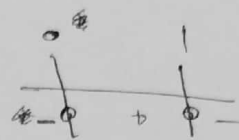


$$f(n) = 2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{n^r f(n+1)} \rightarrow f(n+1) = 2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1$$

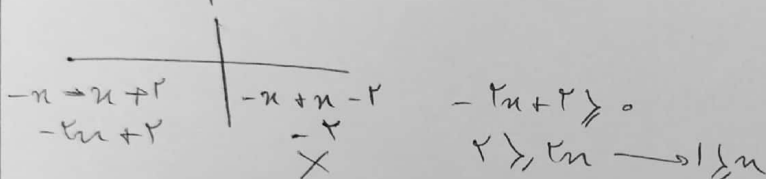
$$n^r \left(2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1\right) \geq 0$$



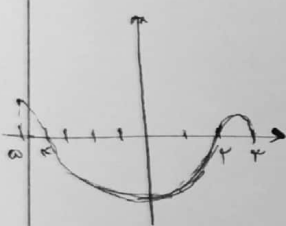
$$D_y = [0, 1]$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n + |n+2|}$$

$$f(-n) = \sqrt{-n + |-n+2|}$$

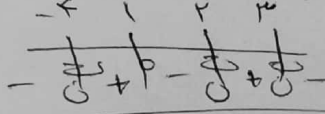


$$D_f = (-\infty, 1]$$



$$y = \sqrt{n-1} \rightarrow +1$$

$$f(n) \rightarrow r, r, -r$$



$$D_y = (-1, 1] \cup (2, 3)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{9n^r - 7n^r - 5n - r}$$

$$9n^r - 7n^r - 5n - r \rightarrow 9n^r - 7n^r - 5n - r + 1$$

$$\sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(-1-r)} = r$$

$$y = \frac{1}{r n^r + a n + b}$$

$$(9n^r - 7n^r + 1) - (n^r + 5n + r) \rightarrow (8n^r - 1)^r - (n+2)^r \neq 0 \rightarrow 8n^r - n - r = 0$$

$$a = -1, b = -r$$

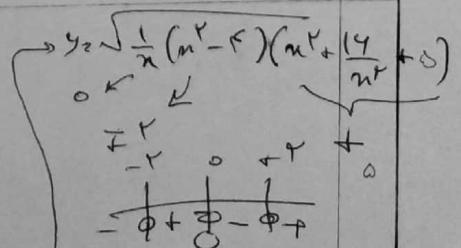
$$f(n) = n^r + n$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(n) - f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)}$$

$$y = \sqrt{n^r + n - \frac{9r}{n^r} - \frac{r}{n}}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^r}(n^r - 9r) + \frac{1}{n}(n^r - r)}$$

$$\frac{1}{n}(n^r - r) \left(\frac{1}{n^r}(n^r + 9r + 5n^r) + 1 \right)$$



$$D_y = [-2, 0) \cup [2, +\infty)$$

$$f(x^r + n) = r_{n-1}$$

$$f(r) + f(1_0) \rightarrow x^r + n = r \rightarrow n = 1 \rightarrow f(r) = r - 1 = 1$$

$$x^r + n = 1 \rightarrow n = r \rightarrow f(1_0) = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$1 + 0 = 1$$

$$f(n) = x^r - 9x^r + 19n + 1 - 1$$

$$\rightarrow (n-r)^r + 1$$

$$g(n) = x^r + 9x^r + 19n + 19 - 19$$

$$\rightarrow (n+r)^r - 19$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt[r]{v} - r)}{f(\sqrt[r]{r} + r)} = \frac{(\sqrt[r]{v} - r + r)^r - 19}{(\sqrt[r]{r} + r - r)^r + 1}$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt[n]{n + r\sqrt{n-r}} \rightarrow n-r + r\sqrt{n-r} + r$$

$$(\sqrt{n-r} + r)^r \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{(n-r) + r}$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt[n]{n - r\sqrt{n-r}} \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{n-r} - r \rightarrow \sqrt[n]{n-r} + r$$

$$f(n) + g(n) = a + b\sqrt[n]{n+c}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{n-r} + r + \sqrt[n]{n-r} - r = 2\sqrt[n]{n-r}$$

$$a=0 \quad b=2 \quad c=-r$$

$$\frac{0+r}{-r} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{n+r}{x^r + 19n + r} \rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, r\}$$

$$g(n) = \left\{ (r, 1) (1, 0) (r, 0) (0, r) \right\}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ (r, -\frac{1}{r}) (0, r) \right\}$$

$$(r, \frac{1}{-r}) > (0, \frac{r}{r})$$

$$f(n) = \{(1, r) (r, -1) (r, r) (-1, r)\}$$

$$g(n) = \{(-r, r) (1, -1) (r, r) (-1, 0)\}$$

$$f(n) = \{(\frac{1}{r}, r) (\frac{r}{r}, -1) (r, r) (-\frac{1}{r}, r)\}$$

$$f(n^r) = \{(1, r) (-1, r) (\sqrt{r}, -1) (-\sqrt{r}, -1) (r, r) (-r, r)\}$$

$$\frac{r}{g} = \{(1, r) (r, -1)\}$$

$$rg^r(n) + 1 = \{(-r, 1) (1, r) (r, r) (-1, 1)\}$$