

جواب

(20)

سؤال 9

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} & n \leq 1 \\ \frac{1}{n^2} & n > 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$1 - \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{2}, \cos \frac{n\pi}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$1 - \cos \geq 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{(1-\cos)^2} = 1 - \cos = 1$$

(5)

لو كذا؟

$$\rightarrow \log\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = f\left(g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)\right) = g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = r \cos\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = r \cdot \left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{1}{r^2}} = \frac{1}{r}$$

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$$\rightarrow \log(r) = g(r) = \frac{r}{1-r} = \frac{1}{1-r} = \frac{r(1+r)}{1-r} = -(r+r^2)$$

$$f(1-r-r^2) = \left[\frac{1}{1-r-r^2} \right] = \left[\frac{1}{1-r-r^2} \right] = -2 \quad \log(r) = -2$$

$$f(x) = \sin x$$

$$g_{\cos} = \sqrt{1-x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{1-\frac{1}{r^2}} = \frac{1}{r} \sqrt{\frac{r^2-1}{r^2}} = \frac{1}{r} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{r^2-1}}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r^2-1}}{r^2} = \frac{1}{r}$$

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$$\log \sin x \rightarrow g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} = \sin \theta \quad g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \log \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\log = \left\{ (1,0), (1,0), (1,0), (1,0) \right\}$$

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$$\rightarrow g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = \frac{1}{r}$$

Übung 1

2) Pol

$$\varepsilon \xrightarrow{L(n)} \omega \xrightarrow{P(n)} \gamma$$

$$\text{Pol} = \emptyset$$

$$-\varepsilon$$

$$\gamma \xrightarrow{\nu} \omega \rightarrow \alpha$$

$$\wedge \xrightarrow{\sim} 1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \alpha$$

$$1 \xrightarrow{\sim} 1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \alpha$$

3) Gag

$$\varepsilon \xrightarrow{g(n)} \gamma \xrightarrow{g(n)} \wedge$$

$$\text{Gag} = \{(\varepsilon, 1), (1, \gamma), (\gamma, 1)\}$$

$$\gamma \xrightarrow{\sim} \varepsilon \xrightarrow{\sim} \gamma$$

$$\gamma \xrightarrow{\sim} \wedge \xrightarrow{\sim} 1$$

$$\wedge \xrightarrow{\sim} 1$$

$$f = \{(\varepsilon, 1), (1, \gamma), (\gamma, 1), (1, \gamma)\}$$

$$-\omega$$

$$g = \{(1, \gamma), (\gamma, 1), (\varepsilon, 1), (1, \gamma)\}$$

$$\text{tag} \Rightarrow 1 \xrightarrow{g(n)} \gamma \xrightarrow{f(n)} 1$$

(5)

$$\gamma \xrightarrow{\sim} 1 \rightarrow 1$$

$$a \xrightarrow{\sim} \gamma \xrightarrow{\sim} \gamma \xrightarrow{\sim} \gamma \rightarrow (\varepsilon, 1) \rightarrow a \in \varepsilon$$

$$b \xrightarrow{\sim} 1 \xrightarrow{\sim} \gamma$$

$$g(f(n)) \stackrel{\sim}{\rightarrow} 1 \rightarrow f(g(n)) \stackrel{\sim}{\rightarrow} a \in b$$

$$a \in \varepsilon, b \in a = (\varepsilon, 1)$$

$$\text{tag} f(n) \rightarrow a \rightarrow (a, n+1) \rightarrow b \Rightarrow \text{tag} a, n+1, b, \varepsilon a \rightarrow$$

$$-4$$

$$f(n) = -n - 1 \text{ or } f(n) = n+1$$

$$n = -1 \rightarrow f(-1) = -1$$

$$g(n+1) = n+1$$

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$$g(-1) = -1 \rightarrow (n - n + 1) \rightarrow$$

$$g(n+1)$$

$$n = -2 \rightarrow g(-1) = -1$$

$$g(f(-1)) = -1$$

جواب

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow 0 \leq x+1 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \rightarrow D_f = [-1, +\infty) \quad -v$$

$$g_n(x) = \frac{1}{n^2 - 8n} \rightarrow n(n-8) \geq 0 \rightarrow n \geq 8 \rightarrow D_g = \{n \geq 8\} \quad (5)$$

في $\Sigma_{n=0}^{\infty}$ $f(x) = a \cdot x$ $g_n(x) = a \cdot x$ $g_n(x) \in D_g$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x} \leq 1 \rightarrow x \leq 1 \quad D_g = (0, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$(f \circ g)(x) = \sqrt{a + \sqrt{1-x}} \rightarrow \sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1-x} \quad -v$$

$$\sqrt{1-x} + |x| \rightarrow 1-x \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq x \rightarrow -1 \leq x \leq 1 \quad (5)$$

$$D(f \circ g) = [-1, 1] \quad 0 \leq \sqrt{1-x} \leq 1 \rightarrow x \geq 0$$

$$D_g, x \geq 0 \cap D_f, -1 \leq x \leq 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq x \leq 1$$

$$u) f\left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right), x \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \quad -9$$

$$n(t-1) \leq t-1$$

$$f_n(x) = 2\left(\frac{t-1}{t-1}\right) + 2 \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{t-1} \leq \frac{t-1}{t-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{t-1} \leq \frac{t-1}{t-1} \quad (5)$$

$$\rightarrow f\left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right), \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{n+1}{n-1}\right) \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1} \rightarrow \frac{n+1}{n-1}$$

$$g(x) = 0$$

$$u) 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq 1 \rightarrow 1 \leq 1$$

$$g(x) = 0$$

$$f(x) = a \cdot x \rightarrow a \cdot x \rightarrow a \cdot x \rightarrow a \cdot x$$

(5)

$$(x e_m^1, \dots, x e_m^1) \xrightarrow{x e_m^1} x e_m^1 = f(e) \rightarrow f(m), n e_m^1$$

$$g(1) = 0$$

$$M_1 = 1 \text{ - to } \text{اضافہ ہوا}$$

$$g(1) = 0$$

ہو گیا

$$f(m) = n e_m^1 \rightarrow n e_m^1 \rightarrow n e_m^1$$

$$n e_m^1 \rightarrow n e_m^1$$

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