


$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}} \rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{c \alpha}{| \sin \alpha |} \Rightarrow | \sin \alpha | = \sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$$

(۲)

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{| \cos \alpha |} \rightarrow \frac{1}{| \cos \alpha |} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{c \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{c \alpha} \Rightarrow | c \alpha | = \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

$\alpha \rightarrow ?$ $\Rightarrow \begin{cases} c \alpha > 0 \\ \sin \alpha > 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow$  \rightarrow ربع اول

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{5\pi}{4} \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{5\pi}{4}$$


$$\sin \alpha = \frac{m-1}{f} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{m-1}{f}$$

m مجموعی تعداد = ؟ $\rightarrow -\frac{1}{f} < \frac{m-1}{f} < 1 \rightarrow -2 < m-1 < f$

$\Rightarrow -1 < m < f$ ✓

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$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = -3 \rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} + \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = -3 \rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = -3 \rightarrow 1 = -3 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

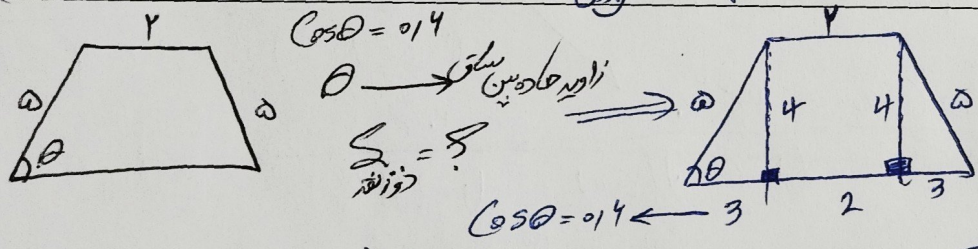
$\pi < \alpha < 2\pi \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} < \alpha < \pi$  $\Rightarrow \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha < 0$ $\sin \alpha \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{3}$

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$$\frac{1}{\sin^3 \alpha + \cos^3 \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{1}{(\sin + \cos)(\sin^2 + \cos^2 - \sin \cos)} = \frac{1}{(\sin + \cos)(1 - \frac{1}{3})} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{3}(\sin + \cos)}$$

$(\sin + \cos)^2 = \sin^2 + \cos^2 + 2 \sin \cos = 1 - \frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$ $\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}}$ $\frac{1}{-\frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = -\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4}$ ✓

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(۲)

$$\sum \text{زونده} = \frac{(\text{مجموع دوکدام}) \cdot h}{2} = \frac{(y+1) \times 4}{2} = \frac{4y}{2} = 2y = 20$$

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$$\tan(18\alpha) \tan(-14\alpha) - \sin(109\alpha) \cos(2\alpha) = k \cos 1\alpha \Rightarrow \alpha = 1\alpha$$

$k = 5 \rightarrow \tan(18\alpha + \alpha) \tan(-(110 - \alpha)) - \sin(109\alpha + \alpha) \cos(2\alpha - \alpha)$

$$= \frac{(-\cot \alpha)(\tan \alpha)}{-1} - \frac{(\sin \alpha)(-\sin \alpha)}{-\sin^2 \alpha} = -\cos^2 \alpha$$

$\rightarrow -\cos^2 \alpha = k \cos^2 \alpha \Rightarrow k = -1$ ✓

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$$A = \sqrt{y} \cos(210^\circ) \sin(2\sqrt{y}) - \sqrt{y} \sin(135^\circ) \cos(12\sqrt{y})$$

$$\frac{A}{\cos(2\sqrt{y})} = ? \rightarrow \begin{cases} \cos 210^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y} \\ \sin 135^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{y} \end{cases} \rightarrow A = \sqrt{y} \cdot \left(-\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}\right) \cdot \sin(2\sqrt{y}) - \sqrt{y} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}\right) \cdot \cos(12\sqrt{y})$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin 2\sqrt{y} = \sin(180^\circ + 4\sqrt{y}) \\ \cos 12\sqrt{y} = -\cos 4\sqrt{y} \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} \text{Diagram 1: Circle with angle } 180^\circ + 4\sqrt{y} \\ \text{Diagram 2: Circle with angle } 4\sqrt{y} \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin 2\sqrt{y} = -\sin 4\sqrt{y} = -\cos 4\sqrt{y} \\ \cos 12\sqrt{y} = -\cos 4\sqrt{y} \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{A}{\cos 4\sqrt{y}} = \frac{-\frac{y}{y} (-\cos 4\sqrt{y}) - \frac{\sqrt{y} \cdot \sqrt{y}}{y} (-\cos 4\sqrt{y})}{\cos 4\sqrt{y}} = \frac{y \cos 4\sqrt{y}}{\cos 4\sqrt{y}} = y$$

$$f(x) = 14 \cos^2(x) \cos^2(4x) \cos^2(12x) \cos^2(24x)$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{24}\right) = ? \rightarrow f\left(\frac{\pi}{24}\right) = 14 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{24}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{12}\right)$$

$$= 14 \left(\frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{12}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{y}{14} (1 + \frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}) = \frac{4 + 3\sqrt{3}}{14}$$

$$x \rightarrow \text{طرفين ضرب} \Rightarrow 1 - \sin x = x + x \sin x \Rightarrow \sin x = -\frac{x}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} = x \rightarrow \sin 2x = \frac{2 \tan x}{1 + \tan^2 x} \rightarrow \sin x = \frac{2 \tan \frac{x}{2}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{x}{2}} \rightarrow \tan \frac{x}{2} = m \rightarrow -\frac{x}{2} = \frac{2m}{1+m^2}$$

$$\tan \frac{x}{2} = \dots \Rightarrow y + ym^2 = -10m \rightarrow ym^2 + 10m + y = 0 \rightarrow (ym+1)(m+y) = 0$$

$m = -\frac{1}{y}$
 $m = -y$

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = k \cot \frac{\theta}{2} \rightarrow \theta = 40^\circ \rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 + 1 - \cos^2}{(1 - \cos)(\sin)} = \frac{\sin^2 + \sin^2}{(1 - \cos)(\sin)}$$

$$k = ? \rightarrow \frac{\sin 40^\circ}{1 - \cos 40^\circ} + \frac{1 + \cos 40^\circ}{\sin 40^\circ} = \frac{2 \sin^2 20^\circ}{(1 - \cos 40^\circ)(\sin 40^\circ)} = \frac{2 \cdot \frac{y}{y}}{\left(1 - \frac{1}{y}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}\right)} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{y} - 1}$$

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}, \cos 40^\circ = \frac{1}{y} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y} \times y}{\sqrt{y} \times y} = \frac{y\sqrt{y}}{y^2} = k \cot\left(\frac{20^\circ}{2}\right) \rightarrow k = y$$

$$x \rightarrow y \rightarrow \begin{cases} C(\alpha \pm \beta) = C\alpha C\beta \mp \sin \alpha \sin \beta \\ C\left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha\right) = C\frac{11\pi}{6} C\alpha - \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} \sin \alpha \end{cases}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha\right) = ? \Rightarrow \cos \frac{11\pi}{6} = -\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y}$$

$$\left(-\frac{\sqrt{y}}{y} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{9A}}{10}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{y}}{10} \cdot \frac{y}{y}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{y}}{10} \\ \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{9A}}{10} \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{194}}{y_0} - \frac{y}{y_0} = \frac{1y - y}{y_0} = \frac{1y}{y_0} = 0.14$$