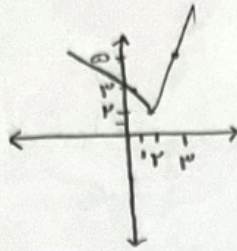


1) $y = k + |2k - 4|$



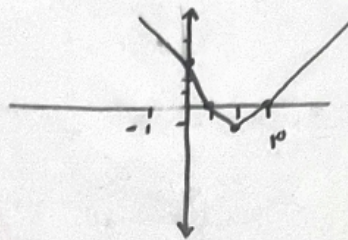
$2k - 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow 2k \geq 4 \rightarrow \boxed{k \geq 2}$

$2 \rightarrow 2 + |2 - 4| = 2$

$1 \rightarrow 1 + |2 - 4| = 1 + 2 = 3 \quad R_y, [2, +\infty)$

$3 \rightarrow 3 + |4 - 4| = 3$

ب) $y = |k - 2| + |k - 1| - |k|$



$2 \rightarrow |2 - 2| + |2 - 1| - |2| = 0 - 1 = -1$

$1 \rightarrow |1 - 2| + |1 - 1| - |1| = 1 - 1 = 0$

$0 \rightarrow |0 - 2| + |0 - 1| - |0| = 2 + 1 = 3$

$-1 \rightarrow |-1 - 2| + |-1 - 1| - |-1| = 3 + 2 - 1 = 4$

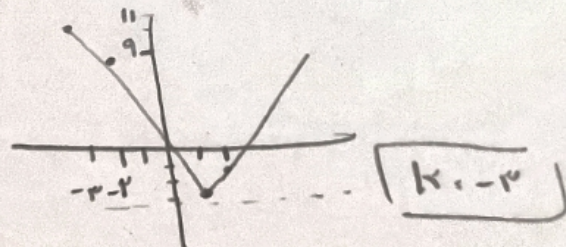
$|2k - 3| - |k + 1| < k$

$-2 \rightarrow |-4 - 3| - |-2 + 1| < -2 \quad | -5 |$

$-1 \rightarrow |-3 - 3| - |-1 + 1| < -1 \quad | -6 |$

$1 \rightarrow |3 - 3| - |1 + 1| < 1 \quad | -2 |$

$2 \rightarrow |4 - 3| - |2 + 1| < 2 \quad | -1 |$

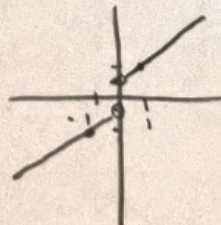


ج) $y = k + \frac{k}{|k|}$

$k = 1 \rightarrow k + 1$

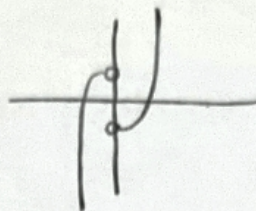
$1 \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{1} = 2$

$-1 \rightarrow -1 + \frac{-1}{-1} = 0$

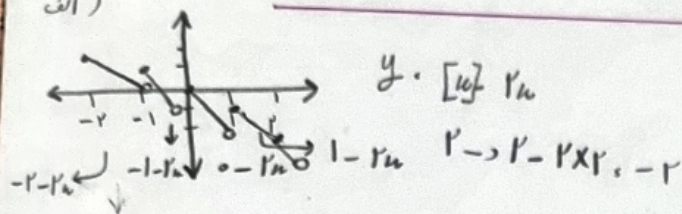


ب) $y = k|u| - \frac{k}{|u|}$

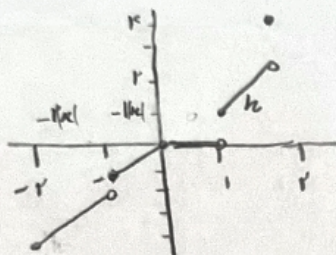
$-k^2 + 1 \leq k^2 - 1$



الف)



ب) $[u]|u| \rightarrow$



$0 \leq k - [u] < 1$

الف) $y = r_u - [r_u] \rightarrow R_y = [0, 1)$

ب) $y = r_u - r[u] \xrightarrow{x^2} f(u - [u]) \rightarrow R_y = [0, 1)$

ج) $y = u - \omega \left[\frac{u}{\omega} \right] \xrightarrow{\frac{u}{\omega}} \omega \left(\frac{u}{\omega} - \left[\frac{u}{\omega} \right] \right) \rightarrow R_y = [0, \omega)$

د) $y = [r_u] - r_u \xrightarrow{x^{-1}} r_u - [r_u] \rightarrow R_y = (-1, 0]$

$y = r \sin u + r \cos u \rightarrow$

$-\sqrt{9+16} \leq r \sin u + r \cos u \leq \sqrt{9+16}$

$\xrightarrow{-\sqrt{13}} R_y = [-\sqrt{13}, \sqrt{13}]$

$y = r \sin u - r \cos u \rightarrow$

$-\sqrt{14+9} \leq r \sin u - r \cos u \leq \sqrt{14+9}$

$\xrightarrow{-\sqrt{23}} R_y = [-\sqrt{23}, \sqrt{23}]$

$$z = y \cdot [r \sin u + a \cos u] \rightarrow -\sqrt{r^2 + a^2} \leq r \sin u + a \cos u \leq \sqrt{r^2 + a^2}$$

$$\frac{a}{r} [r \sin u + a \cos u] \leq a \rightarrow R_y \cdot [-1, 1] = [-r, r] = [-1, 1] \rightarrow r = 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{a^2 + r^2} \sin u \rightarrow -\sqrt{1+r^2} \leq \cos u + r \sin u \leq \sqrt{1+r^2} \rightarrow 1 \leq \sqrt{a^2 + r^2} \sin u \leq \sqrt{a^2 + r^2}$$

$$R_y \cdot [0, \sqrt{a^2 + r^2}]$$

$$y = \sin^2 u + r \sin u + r \begin{cases} -1 \rightarrow 1 - r + r = 0 \\ 1 \rightarrow 1 + r + r = 4 \rightarrow R_y \cdot [0, 4] \\ -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \sin u = -\frac{r}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$y = r \sin^2 u + r \sin u + r \begin{cases} -1 \rightarrow r - r + r = r \\ 1 \rightarrow r + r + r = 3r \\ -\frac{b}{ra} = -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow r \times \frac{9}{14} + r \times -\frac{r}{r} + r = \frac{14}{14} - \frac{9}{14} + \frac{14}{14} = \frac{9}{14} + r \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{14 - 9 + 14}{14} = \frac{19}{14} = \frac{1}{14} \cdot \frac{19}{1} \rightarrow R_y \cdot [\frac{1}{14}, 3]$$

$$y = \sin^2 u + r \cos^2 u \rightarrow \cos^2 u = 1 - \sin^2 u \rightarrow y = \sin^2 u + r \sin^2 u + r \begin{cases} 0 \rightarrow r \\ 1 \rightarrow 1 - r + r = 1 \\ -\frac{b}{ra} = r \rightarrow \sin^2 u = r \end{cases}$$

$$R_y \cdot [1, r]$$

$$y = \frac{r \cot^2 u}{1 + \cot^2 u} \rightarrow \frac{r \cot^2 u}{\frac{1}{\sin^2 u}} = r \sin^2 u \cos^2 u \sin^2 u \rightarrow R_y \cdot [0, 1]$$

$$y = \sin^4 u + \cos^4 u \rightarrow r^{-1} \leq \sin^{r(1)} u + \cos^{r(1)} u \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \leq \sin^4 u + \cos^4 u \leq 1 \quad (9)$$

$$Ry = \left\{ \frac{1}{r} > 1 \right\}$$

$$y = [\sin^4 u + \cos^4 u] \rightarrow r^{-1} \leq \sin^{r(F)} u + \cos^{r(F)} u \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} \leq \sin^4 u + \cos^4 u \leq 1$$

$$Ry = \left\{ \frac{1}{r} > 1 \right\}$$

$$\leq [\sin^4 u + \cos^4 u] \leq 1$$

$$y = \frac{r_n^r + v_n - r}{n+r} \rightarrow Ry = R - \{-r\}$$

$$y, r_n - 1 \rightarrow -1 - 1 = -2 \rightarrow Ry = \boxed{R - \{-1\}}$$

$$\frac{r_n^r + v_n - r}{n+r} \rightarrow y = \frac{(n+r)(r_n - 1)}{n+r}$$

$$y = \frac{n^r - 1}{n-1} = \frac{(n-1)(n^{r-1} + n^{r-2} + \dots + 1)}{n-1} \rightarrow Ry = R - \{1\}$$

$$\left(\left[\frac{r}{r} > + \infty \right] - \{n\} \right)$$

$$\left| \frac{-1}{-r} \right|$$

$$\frac{1}{r} + 1 + \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1+r-1}{r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$n^r + 1 + n \rightarrow 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$$