

نام و نام خانوادگی: ...

تعلیم شماره ۶

کلاس: یازدهم ریاضی

۱) الف) $y = x^3 - 9x^2 + 9x + 1 - 1 \rightarrow y = (x-1)^3 + 1$

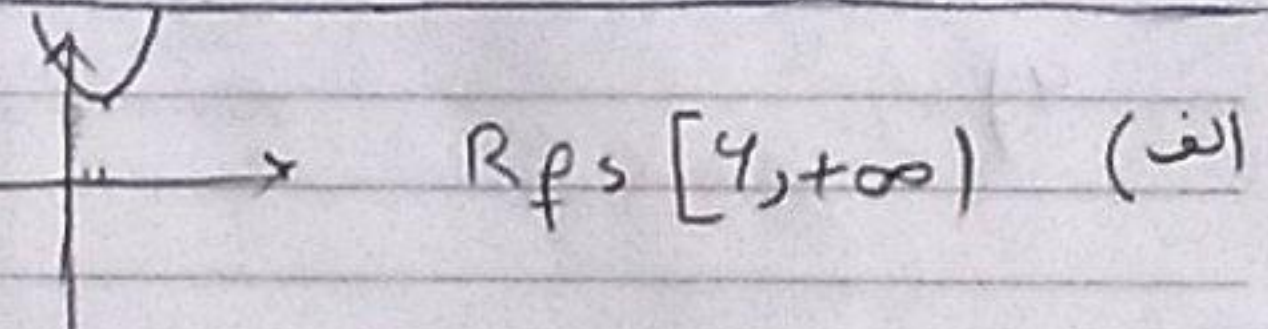
$y-1 = (x-1)^3 \rightarrow \sqrt[3]{y-1} + 1 = x \Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

ب) $yx^2 - 2xy - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta} b^2 - 4ac = 4y^2 + 4y \geq 0$

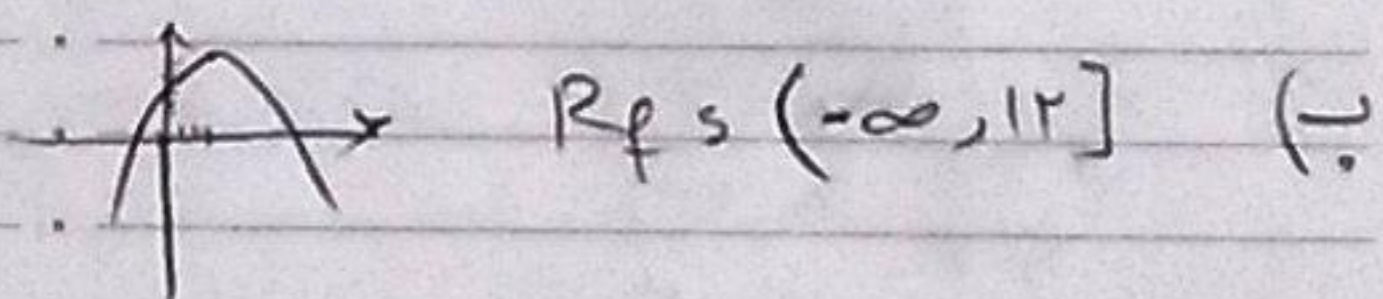
عبارت همیشه و برای هر y

$\Rightarrow R_f = \mathbb{R}$

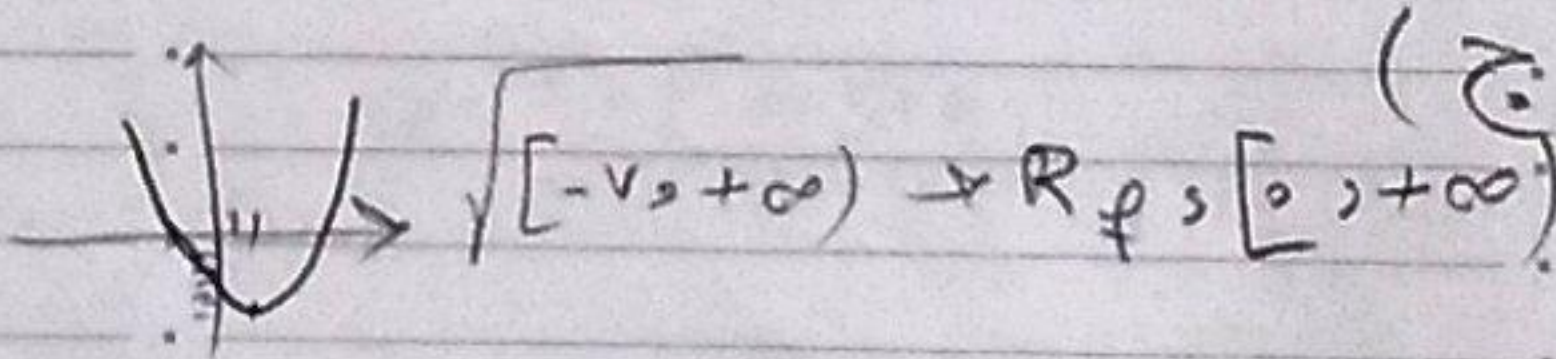
۲) Min $\left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} \leq 2 \\ \Delta = 1 + 1 \leq 4 \end{array} \right|$



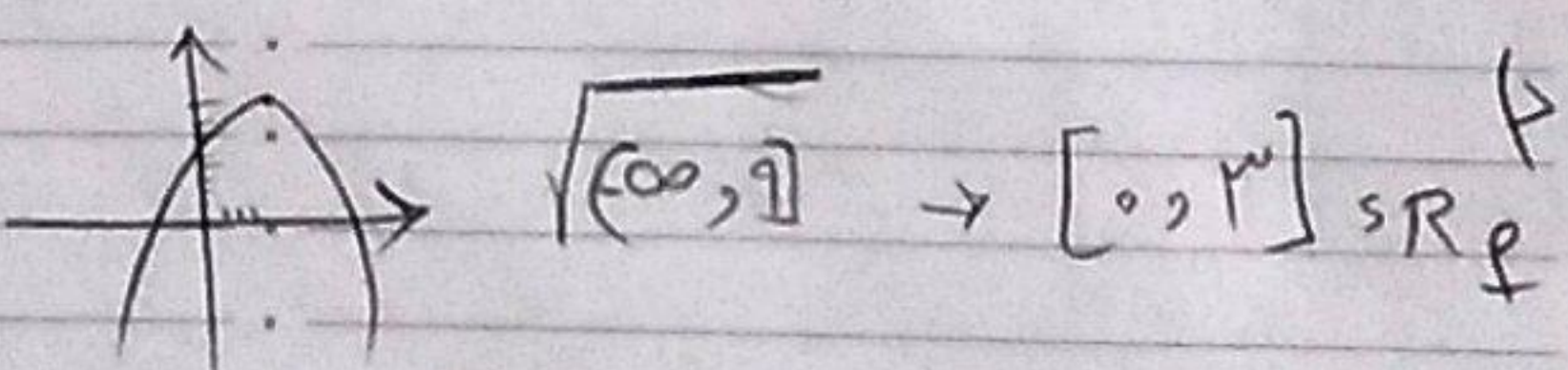
Max $\left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} \leq 2 \\ -9 + 18 + 9 \leq 18 \end{array} \right|$



Min $\left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} \leq 2 \\ \Delta = 1 - 9 \leq -8 \end{array} \right|$



Max $\left| \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{2a} \leq 2 \\ 18 - 9 \leq 9 \end{array} \right|$



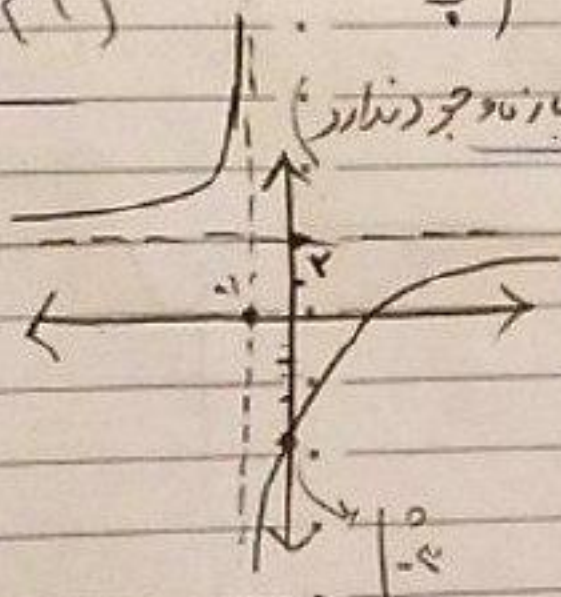
ج) $[0, +\infty)$:
ب) $\mathbb{R}$:
الف) $\mathbb{R}$:
د) $[0, +\infty)$

ب) $\mathbb{R} - \{2\}$:
الف) $\mathbb{R} - \{2\}$:
ج)

د) $(-\infty, 0] \cup \{2\}$ (اند) ب) $(-\infty, 0] \cup \{2\}$ (اند)

($\frac{a}{c}$ برابر -2 است نه در این بازه وجود ندارد)

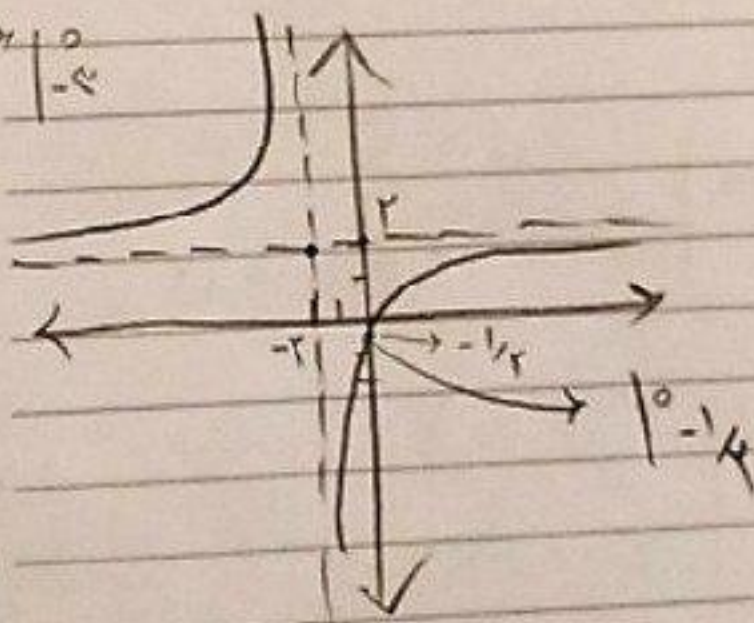
۴) $x = -1$
 $y = 2$ (اند)

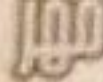


$x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y = -2$

ب) $x = -2$
 $y = 2$

$x \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{4}$



v)  a) $\sin x + \frac{1}{\sin x} \rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty) \subset \mathbb{R}_f$

b) $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty) \subset \mathbb{R}_f$

c) $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty) \subset \mathbb{R}_f$

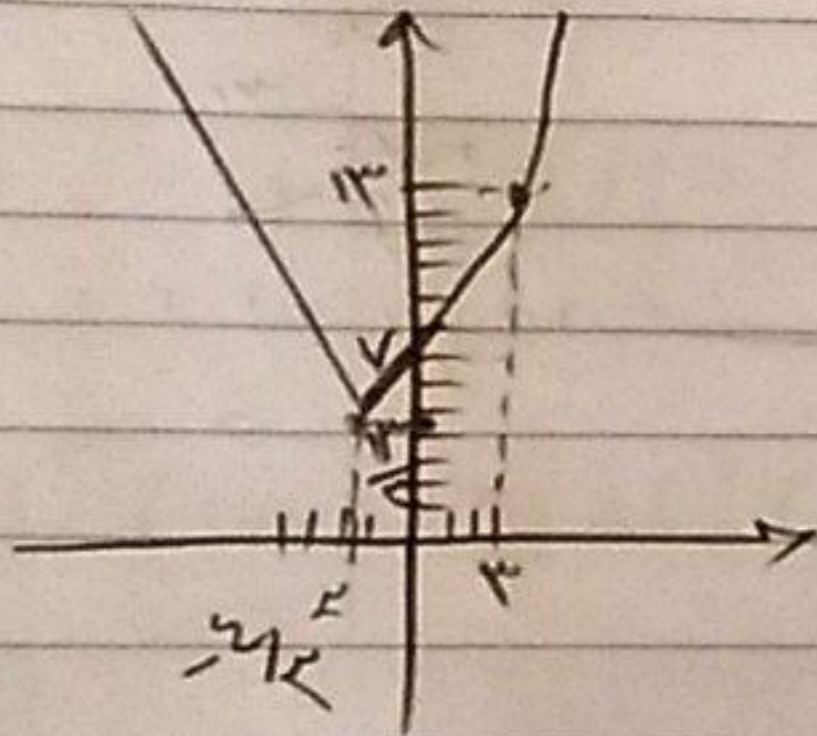
d) $\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \rightarrow [2, +\infty)$

$$1) \quad x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2+2} \rightarrow x^2 \geq 0 \quad \& \quad \text{Min} = 1/3 \Rightarrow \text{Rf} \in [1/3, +\infty)$$

$$2) \quad \sqrt{x^2+2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2+2}} \rightarrow [2, +\infty)$$

9)

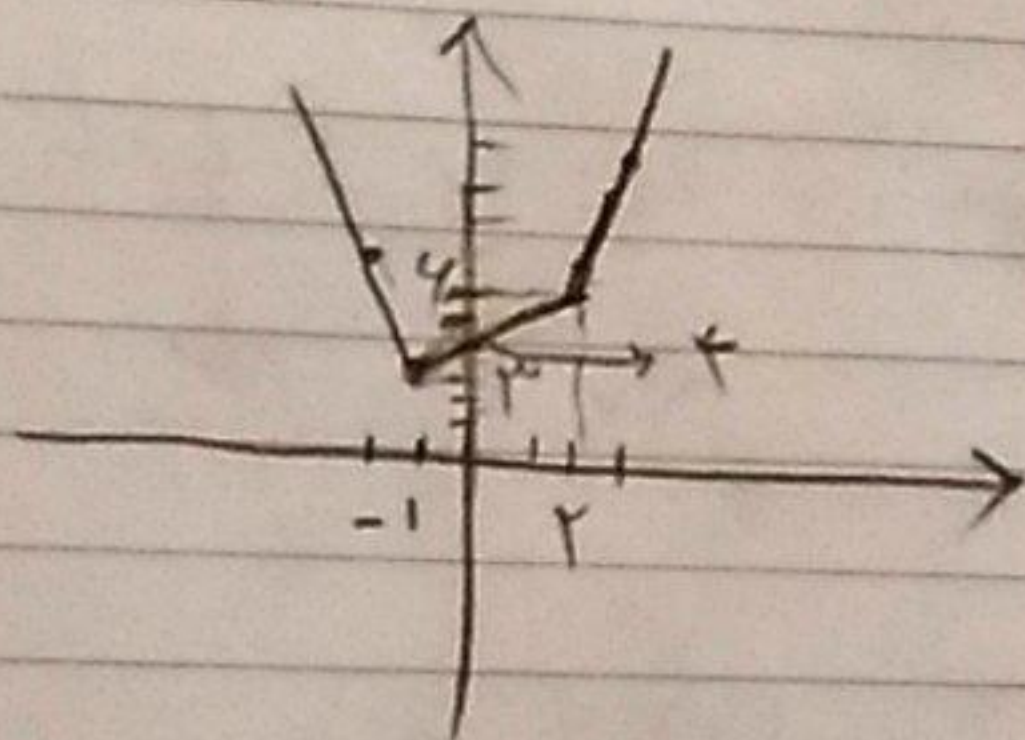
$$y = |x - 2| + |2x + 2|$$



$-x + 2 - 2x - 2$	$-x + 2 + 2x + 2$	$x - 2 + 2x + 2$
$-3x - 1$	$x + 4$	$3x + 1$

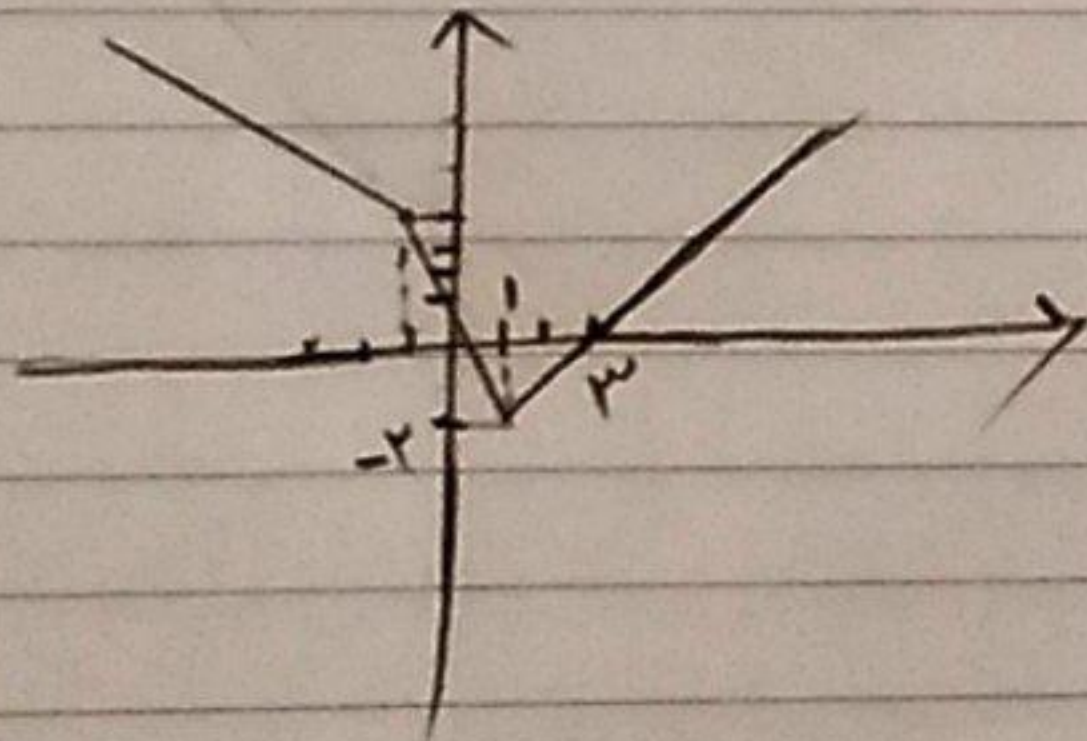
$\frac{2x^2}{x^2} \mid x^2$

10) الف) $|x-2| + |2x+2| = y$



$x < -2$	$-2 \leq x < 0$	$x \geq 0$
$2-x-2-2x$	$2-x+2x+2$	$x-2+2x+2$
$= -3x$	$= x+4$	$= 3x$
	(3)	(4)

ب) $|2x-2| - |x+1| = y$



$x < -1$	$-1 \leq x < 1$	$x \geq 1$
$2-2x-x-1$	$2x+2-x-1$	$2x-2-x-1$
$= -x+1$	$= x+1$	$= x-3$
	(1)	(-2)