

$$f(n) = 2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1$$

$$y = \sqrt{n^r f(n+1)} \rightarrow f(n+1) = 2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1$$

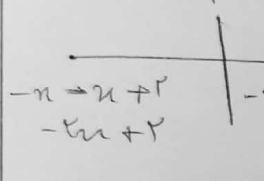
$$n^r \left(2\left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1\right) \geq 0$$



$$D_y = [0, 1]$$

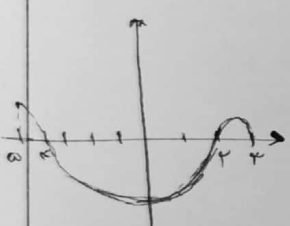
$$f(n) = \sqrt{n + |n+2|}$$

$$f(-n) = \sqrt{-n + |-n+2|}$$



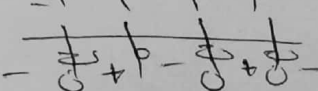
$$-n + 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow n \leq 2$$

$$D_y = (-\infty, 1]$$



$$y = \sqrt{n-1} \rightarrow +1$$

$$f(n) \rightarrow r, r-1$$



$$D_y = (-1, 1] \cup (2, 3)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{9n^r - 7n^r - 5n - r}$$

$$9n^r - 7n^r - 5n - r \rightarrow 2n^r - 5n - r + 1$$

$$\sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(-1-r)} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{r n^r + a n + b}$$

$$(9n^r - 7n^r + 1) - (n^r + 5n + r) \rightarrow 8n^r - n^r - 5n - r + 1$$

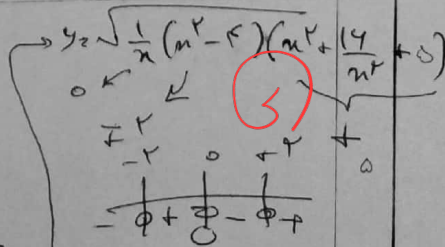
$$f(n) = n^r + n$$

$$y = \sqrt{f(n) - f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)}$$

$$y = \sqrt{n^r + n - \frac{r^r}{n^r} - \frac{r}{n}}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1}{n^r}(n^r - r^r) + \frac{1}{n}(n^r - r)}$$

$$\frac{1}{n}(n^r - r) \left(\frac{1}{n^r}(n^r + 4r + 5n^r) + 1 \right)$$



$$D_y = [-2, 0) \cup [2, 5)$$

$$f(x^r + n) = r n^{r-1}$$

$$f(r) + f(1) \rightarrow x^r + n = r \rightarrow n = 1 \rightarrow f(r) = r - 1 = 1$$

$$x^r + n = 1 \rightarrow n = r \rightarrow f(1) = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$1 + 0 = 1$$

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$$f(n) = x^r - r n^{r-1} + 19n + 1 - 1$$

$$\rightarrow (n-r)^r + 1$$

$$g(n) = x^r + 9n^r + 2vn + 2v - 2v$$

$$\rightarrow (n+r)^r - rv$$

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$$\frac{g(\sqrt[r]{v} - r)}{f(\sqrt[r]{v} + r)} = \frac{(\sqrt[r]{v} - r + r)^r - rv}{(\sqrt[r]{v} + r - r)^r + 1} = \frac{v - rv}{1 + 1} = \frac{v(1-r)}{2}$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n+r} \sqrt{n-r} \rightarrow n-r + r \sqrt{n-r} + r$$

$$(\sqrt{n-r} + r)^r \rightarrow \sqrt{n-r+r} + r$$

$$g(n) = \sqrt{n-r} \sqrt{n-r} \rightarrow \sqrt{n-r} - r \rightarrow \sqrt{n-r} + r$$

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$$f(n) + g(n) = a + b\sqrt{n+c}$$

$$\sqrt{n-r} + r + \sqrt{n-r} - r = 2\sqrt{n-r}$$

$$a=0 \quad b=2 \quad c=-r$$

$$\frac{0+r}{-r} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$f(n) = \frac{n+r}{x^r - r n^{r-1} + r}$$

$$\rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, r\}$$

$$g(n) = \left\{ (r, 1) (1, 0) (r, 0) (0, r) \right\}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ (r, -\frac{1}{r}) (0, r) \right\}$$

$$(r, \frac{1}{-r}) > (0, \frac{r}{r})$$

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$$f(n) = \{(1, r) (r, -1) (r, r) (-1, r)\}$$

$$g(n) = \{(-r, r) (1, -1) (r, r) (-1, 0)\}$$

$$f(n) = \left\{ (\frac{1}{r}, r) (\frac{r}{r}, -1) (r, r) (-\frac{1}{r}, r) \right\}$$

$$f(n^r) = \{(1, r) (-1, r) (\sqrt{r}, -1) (-\sqrt{r}, -1) (r, r) (-r, r)\}$$

$$\frac{r}{g} = \{(1, r) (r, -1)\}$$

$$r g^r(n) + 1 = \{(-r, 1) (1, r) (r, r) (-1, 1)\}$$

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