

یازدهم فصل

تکالیف

بسیار ساده و تری

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$$

①

$$g(x) = \{(-1, 1), (0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1)\}$$

$$fg - f^2 = ?$$

$$fg = \{(-1, 1), (0, 1), (1, 0), (1, 1)\}$$

برای نوشتن اعضای $f^2(x)$ لازم است تابع f را بنویسیم و g را بنویسیم

$$f^2 = \{(-1, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0)\}$$

$$fg - f^2 = \{(-1, 1), (0, 1), (1, 1)\}$$

$$f(x) = 2x - 1$$

$$\rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = \infty \rightarrow R_f = [\infty, +\infty)$$

$$D_f = [1, +\infty)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x} + 1 \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow y = 1 \rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, 1]$$

$$D_g = (-\infty, 1]$$

$$R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, 1] \cup [\infty, +\infty)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{x^2} + x + 1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x^2} + x + 1 > \frac{1}{x}$$

②

$$-\frac{1}{x^2} + x + 1 > 0$$

-1	1
+	-

$$\rightarrow (a, b) \rightarrow (-1, 1)$$

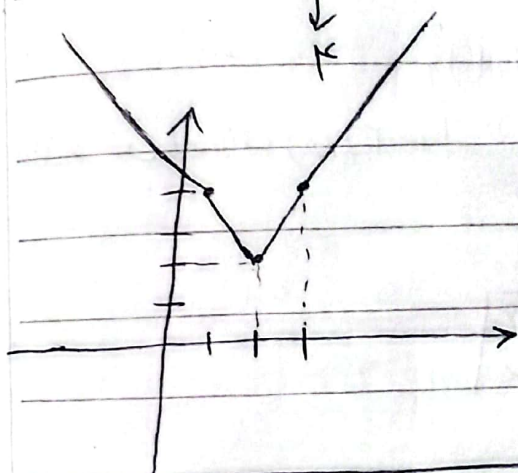
$$-x^2 + 1x + 1 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 - 1x - 1 < 0$$

$$(x-1)(x+1) < 0$$

$$\sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{r - (-1)} = \underline{r}$$

$$y = |x-1| + |x-r| + |rx-r| \quad (E)$$

$x < 1$	$1 < x < r$	$r < x < r$	$x > r$
$1-x+r-x+r-rx-r$	$x-1+r-x+r-rx-r$	$x-1+r-x+r-rx-r$	$x-1+x-r+rx-r$
$-rx+1$	$-rx+r$	$rx-r$	$rx-1$
$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
r	r	r	r

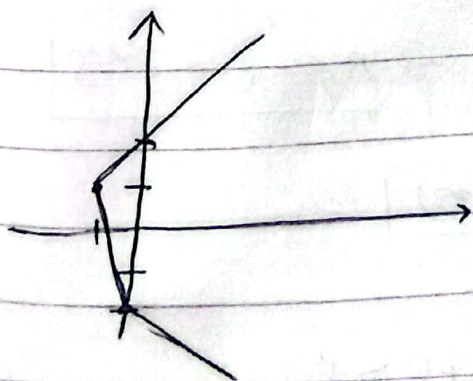


$$R_f = [r, +\infty)$$

$$y_{\min} = r$$

$$y = |x| - r|x+1| \quad (D)$$

$x < -1$	$-1 < x < 0$	$x > 0$
$-x+r(x+1)$	$-x-r(x+1)$	$x-r(x+1)$
$x+r$	$-rx-r$	$-x-r$
$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
-1	-1	-1



$$R_f = \mathbb{R}$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 + \Delta x + m}{x+1} \rightarrow xy + y = x^2 + \Delta x + m \quad (4)$$

$$x^2 + (\Delta - y)x + m - y = 0$$

$$\Delta < 0 \rightarrow (\Delta - y)^2 - 4(m - y) < 0$$

$$y^2 - 4y + \Delta^2 - 4m + 4y < 0$$

$$y^2 - 4(-4m + \Delta) < 0 \leftarrow \Delta < 0 \leftarrow y^2 - 4y + \Delta^2 - 4m < 0$$

$$16m - 4\Delta < 0 \rightarrow m < \Delta \rightarrow m = 1, 2, 3 \rightarrow \boxed{\text{substitue}}$$

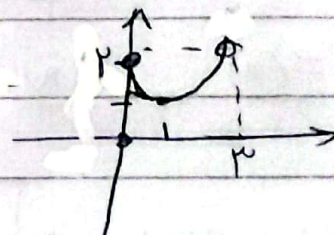
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2 & x \geq 2 \\ x^2 - 4m + 2 & 1 \leq x < 2 \\ |x|+2 & x < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow R_{f_1} = [\Delta, +\infty) \quad (V)$$

$$\rightarrow R_{f_2} = [1, \Delta)$$

$$R_{f_3} = (2, +\infty)$$

$$\begin{cases} x_S = \frac{-b}{2a} = 1 \\ y_S = 1 - 2 + 2 = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x=2 \rightarrow y=\Delta \\ x=0 \rightarrow y=2 \end{cases}$$



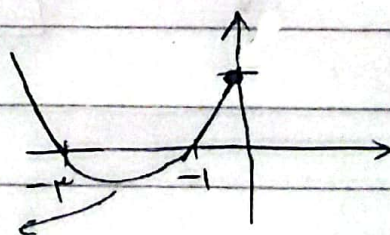
$$R_f = R_{f_1} \cup R_{f_2} \cup R_{f_3} = \boxed{[1, +\infty)}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x + 2 & x \leq 0 \\ [4m] - 2x & x > 0 \end{cases} \quad (A)$$

$$R_{f_2} = (-1, 0)$$

$$x_S = -1$$

$$y_S = -1 \rightarrow R_{f_1} = [-1, +\infty)$$



$$R_f = R_{f_1} \cup R_{f_2} = (-1, 0) \cup [-1, +\infty) = \boxed{[-1, +\infty)}$$

$$y = a+1 - \sqrt{kn+k}$$

$$D_f = [b, +\infty)$$

(4)

$$R_f = (-\infty, a]$$

$$kn+k \geq 0 \rightarrow kn \geq -k \rightarrow n \geq \frac{-k}{f} \rightarrow \boxed{b = \frac{-k}{f}}$$

$$n = \frac{-k}{f} \rightarrow y = a \rightarrow y = a+1 \rightarrow \boxed{a = k}$$

$$ab = \left(\frac{-k}{f}\right)(k) = \boxed{-4}$$

$$D_f = D_g, f(x)g(x) = \sqrt{k + \sqrt{1-x}} \text{ و } f(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} \quad (10)$$

$$y = \frac{f(x)}{g} - \frac{g(x)}{k} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{g} - \frac{\sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x}}{k} =$$

$$f(x) + g(x) = \sqrt{k + \sqrt{1-x}}^2 = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} - (\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}) = \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x} - \sqrt{x+1} + \sqrt{1-x}}{k} = \sqrt{1-x}$$

$$y = \sqrt{1-x} \rightarrow \boxed{R_f = [0, +\infty)}$$