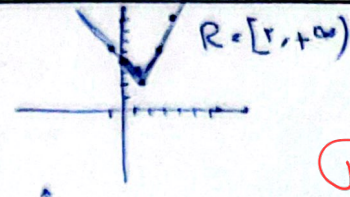
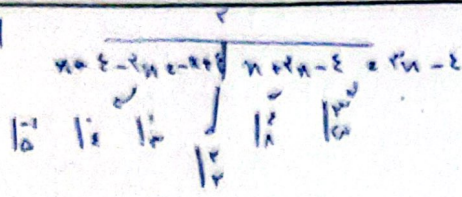


19, 70

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۷ کلاس: نویسنده: ...

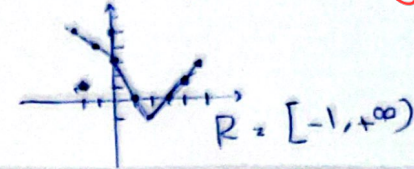
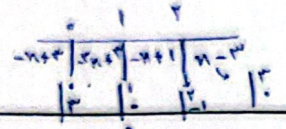
الف) $y = n + |2n - 2|$

(2, 2)

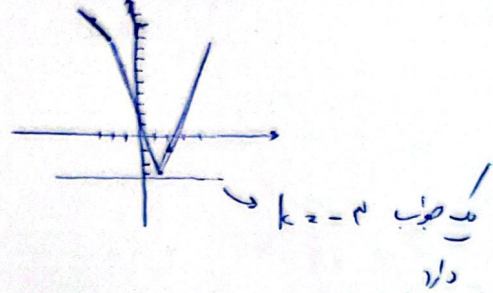


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ب) $y = |n - 2| + |n - 1| - |n|$

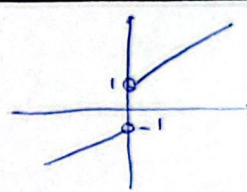
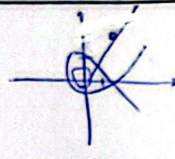
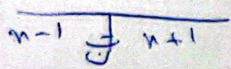


- $-n + 3$
- $(-3, 11)$
- $(-2, 9)$
- $(1, -3)$
- $(2, -1)$



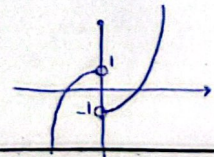
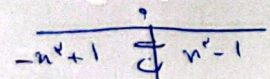
۲

الف) $f(n) = n + \frac{n}{|n|}$



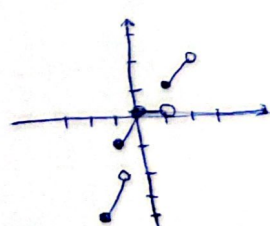
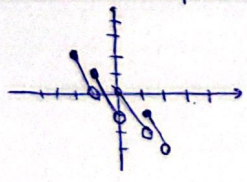
۲

ب) $f(n) = n|n| - \frac{n}{|n|}$



الف) $y = [n] - 2n$

- $[-2, -1) \rightarrow -2 - 2n$
- $[-1, 0) \rightarrow -1 - 2n$
- $[0, 1) \rightarrow -2n$
- $(1, 2) \rightarrow -2n$



۲

ب) $y = [n]|n|$

- $[-2, -1) \rightarrow -2n$
- $[-1, 0) \rightarrow -n$
- $[0, 1) \rightarrow 0$
- $[1, 2) \rightarrow n$
- $[2, 3) \rightarrow 2n$

الف) $0 \leq n - [n] < 1 \rightarrow R = [0, 1)$

ب) $0 \leq n - [n] < 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq \epsilon n - \epsilon [n] < \epsilon \rightarrow R = [0, \epsilon)$

ج) $0 \leq \frac{n}{2} - [\frac{n}{2}] < 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq n - 2[\frac{n}{2}] < 2 \rightarrow R = [0, 2)$

د) $-1 < [2n] - 2n \leq 0 \rightarrow R = (-1, 0]$

$\rightarrow 0 \leq 2n - [2n] < 1 \rightarrow -1 < [2n] - 2n \leq 0$

۲

الف) $-\sqrt{1+r} \leq r \sin u + r \cos u \leq \sqrt{1+r}$ $R_f = [-\sqrt{1+r}, \sqrt{1+r}]$

ب) $-\sqrt{1-r} \leq r \sin u - r \cos u \leq \sqrt{1-r}$ $R_f = [-\sqrt{1-r}, \sqrt{1-r}]$

ج) $-\sqrt{1+r} \leq r \sin u + r \cos u \leq \sqrt{1+r} \rightarrow R = \{-r, -r, \dots, r, r\}$

د) $y = -\sqrt{1-r} \leq \cos u + r \sin u \leq \sqrt{1+r}$ $\sqrt{1+r} \rightarrow R_f = [-\sqrt{1+r}, \sqrt{1+r}]$

الف) $y = (1 - \cos^2 u) + \cos^2 u = 1 + \cos^2 u$ $0 \leq \cos^2 u \leq 1$

$y = 1 + \cos^2 u \rightarrow 1 + \cos^2(0) = 2$
 $\rightarrow 1 + \cos^2(1) = 2$ $[1, 2] = R_f$

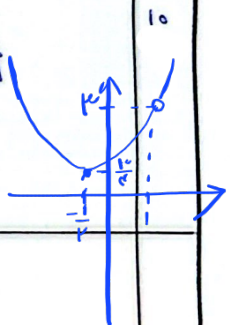
ب) $1 + \cot^2 u = \csc^2 u$ $y = \frac{r \cot u}{1 + \cot^2 u} = \frac{r \cot u}{\csc^2 u} \rightarrow y = r \cot u \times \sin^2 u$
 $y = r \frac{\cos u}{\sin u} \times \sin^2 u = r \sin u \cos u$
 $R_f = [-1, 1]$

الف) $y = \sin^2 u + r \sin u + r$
 $R_f = [0, 1]$
 $\begin{matrix} 1 \rightarrow 1 + r + r = 2r \\ -1 \rightarrow 1 - r + r = 1 \\ 0 \rightarrow 1 \end{matrix}$
 $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2r} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \alpha$

ب) $r \sin^2 u + r \sin u + r$
 $\begin{matrix} 1 \rightarrow r + r + r = 3r \\ -1 \rightarrow -r + r + r = r \\ \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-r}{2r} = -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$
 $R_f = [\frac{r}{2}, 3r]$

الف) $y = \frac{(n-1)(n+2)}{(n+2)}$ $n \neq -2$ $\frac{n-1}{-1} \rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1\}$

ب) $\frac{(n-1)(n^2+n+1)}{(n-1)} = n^2+n+1$ $R_f = [\frac{r}{2}, +\infty) - \{r\}$



الف) $r^2 \leq \sin^2 u + \cos^2 u \leq 1 \rightarrow R_f = [\frac{1}{2}, 1]$

ب) $\frac{1}{2} \leq \sin^2 u + \cos^2 u \leq 1 \rightarrow [\sin^2 u + \cos^2 u] \in \{0, 1\} \subset R_f$