

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} A(4, -4) \\ B(2, 1) \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow m = \frac{1 - (-4)}{2 - 4} = \frac{14}{-2} = -7 \rightarrow m = -7$$

$$\text{وسط نقطه} = \left(\frac{4+2}{2}, \frac{1+(-4)}{2} \right) = (3, -1.5)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{معادله} = y = \frac{1}{7}x + b \rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{7}(2) + b \rightarrow b = \frac{5}{7} \Rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$\text{معادله: } 7y - x - 5 = 0$$

$$|BC| = \sqrt{(-1 - (-4))^2 + (2 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

$$m = \frac{3 - 2}{-4 + 1} = \frac{1}{-3} = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$v = -\frac{1}{3}(-2) + b \rightarrow b = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 3y + x - 2 = 0$$

$$|CH| = \frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|4(3) + 3(1) - 8|}{\sqrt{9 + 14}} = \frac{10}{5} = 2$$

$$\rightarrow 8 - 2 = 6$$

$$\begin{cases} 4y = ax + 2 \\ x^2(y = x + 7) \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{|c - c'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|14 - 2|}{\sqrt{14 + 4}} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{2} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\rightarrow 4y = 2x + 14 \Rightarrow a = 2, c = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 2\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow S = \pi r^2 = \pi (2\sqrt{2})^2 = 8\pi \approx 25.13$$

$$M \text{ نقطه: } \left(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{3+1}{2} \right) = (3, 2)$$

$$m_{B,A} = \frac{3-1}{2-4} = \frac{2}{-2} = -1 \rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = -x + 5$$

$$m_{C,H} = \text{عکس و متضاد} m_{A,B} = 1 \rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = x - 2$$

$$\rightarrow \text{حل برخورد معادله} = x - 2 = -x + 5 \rightarrow 2x = 7 \rightarrow x = 3.5 \Rightarrow y = 1.5 \Rightarrow H(3.5, 1.5)$$

$$\Rightarrow |MH| = \sqrt{(3.5 - 3)^2 + (1.5 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{(\frac{1}{2})^2 + (-\frac{1}{2})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$m_1 \cdot m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m_1 = -\frac{(3m-2)}{8-m} = \frac{3m-2}{m-8} \\ m_2 = -\frac{(m+1)}{-(2m-4)} = \frac{m+1}{2m-4} \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{3m-2}{m-8} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{m+1}{2m-4} \right) = -1 \rightarrow \frac{3m-2}{m-8} = -\frac{(2m-4)}{(m+1)} \Rightarrow 8m^2 - 13m + 18 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow \text{معمول} \Rightarrow \text{بازای هیچ مقدری از m خط عمود بر خط نمی گزرد}$$

$$AC, AB \text{ تقاطع} \rightarrow A \text{ نقطه} \Rightarrow -\frac{x}{1} + \frac{y}{1} = 2x - 1 \rightarrow 2,5x = 2,8 \rightarrow x = 1, y = 1$$

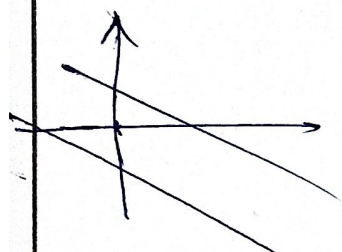
$$BC, AB \text{ " } \rightarrow B \text{ " } \Rightarrow -\frac{x}{1} + \frac{y}{1} = -x + 2 \rightarrow \frac{x}{1} = 2,8 \rightarrow x = 0, y = 1$$

$$BC, AC \text{ " } \rightarrow C \text{ " } \Rightarrow -x + 2 = 2x - 1 \rightarrow 3x = 3 \rightarrow x = 1, y = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{ارتفاع} = \frac{|1+1-2|}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$M \text{ نقطه} = \left(\frac{0+1}{2}, \frac{1+\frac{1}{3}}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{2}{3} \right) \Rightarrow |AM| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}-1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{2}{3}-1\right)^2} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{6}$$

$$\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{6}$$



$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x + b \xrightarrow{\text{فرم کلی}} 2y - x - 2b = 0$$

$$\text{فاصله} = \frac{|ax_0 + by_0 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\text{مبدأ: } (0,0) \Rightarrow \frac{|0 - 0 - 2b|}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{|2b|}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow |2b| = 2 \Rightarrow |b| = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2b = 1 \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{2} \\ 2b = -1 \rightarrow b = -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x \pm \frac{1}{2} = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 1$$

$$x = 0 \rightarrow y = \pm \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\text{فاصله} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$y + mx = n + 2 \rightarrow y = (1-m)x + 2$$

$$my - 4x = 2m \rightarrow y = \frac{4}{m}x + 2$$

چون گفته باشه محور x ها محور از دو خط موازی آن بری
محور y ها است و ضلع مستقیم آن فاصله بین ۲ ریشه است

* از طرفی چون عرض از مبدأ هر ۲ معادله خط برابر با ۲ است پس این ۲ معادله خط همگرا در نقطه (۰، ۲) قطع می کنند و ارتفاع آن روی محور y ها قرار دارد و اندازه آن برابر ۲ است $\leftarrow$ اندازه فاصله $\frac{2}{1} = 2$

$$(1-m)x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 = \frac{-2}{1-m}$$

$$\frac{4}{m}x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow x_2 = \frac{-2m}{4}$$

$$\frac{-2m}{4} - \left(\frac{-2}{1-m} \right) = \frac{2}{1} \rightarrow \frac{-2m}{4} + \frac{2}{1-m} = 2$$

$$2m^2 - 8m - 2 = 0 \rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = -1$$

$$\text{در این معادله صحت می کند} \rightarrow (0, -2) = \text{نقطه برخورد}$$

$$\Rightarrow (2, -2) \text{ و } (0, -2) \rightarrow 2(2, -2) - (0, -2) = (4, -1)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{شیب خط قرینه تفسیری نمی کند} \Rightarrow y = 2x + b \xrightarrow{(4, -1)} -1 = 2(4) + b \rightarrow b = -9$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = 2x - 9$$

$$A(1, 2) \xrightarrow{m=-1} y = -x + b \rightarrow 2 = -1 + b \rightarrow b = 3 \Rightarrow y = -x + 3$$

$$y = x + 8 \Rightarrow -x + 3 = x + 8 \Rightarrow -2x = 5 \rightarrow x = -\frac{5}{2}, y = \frac{11}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow A' = 2H - A \rightarrow A' = 2\left(-\frac{5}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right) - (1, 2) = (-5, 11) - (1, 2) = (-6, 9)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b - a = 2(9) - (-6) = 24$$