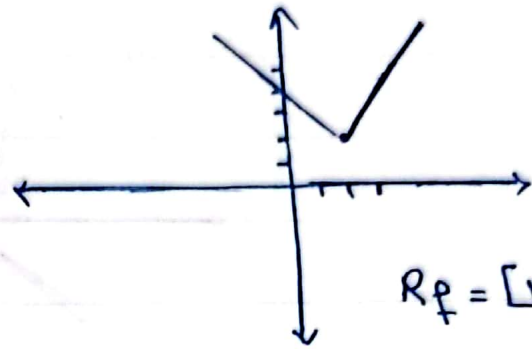


۱۸,۷۵

نرانه طهریان - تکلیف شماری ۷ - یازدهم دفتر ۷

الف) $y = x + |2x - 4|$

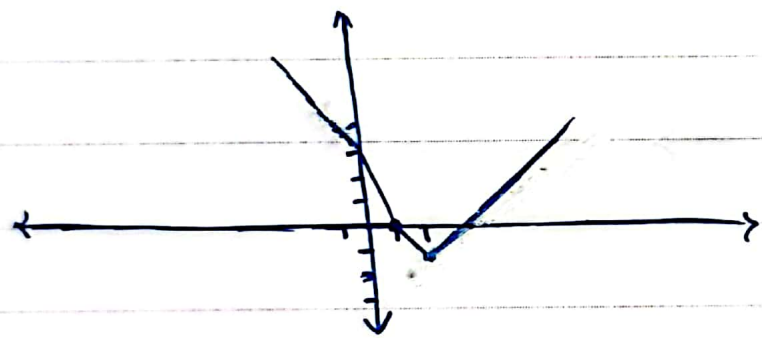
$2 - 2x + k$	$x + 2x - k$
$= -x + k$	$= 3x - k$



۱- ۵

ب) $y = |x - 2| + |x - 1| - |x|$

$-x + 2 - x + 1 + x$	$-x + 2 - x$	$-x + 2 + x - 1$	$x - 2 + x - 1 - x$
$= -x + 3$	$= -x + 3$	$= -x + 1$	$= x - 3$



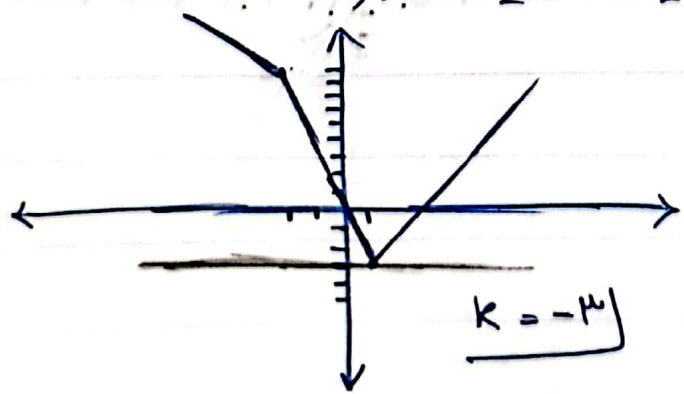
$R_f = [-1, +\infty)$

$y = |3x - 3| - |x + 2|$

$-3x + 3 + x$	$-3x + 3 - x$	$3x - 3 - x - 2$
$+ 2$	$-2 =$	$= 2x - 5$
$= -2x + 5$	$-4x + 1$	

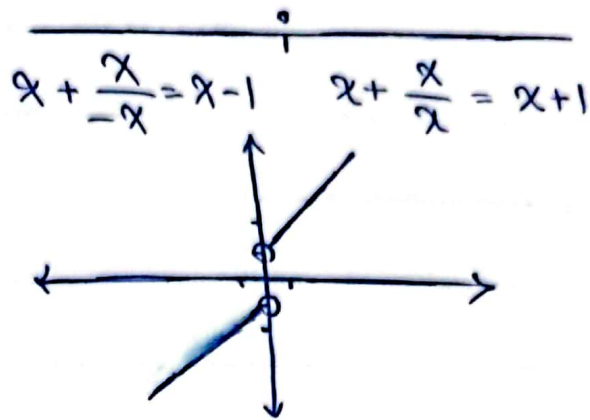
۲- ۵

برای آنکه معادله فقط یک ریشه داشته باشد باید فقط در یک نقطه برابر با ۰ باشد :



الف) $y = x + \frac{x}{|x|}$

$x \neq 0$



-10

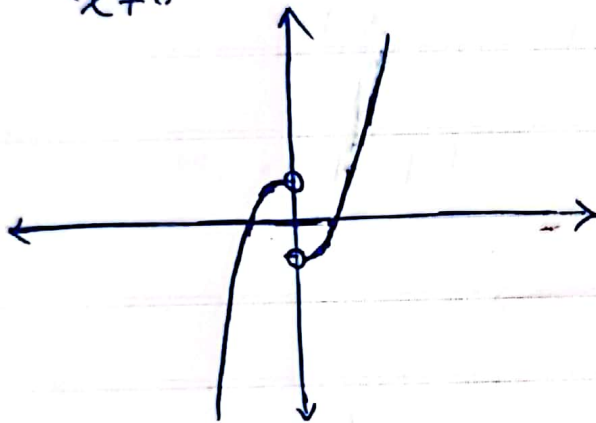
5

ب) $y = x|x| - \frac{x}{|x|}$

$x \neq 0$

$$-x^2 - \frac{x}{-x} \quad x^2 - \frac{x}{x} = x^2 - 1$$

$$= -x^2 + 1$$



الف) $y = [x] - 2x$

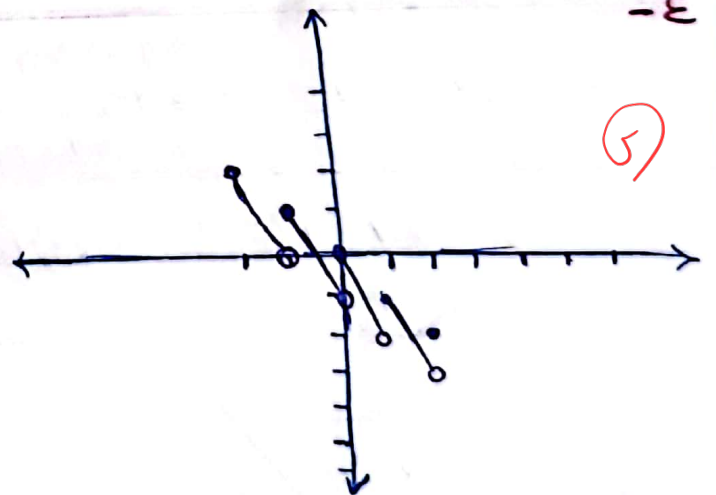
$x = 2 \rightarrow 2 - \varepsilon = -2$

$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow 1 - 2x$

$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow 0 - 2x = -2x$

$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow -1 - 2x$

$-2 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow -2 - 2x$



-E

5

ب) $y = [x]|x|$

$x = 2 \rightarrow 2$

$0 \leq x < 1 \rightarrow 0$

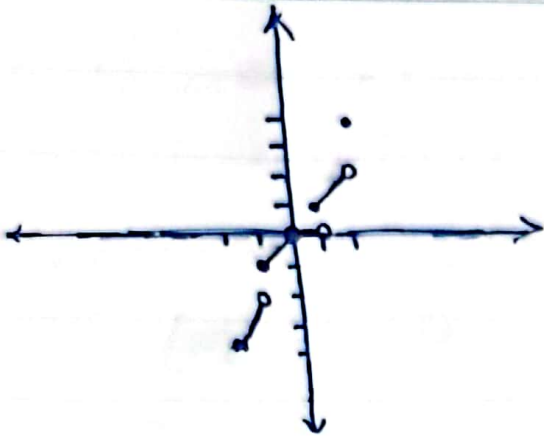
$-2 \leq x < -1 \rightarrow (-2)x(-x)$

$1 \leq x < 2 \rightarrow x$

$-1 \leq x < 0 \rightarrow -1 \times (-x) = x$

$= 2x$

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الف) $y = x - [x] \leadsto R_f = [0, 1)$

$0 \leq x - [x] < 1$

ب) $y = \varepsilon x - \kappa [x] = \kappa (x - [x])$

$0 \leq x - [x] < 1$

$x \rightarrow \kappa \Rightarrow 0 \leq \varepsilon x - \kappa [x] < \kappa$

$R_f = [0, \kappa)$

(5)

2) $y = x - \omega \left[\frac{x}{\omega} \right] = \omega \left(\frac{x}{\omega} - \left[\frac{x}{\omega} \right] \right)$

$0 \leq \frac{x}{\omega} - \left[\frac{x}{\omega} \right] < 1 \xrightarrow{\times \omega} 0 \leq x - \omega \left[\frac{x}{\omega} \right] < \omega \quad R_f = [0, \omega)$

3) $y = [x] - x = -(x - [x])$

$0 \leq x - [x] < 1 \xrightarrow{\times -1} -1 < [x] - x \leq 0 \quad R_f = (-1, 0]$

الف) $y = w \sin x + r \cos x \rightarrow -\sqrt{w^2 + r^2} \leq w \sin x + r \cos x \leq \sqrt{w^2 + r^2}$

$\Rightarrow -\sqrt{1w^2 + 1r^2} \leq w \sin x + r \cos x \leq \sqrt{1w^2 + 1r^2} \quad R_f = [-\sqrt{1w^2 + 1r^2}, \sqrt{1w^2 + 1r^2}]$

ب) $y = \kappa \sin x - w \cos x \rightarrow -\sqrt{\kappa^2 + (-w)^2} \leq \kappa \sin x - w \cos x \leq \sqrt{\kappa^2 + (-w)^2}$

$\Rightarrow -\sqrt{\kappa^2 + w^2} \leq \kappa \sin x - w \cos x \leq \sqrt{\kappa^2 + w^2}$

(1, 10)

$R_f = [-\omega, \omega]$

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$$ج) y = [r \sin x + \omega \cos x] \rightarrow -\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \leq r \sin x + \omega \cos x \leq \sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}$$

$$\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \Rightarrow -\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \leq r \sin x + \omega \cos x \leq \sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} \Rightarrow$$

$$-4 \leq [r \sin x + \omega \cos x] \leq \omega \quad R_f = [-4, \omega]$$

$$r\omega < r^2 < \omega^2 \Rightarrow \omega < \sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2} < 4 \quad \hookrightarrow \{-4, -\omega, \dots, \omega\}$$

$$د) y = \sqrt{\cos x - r \sin x} \leadsto -\sqrt{1 + (-r)^2} \leq \cos x - r \sin x \leq \sqrt{1 + (-r)^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + (-r)^2} \Rightarrow -\sqrt{\omega} \leq \cos x - r \sin x \leq \sqrt{\omega} \Rightarrow 0 \leq \sqrt{\cos x - r \sin x} \leq \sqrt{\omega}$$

$$R_f = [0, \sqrt{\omega}]$$

$$الف) y = 8 \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 2$$

$$\sin x = -1 \rightarrow 1 - 3 + 2 = 0 \quad R_f = [0, 4]$$

$$\sin x = 1 \rightarrow 1 + 3 + 2 = 6$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-b}{a} = -\frac{3}{8} \rightarrow 9 - 9 + 2 = 2$$

$$ب) y = r \sin^2 x + 3 \sin x + 2$$

$$\sin x = -1 \rightarrow r - 3 + 2 = 1$$

$$R_f = [\frac{r}{2}, 4]$$

$$\sin x = 1 \rightarrow r + 3 + 2 = 5$$

$$\sin x = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{-3}{r} \rightarrow r \times \frac{9}{r} - \frac{9}{r} + 2 = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$الف) y = 8 \sin^2 x + k \cos^2 x = 8 \sin^2 x + k(1 - \sin^2 x) = -\Delta$$

$$8 \sin^2 x - k \sin^2 x + \epsilon = -3 \sin^2 x + \epsilon$$

$$0 \leq \sin^2 x \leq 1 \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow \pi} -3 \leq -3 \sin^2 x \leq 0 \xrightarrow{+k} 1 \leq -3 \sin^2 x + \epsilon \leq k$$

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$$R_f = [1, k]$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{r \cot x}{1 + \cot^2 x} = \frac{\frac{r \cos x}{\sin x}}{\frac{1}{\sin^2 x}} = \frac{r \cos x \sin^2 x}{\sin x} = r \sin x \cos x = \sin^2 x$$

$$-1 < \sin^2 x < 1 \quad R_f = [-1, 1]$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \sin^r x + \cos^r x \xrightarrow{r^{1-k} \leq \sin^r x + \cos^r x \leq 1}$$

$$r^{1-\frac{1}{r}} \leq \sin^r x + \cos^r x \leq 1 \Rightarrow R_f = \left[\frac{1}{r}, 1\right]$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$r - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = [\sin^r x + \cos^r x] \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \leq \sin^r x + \cos^r x \leq 1$$

$$r - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow [\sin^r x + \cos^r x] \left\{ \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{matrix} \right\} \quad R_f = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\text{الف) } y = \frac{rx^r + vx - \varepsilon}{x + \varepsilon} = rx - 1 \quad -10$$

$$\frac{rx^r + vx - \varepsilon}{x + \varepsilon} \xrightarrow{x \neq -\varepsilon} y \neq rx(-\varepsilon) - 1 = -9$$

$$R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-9\}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} rx^r + vx - \varepsilon \mid x + \varepsilon \\ -rx^r - vx \\ \hline -x - \varepsilon \\ +x + \varepsilon \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\text{ب) } y = \frac{x^r - 1}{x - 1} = \frac{(x-1)(x^{r-1} + x^{r-2} + \dots + 1)}{(x-1)} = x^{r-1} + x^{r-2} + \dots + 1$$

$$\xrightarrow{x \neq 1} y \neq 1 + 1 + \dots + 1 = r \quad R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{r\} \quad R = \left[\frac{r}{r-1}, +\infty\right)$$