

4- $yx + y = x^2 + \omega x + m \quad x^2 + (\omega - y)x + m - y = 0$

$\Delta = (\omega - y)^2 - 4(m - y) = y^2 - 4y + 2\omega - 4m + 4y = y^2 - 4y + 2\omega - 4m$

$y^2 - 4y + 2\omega - 4m \geq 0 \Rightarrow 3y - 4(2\omega - 4m) \leq 0 \quad x = \frac{y - \omega \pm \sqrt{y^2 - 4y + 2\omega - 4m}}{1}$

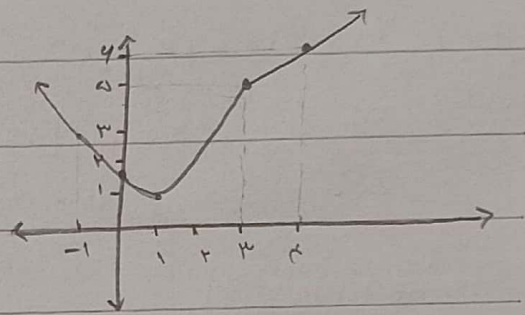
$3y - 12\omega + 16m \leq 0$

$m = 1, 2, 3 \Rightarrow \{1, 2, 3\}$ $12m \leq 48 \quad m \leq 4$ آثار زیر را در مثال همراه + $R \leq$

7- $f(x) = \begin{cases} x+2; & x \geq 3 \quad (1) \\ x^2-2x+2; & 0 \leq x < 3 \quad (2) \\ |x|+2; & x < 0 \quad (3) \end{cases}$

(1) $\frac{u}{y} \mid \frac{v}{\omega} \mid \frac{t}{\gamma}$ (2) $\frac{u}{y} \mid \frac{v}{\omega} \mid \frac{t}{\gamma}$ $\frac{u}{y} \mid \frac{v}{\omega} \mid \frac{t}{\gamma}$

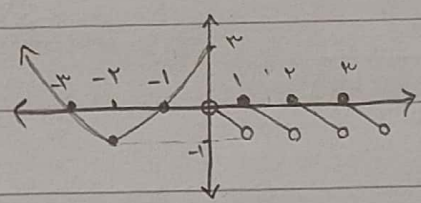
ext $\begin{cases} -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{2}{1} \\ -\frac{\Delta}{4a} = 1 \end{cases}$



$R_f = [1, +\infty)$

$x^2 + 3x + 2 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-3}{2} = -1.5 \quad y_{ext} = -1$

$(x+2)(x+1)$
 $\text{با } x = -3, -1$
 $R_f = (-1, 0] \cup [-1, +\infty) \Rightarrow [-1, +\infty)$



9- $y \text{ حداکثر} \rightarrow x = \frac{-3}{2} \quad 2x+3 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow b = \frac{-3}{2}$

$\rightarrow a + 1 - \sqrt{2(-\frac{3}{2}) + 3} = 0 \quad ab = 4(-\frac{3}{2}) = -6/a + 1 \Rightarrow a = 6$

$x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \quad x \in [-1, 1]$
 $x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$

$f(1) = 2\sqrt{2}, f(-1) = 2\sqrt{2}, f(0) = 4$

$f(1) + g(1) = 3\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-(1)^2}} \Rightarrow g(1) = 3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$

$f(-1) + g(-1) = 3\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-(-1)^2}} \Rightarrow g(-1) = 3\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{2}$

$g(1) = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = 0$

$g(-1) = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$

$R_f = [0, \sqrt{2}]$



مسئله ۱

۲۰

تکلیف ۸

مسئله صفر یا از عدم دفعه

۱- $f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2}$ $g(x) = \{(-1, 1), (0, 4), (2, 0), (1, 2)\}$

مجموع اعدادی بردار

$D_g \cap f = \{-1, 0, 1\}$

$2g = \{(-1, 2), (0, 8), (2, 0), (1, 4)\}$ $3f = \{(-1, 3), (0, 12), (2, 0), (1, 6)\}$

$2g - 3f = \{(-1, 2), (0, 8), (1, 4)\}$

$2g - 3f = \{(-1, 2), (0, 8), (1, 4)\}$

۲

$f(x) = 2x - 1 \rightarrow D_f = [3, +\infty) \rightarrow R_f = [-\infty, +\infty)$

$g(x) = \frac{1}{x}x + 3 \rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 3] \rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, 4]$

$R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, 4] \cup [3, +\infty)$

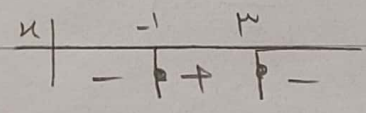
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$-x^2 + 2x + 4 > 3$

$-x^2 + 2x + 3 > 0$

$x^2 - 2x - 3 < 0$

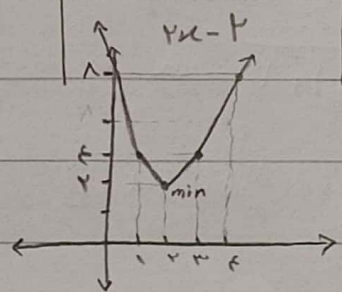


$\sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{3-(-1)} = 2$

$(x-3)(x+1) < 0 \rightarrow (-1, 3)$

۱	۲	۳	۴
$-x+1, -x+3, -2x+4$ $-5x+8$	$x-1, -x+3, -2x+4$ $-2x+7$	$x-1, -x+3, -2x+4$ $-5x+8$	$x-1, -x+3, -2x+4$ $-5x+8$

x	0	1	2	3	4
y	1	4	2	4	1



min = 2

-1	0
$-x+2x+2$ $x+2$	$-x-2x-2$ $-3x-2$
$x-2x-2$ $-x-2$	

$R_f = (-\infty, 1]$

۲

x	-2	-1	0	1
y	0	1	2	3

