

$$S(a-1) m^p + m + m^w$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m}{\rho_a} r^2 \Rightarrow \frac{m}{\rho_a} r^2 = h \Rightarrow \frac{h}{\rho_a} = \frac{1}{\rho_a - 1} r^2 \Rightarrow -1 = f_a - f_r \Rightarrow f_a = r \Rightarrow a = \frac{r}{h}$$

$$g = \left(\frac{r}{f} - 1\right) n^r + n^{r+1} \Rightarrow g = \frac{1}{f} n^r + n^{r+1} \Rightarrow g = n^r - f n^{r-1} \quad g = (n-f)(n^{r-1})$$

$f(n) = m n^r - 2n + m$

n	m_1	m_2
$f(n)$	-	+

① $m < n \Rightarrow$ چون n درجه اول است

$\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - f_0 c > 0 \Rightarrow (a - f_m r)_c$ $r_0 > f_m r \Rightarrow \frac{r_0}{r} > f_m$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{a}{r} < m < \frac{a}{r}$

$$m_1 = \frac{r_1 \sqrt{g}}{r}$$

$$S = \frac{m\sqrt{v_0}}{m} + \frac{m\sqrt{v_0}}{m} = \frac{2m\sqrt{v_0}}{m}$$

$$p = \frac{(r_2 \cdot \sqrt{u})}{r} \cdot \frac{(r_1 \cdot \sqrt{u})}{r} = \frac{r_1 r_2}{r^2} =$$

$$a^r - sa_{+p} \Rightarrow a^r - ra_{+f} \times r$$

سوال ۴۰.

جواب «صنعی آخر»

جواب درستی آخری

$$s(r, q) s\left(\frac{h}{k}\right) a(n-h)^r + k$$

$$a(n-1)^r + q = ax^r + f_a + f_{a,b} + q$$

$$= a_n^r - f_a n + q + f_a$$

$$q + fa = 0 \Rightarrow a = -1 \Rightarrow \text{مطلوب} \quad -x^2 + fx + a$$

$(-1, 2)$ در بازه

بانی مسجد اہل سنت

ما ترجمہ بہ جدول تصنیف و حالات

$n^2 + n - 6$
 $(n-1)(n+6)$
 ① ②

$$\alpha m^2 - v m + q B = 0 \quad \alpha = -v \quad \text{سے کی فیکٹورائزیشن}$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{B} = ? \quad B = \frac{v}{v} \quad \frac{1}{-v} + \frac{1}{\frac{v}{v}} = -\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{v}{v} \right)$$

$$\alpha + B = -\frac{b}{a} = \frac{v}{\alpha} = \alpha + B \Rightarrow v = \alpha^2 + \alpha B \Rightarrow v = q + \alpha B \Rightarrow \alpha B = -v$$

$$\alpha \times B = \frac{qB}{\alpha} \Rightarrow \alpha^2 B = qB \Rightarrow \alpha^2 = q$$

جن B مثبت حالت سے منہ کرنا

$$\alpha^2 = q \Rightarrow \alpha = (-v)$$

$$-v \times B = -v \Rightarrow B = \frac{v}{v}$$

پہلے سے B کا

$$\alpha^2 + m \alpha - v m = 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - m B = 1$$

$$\text{جمع کرنے سے } -m = -m \Rightarrow -m = (-v) \Rightarrow \text{A}$$

$$\frac{-b}{a} = -m = \alpha + B$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = -v m = \alpha B$$

$$\alpha^2 - m(B) = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 + (\alpha + B)B = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 + B^2 + \alpha B = 1$$

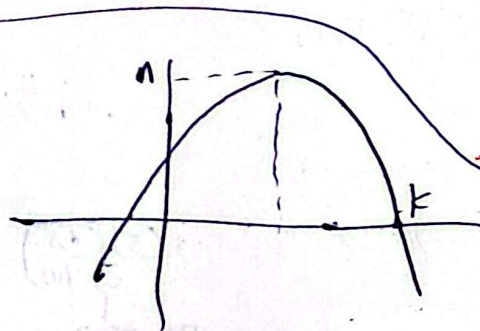
$$(\alpha + B)^2 - \alpha B = 1$$

$$= m^2 + v m = 1 \Rightarrow (m + v)(m - v) = 0$$

$$m = -v$$

$$\text{① } m = v$$

$$m = v$$



$$\alpha^2 + m \alpha - v m = 0$$

Δ > 0

$$m^2 + 4vm > 0$$

$$m(m + 4v) > 0$$

$$m < -4v \text{ or } m > 0$$

$$\text{① } m > 0$$

$$f(\alpha) = m \alpha^2 + f \alpha + \frac{m}{v} + v$$

$$m < 0$$

$$\Delta_{ext} = \frac{-b}{c} = \frac{-f}{vm}$$

$$\Delta_{ext} = m \frac{1}{fm} + \frac{-f}{vm} + \frac{m}{v} + v = \frac{1}{f} = \frac{1}{m} + \frac{m}{v} + v$$

$$\frac{f}{m} + \frac{m}{v} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{m^2}{vm} = 1 \Rightarrow m^2 = vm$$

$$\text{جو } m = f$$

$$(m^2 - vm + 1)$$

$$\text{جو } m = -v$$

$$(m - f)(m + v) = 0$$

$$\text{② } m < -4v$$

$$\alpha^2 + f \alpha - 1$$

$$(a - v)(a + f)$$

$$a = v$$

$$a = -f$$

$$\text{③ } a = -1$$

$$a = v$$

$$k = v$$

الف

$$a(m + 1) = 1$$

$$v < 0$$

$$v < 0$$

$$v < 0$$

$$-9$$

$$S\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) S\left(\frac{h}{r}\right) a(n-h)^r + k \quad a(n-r)^r + k = a a_1^r + f a - f a a_1 \quad \text{و } g(1) a = f a + f$$

$$\text{نقطه } \left(\frac{0}{r}\right) \text{ و } g(1) = -\frac{1}{r} a_1^r + r a + f \quad \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{B} = \frac{a+B}{a \times B} = \frac{S}{P} = \frac{f}{-1} \quad \left(-\frac{1}{r}\right) \quad f a + f = f$$

$$S = f \quad P = -1 \quad f a = -r \quad a = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$a_1^r (f a + f) a + (r a_1^r + f a + r) = 0$$

$$r g(1) = f - 1 a - 1 + r a_1^r + f a + r = 0$$

$$r a_1^r - r a - 1 = 0 \quad a + b + c = 0 \quad \begin{cases} a(1) \\ a r = \frac{c}{a} = -\frac{1}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{if } a = -\frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow a_1^r - \frac{1}{r} a + \frac{r}{r} = 0 \quad S = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4(-\frac{1}{r})(1)}}{2(-\frac{1}{r})}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r} \quad \Rightarrow a_1 = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$r a_1^r + B^r - r(a_1^r + B^r) + a_1^r - B^r \Rightarrow B > a \quad (a_1^r - 1 a + m + r) \quad \text{سوال 1}$$

$$a_1^r + B^r - S^r - r p \quad \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 4(1 - 1m + 19) = 18 - 4m$$

$$S = f \quad r(1 - m - 1) + (a - B)(a + B) = r(1 - m - 1) + \frac{-\sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \times f = r(1 - m) - f \sqrt{12 - 4m} = 12$$

$$P = \frac{m+r}{r} \quad m = f \Rightarrow \frac{m}{r} = f \quad r(1 - m) - f \sqrt{12 - 4m} = 12$$

$$m^r - 1m + 19 = 0 \quad 19 - 4m = f \sqrt{12 - 4m} \quad 19 - 4m = 4 + m^2 - 16m$$

$$(m - f)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow m = f$$

سوال 1