

۱۹, ۲۵

نام و نام خانوادگی: _____ پاسخنانه تشریحی تکلیف شماره: _____ کلاس: _____

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x-2} - 1 \rightarrow f(x+1) = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x-1} - 1 \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{x^3 f(x+1)} = \sqrt{x^3 \left(\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x-1} - 1\right)}$$

$$\rightarrow x^3 \left(\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{x-1} - 1\right) > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} x \\ -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -1 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \rightarrow x \in [0, 1] \checkmark$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+|x+2|} \rightarrow f(-x) = \sqrt{-x+|2-x|} \Rightarrow -x+|2-x| > 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} 2 & \\ \hline 2-2x & -2 \end{array}$$

$$x > 2 \rightarrow y = -2 \Rightarrow -2 > 0 \quad x \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$x < 2 \rightarrow y = 2-2x \Rightarrow 2-2x > 0 \rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1] \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cup \textcircled{2} \rightarrow x \in (-\infty, 1] \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{f(x)}} \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{f(x)} > 0$$

$$x-1=0 \rightarrow x=1$$

$$f(x)=0 \rightarrow x = -5, -4, 2, 3$$

این نازکی او مدیه

$$\begin{array}{c|cccccc} x & -5 & -4 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ \hline & - & + & - & + & - \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow x \in (-4, 1) \cup (2, 3) \cup \{1\}$$

با جدول درست حضور دامنه رو
استنباط نوشتی

$$D = (-4, 1] \cup (2, 3)$$

$$9x^2 - \sqrt{x^2 - 4x - 3} = 9x^2 - 4x^2 + 1 - x^2 - 4x - 3 = (3x^2 - 1)^2 - (x+2)^2$$

$$= (3x^2 + x + 1)(3x^2 - x - 3) \Rightarrow 3x^2 + ax + b = 3x^2 - x - 3$$

$$\hookrightarrow a < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(-4)} = 2 \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(x) - f\left(\frac{4}{x}\right)} = \sqrt{x^3 + x - \frac{4x}{x^3} - \frac{4}{x}} \rightarrow x^3 + x - \frac{4x}{x^3} - \frac{4}{x} > 0$$

$$x^3 + x - \frac{4x}{x^3} - \frac{4}{x} = 0 \rightarrow x^3 + x - \frac{4x}{x^3} + \frac{4}{x} \rightarrow 4x = x^4, x = x^2 \rightarrow x = \pm 2$$

$$\begin{array}{c|ccc} x & -2 & 0 & 2 \\ \hline & - & + & - \end{array}$$

$$x \in [-2, 0) \cup [2, +\infty) \checkmark$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x^3 + x = 2 \rightarrow x^3 + x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1 \\ \frac{-x^3 + x - 2}{0} \mid \frac{x-1}{x^3 + x + 2} \end{array} \right\} f(2) + f(1) = 2(1)^2 - 1 + 2(2)^2 - 1 = 8$$

$$x^3 + x = 10 \rightarrow x^3 + x - 10 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$\frac{-x^3 + x - 10}{0} \mid \frac{x-2}{x^3 + 2x + 10}$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 + 12x = (x+2)^3 + 8 \quad \checkmark$$

$$g(x) = x^3 + 9x^2 + 27x = (x+3)^3 - 27 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt{2}-2)}{f(\sqrt{2}+2)} = \frac{-20}{10} = -2 \quad \text{من نه سر در نمی آوردم!}$$

راه حل ها همه درست جوابا غلط!

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x-4} \sqrt{x+4} = \sqrt{x-4} \cdot \sqrt{x-4} + 4 = \sqrt{(2-\sqrt{x-4})^2} = |2 - \sqrt{x-4}|$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+4} \sqrt{x-4} = \sqrt{x-4} + 4 \sqrt{x-4} + 4 = \sqrt{(2+\sqrt{x-4})^2} = |2 + \sqrt{x-4}| = 2 + \sqrt{x-4}$$

$$x > 4 \rightarrow f(x) + g(x) = 4 + 0 \sqrt{x-4} \Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{4+0}{-4} = -1$$

$$x > 4 \rightarrow f(x) + g(x) = 0 + 2\sqrt{x-4} \Rightarrow \frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{0+2}{-4} = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{g}{f}(x) = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{1}{-4}\right), \left(\frac{1}{2}, 1\right), \left(\frac{3}{2}, 1\right), \left(0, \frac{4}{-4}\right) \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{g}{f}(x) = \left\{ \left(2, -\frac{1}{4}\right), (0, 4) \right\}$$

$$g(2) = 1 \quad g(0) = 4$$

$$f(2) = -4 \quad f(0) = \frac{2}{-4}$$

$$f(1) = 0$$

$$f(3) = 0$$

$$\text{الف) } f(2x) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2}, 2\right), \left(\frac{3}{2}, -1\right), (2, 2), \left(-\frac{1}{2}, 4\right) \right\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ب) } f(x^2) = \left\{ (1, 2), (\sqrt{3}, -1), (-2, 2), (-1, 2), (\sqrt{3}, -1), (2, 2) \right\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ج) } 2g'(x) + 1 = \left\{ (-2, 1), (1, 3), (3, 9), (-1, 1) \right\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{د) } \frac{2f}{g} = \left\{ (1, -4), (3, -1) \right\} \quad \checkmark$$