

$$\frac{r \log_n^a + \log_n^r}{\log_n^a + \log_n^r} = \frac{ra+1}{a+1} = 1 + \frac{a}{a+1} \xrightarrow{a>0} 1 < \frac{a}{a+1} < r$$

$[b] = 1$

$$q = \sqrt{\frac{n}{\log_{\frac{1}{r}} n}}$$

$n > 0$ ($\log n$)
 $n \neq 1$ ($\log_{\frac{1}{r}} n \neq 0$)

$$q = \frac{\log_e (n^r - n - r)}{\sqrt{n^r - 1} + 1} \quad \begin{matrix} n^r - 1 \geq 0 & n \geq 1 & n \leq -1 \\ n^r - n - r > 0 & (n-r)(n+1) > 0 \\ n > r & n < -1 \end{matrix}$$

$D_f = (0, 1)$

$$r \log_{\frac{r}{r}}^a + \log_{\frac{r}{r}}^r = r$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_{\frac{r}{r}}^a + \log_{\frac{r}{r}}^r = r$$

$t + \frac{1}{t} - r = 0 \xrightarrow{atr} t = 1$
 $\log_{\frac{r}{r}}^a = 1 \quad \boxed{a = r}$

$$(\log_2^8 - \log_2^8) n^r + r \log_2^r n - \log_2^8 - \log_2^r = 0$$

$\cdot \frac{1}{r} n^r \quad + \cdot \frac{1}{r} n \quad - 1, 1$

$$r n^r + n - 11 = 0$$

$$\Delta n = \frac{\sqrt{144}}{r} = \left(\frac{12}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\log_2 10}{\log_2 15} = \frac{\log_2 2 + \log_2^r}{\log_2 2 + \log_2^r} \Rightarrow \frac{r \log_2 r}{r \log_2 r} = \left(\frac{18}{19} \right)$$

$$\frac{\log_2^v}{\log_2^r} = r, 1 \rightarrow \log_2 v = r, 1 \log_2 r \quad \frac{\log_2^r}{\log_2^8} = 0, 2 \quad \log_2^8 = r \log_2 r$$

$$\frac{l.g r}{l.g 10} = \frac{l.g r + \frac{0}{\frac{1}{\lambda}} l.g r}{l.g c + \frac{\frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r}{\frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r}{\frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r} = 0.48$$

$$\frac{l.g d}{l.g r} = 10 \rightarrow l.g d = 10 l.g r$$

$$\frac{l.g r}{l.g r} = 14 \rightarrow l.g r = \frac{10}{14} l.g r$$

$$l.g \frac{1}{\lambda} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r + \frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r = \frac{1}{\lambda} l.g r + \frac{1}{\lambda} = m \Rightarrow \frac{l.g r}{\lambda} = \frac{r m - 1}{r}$$

$$l.g \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\epsilon} l.g r + \frac{1}{\epsilon} l.g r = 1 + \frac{r m - 1}{\epsilon} = \frac{r m + r}{\epsilon}$$

$$(0, \epsilon)^{r m - 1} = \left(\frac{r}{\delta}\right)^{-r m} \rightarrow -r m = r m - 1 \Rightarrow r m + r m - 1 = 0$$

$m \rightarrow -1 \times \rightarrow$ تعريف مني $\log$ niels
 $\frac{1}{r} \checkmark$

$$l.g \frac{1}{\lambda} \rightarrow l.g \frac{r}{\lambda} = \left(\frac{r}{\lambda}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{r} l.g b = \frac{r}{r} (1 + a) \Rightarrow l.g b = r + r a$$

$$l.g \frac{r}{r} = a \rightarrow r^a = r$$

$$\rightarrow r^{r + r a} = b \quad r^r \times (r^a)^r = b$$

$$e \times 4 = b \Rightarrow b = 4$$

$$l.g \frac{(r \times e^4) - 1}{1} = l.g \frac{1}{1} = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{a + b} = \frac{+ e a}{b} = l.g e = r l.g r \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{r}{l.g r}$$

$$b + c = r a \quad c = r a - b \rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = \frac{r a - b}{a} = r - \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}\right)^{\frac{r}{a}} = r^{-\frac{1}{\lambda} \left(\frac{r}{a}\right)} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\lambda} \left(r - \frac{r}{l.g r}\right) = -\frac{1}{\epsilon} + \frac{1}{\epsilon l.g r} = \frac{1 - l.g r}{\epsilon l.g r}$$

$$\frac{1 - l.g r}{\epsilon l.g r}$$

$$\frac{r}{l.g r}$$