

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} \quad g(x) = \{(-1,1), (0,2), (1,2), (2,0)\}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} D_f = [-1,1] \\ D_g = \{-1,0,1,2\} \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f \cap D_g = \{-1,0,1\} \rightarrow \begin{cases} D_g = \{(-1,2), (0,1), (1,0), (2,0)\} \\ R_f = \sqrt{1-x^2} \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow R_g - R_f = \{(-1,2), (0,1), (1,0)\} \rightarrow \text{مجموعه اعضاء برد (۱۱)}$$

$$f(x) = 2x - 1 \rightarrow D_f = [2, +\infty) \rightarrow R_f = [5, +\infty)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}x + 2 \rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 2] \rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, 2]$$

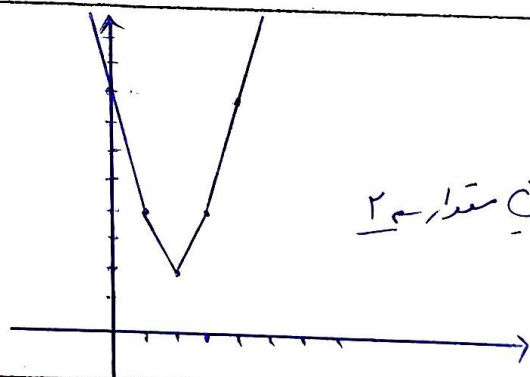
$$\rightarrow R_f \cup R_g = \mathbb{R} - (2, 5) = (-\infty, 2] \cup [5, +\infty)$$

$$-\frac{x^2}{x} + x + 2 > \frac{2}{x} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x}x^2 + x + \frac{2}{x} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-4+4-}$$

$$\rightarrow a = -1 \quad b = 2 \rightarrow \sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{3} = 2$$

$$y = |x-1| + |x-2| + |x-3|$$

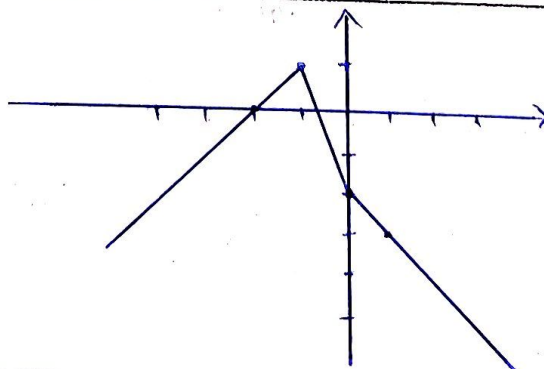
$$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & \\ \hline -x+1 & -x+2 & x-2 & x-3 \end{array}$$



کمترین مقدار ۲

$$y = |x| - 2|x+1|$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} -1 & 0 & \\ \hline x+1 & 1-x-2 & -x-1 \end{array}$$



$$R_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

$$f_{(n)} = \frac{n^r + \delta n + m}{n+1}$$

بشیرین مقدار برد خفای است که تابع درصدا باشد، صورت بر محج

$$\therefore f_{wy} = \frac{(n+1)(n+2)}{n+1}$$

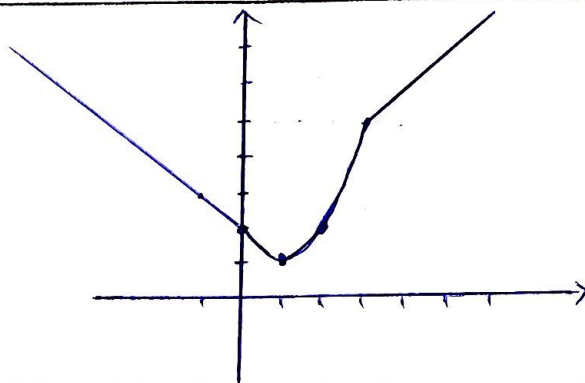
بخش پذیر باشد $m=2$ و 1 را این صورت $n=-1$ در دست تابع

$$R_f = IR - \{r\}$$

قرارنامه - در تسم نقطه ۱ - در تمام موارد

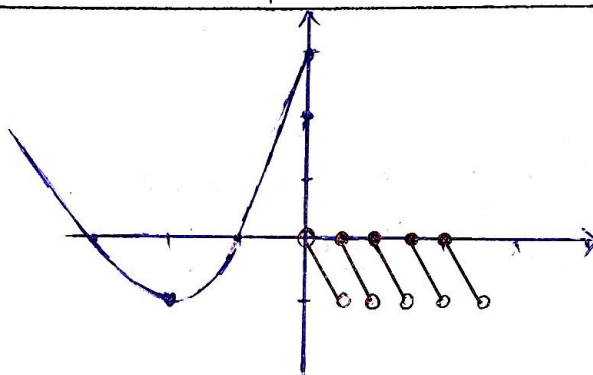
۳ به ازای $\forall \epsilon > 0$ ، $\exists \delta > 0$ ، $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ ، $\forall y \in \mathbb{R}$ ، $|x - y| < \delta$ ، $|f(x) - f(y)| < \epsilon$ باشد.

$$f_{(n)} = \begin{cases} x+r & ; x \geq r \\ x-r & ; -r \leq x < r \\ |x|+r & ; x < -r \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$f_{(n)} = \begin{cases} x^{\dagger} + \varepsilon x^{\dagger} & ; x \neq 0 \\ [x_n] - x_n & ; x = 0 \end{cases}$$



$$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$

$$y = a + 1 - \sqrt{r_n + r} \rightarrow r_n + r \geq 0 \rightarrow r_n \geq -r \rightarrow n \geq \frac{-r}{r} \rightarrow D_f = \left[\frac{-r}{r}, +\infty \right)$$

$$\rightarrow b = -\frac{r'}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, \delta] \rightarrow u = -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow a+1 = \omega \rightarrow \boxed{a=\xi}$$

$$\rightarrow ab = -4$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} \quad f(x) + g(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} = 2\sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x})^2} = 2(\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}) = 2\sqrt{x+1} + 2\sqrt{1-x}$$

$$\rightarrow g(x) = \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x} \quad \rightarrow y = \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)} - \frac{g(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{f'(x) - r g(x)}{f(x)} = \frac{4\sqrt{1-x}}{y}$$

$$= \sqrt{1-\alpha} \rightarrow R_F = [0, +\infty)$$