

الف) $x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x \pm 1 \rightarrow (x-1)^3 + 1 = y \rightarrow (x-1)^3 = y-1 \rightarrow x-1 = \sqrt[3]{y-1} \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{y-1} + 1$ -1

$R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $yx^2 - 2xy = 1 \rightarrow x(yx - 2y) \neq 0 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$ -1

الف) $y = x^2 - 2x + 1 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2}{2} = 1 \rightarrow 1 - 1 + 1 = 1 \rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$ -2

ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 3 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \rightarrow -9 + 16 + 3 = 10 \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, 10]$

ج) $\sqrt{x^2 - 5x + 3}$ $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5 \rightarrow 2.5 - 1 - 2.5 = -1 \rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty)$

د) $\sqrt{4x - x^2}$ $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \rightarrow 16 - 9 = 9 \rightarrow R_f = [0, 3]$

الف) $y = x^2 - 2x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$ -3

ب) $y = x^2 + 4x^2 + 2x + 1 \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ج) $\sqrt{x^2 - 4x^2 + 2x + 1}$ $R_f = [0, +\infty)$

د) $y = (x^2 - 2x^2 + 2x + 1)^2 \rightarrow R_f = [0, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{2}\} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$ -4

ب) $y = \frac{x+1}{x+1} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{1}\} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+5}{x+1}} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{-y+5}{y-1}} \rightarrow \frac{+5}{-5+5} = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{5}\} = 2$ -5

$R_f = \cancel{[2, 5]} (2, 5]$

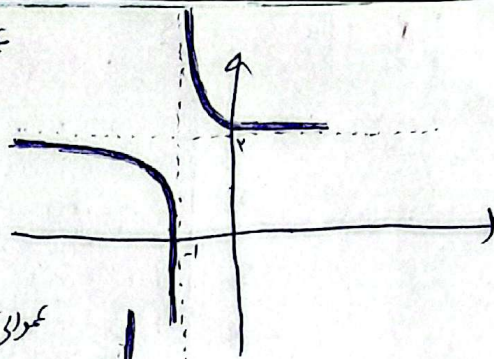
$R_f = [0, +\infty) - \{\frac{1}{5}\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{-x+2}} \rightarrow x = \sqrt{\frac{-y+1}{-y-2}} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{+5-5} = \frac{1}{5}$

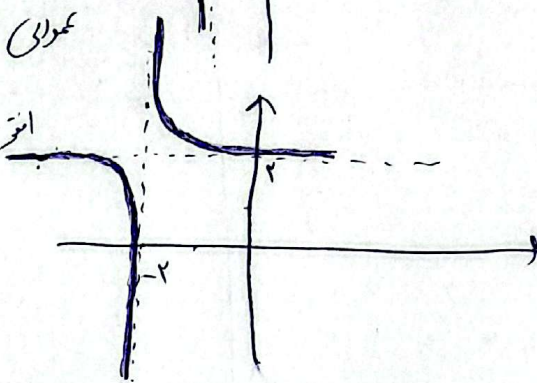
$R_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup [\frac{1}{5}, +\infty)$

$R_f = [0, +\infty) \setminus \{\frac{1}{5}\}$

$$y = \frac{2x-3}{x+1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{عمودی } x = -1 \\ \text{افقی } y = \frac{a}{c} = 2 \end{cases}$$



$$ب) y = \frac{2x-1}{x+2} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{عمودی } x = -2 \\ \text{افقی } y = \frac{a}{c} = 2 \end{cases}$$



$$y = \sin x + \frac{1}{\sin x} \rightarrow R_f = [-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

- v

$$1) \frac{x^2+1}{x^2} \rightarrow x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$2) \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow R_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

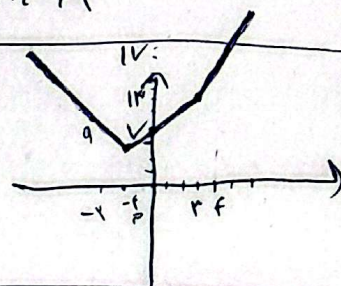
$$3) \sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow R_f = \text{[scribbled out]} [1, +\infty)$$

$$الف) x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow R_f = [\frac{1}{x^2}, +\infty)$$

- 1

$$ب) y = \frac{x^2+4}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2+4}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} \rightarrow \sqrt{x^2+4} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+4}} \rightarrow R_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{cases} x-2+\sqrt{x+4} & x > 2 \\ -x+2+\sqrt{x+4} & -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -x+2-\sqrt{x+4} & x < -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sqrt{x+4} & x > 2 \\ \sqrt{x+4} & -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -\sqrt{x+4} & x < -1 \end{cases}$$



- 9

$$\begin{cases} x-2+\sqrt{x+4} & x > 2 \\ -x+2+\sqrt{x+4} & -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -x+2-\sqrt{x+4} & x < -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sqrt{x+4} & x > 2 \\ x+4 & -1 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -\sqrt{x+4} & x < -1 \end{cases}$$

$$R_f = [2, +\infty)$$

- 10

$$y = |2x - 2| - |x + 1|$$

$\downarrow$ $\downarrow$
 -1 -1

$$\begin{cases} 2x - 2 - x - 1 & x > 1 \\ -2x + 2 - x - 1 & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ -2x + 2 + x + 1 & x < -1 \end{cases}$$

→

$$\begin{cases} x - 2 & x > 1 \\ -3x + 1 & -1 \leq x \leq 1 \\ -x + 3 & x < -1 \end{cases}$$

↘
-2

$$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$$