r-x-r}$$

$$\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)^r = \frac{x^r + \frac{1}{x^r}}{x^r} + r \left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right)^{r-1} \cdot \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f(x) = x^r - rx$$

$$x_1, \sqrt{x_1} = 1 \rightarrow x_1 = 1 \rightarrow g \circ f(x_1) = 1$$

$$x_2, \sqrt{x_2} = \sqrt{2} \rightarrow x_2 = 2 \rightarrow g \circ f(x_2) = 2$$

$$1-1 = 0$$