

$$\frac{0 \quad 1}{+ \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2}} \rightarrow D_f \subseteq (-\infty, 0) \cup \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} n \neq -1 \\ n \neq 0 \\ n \neq 1 \\ n \neq -2 \\ \frac{1}{n-1} + \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} n \neq 1 \\ n \neq -r \end{array} \right\} \frac{r}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n+r} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r(n+1+n-1)}{(n-1)(n+r)} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r(n+1)}{(n-1)(n+r)} \neq 0$$

$$\frac{-r \quad \frac{a}{r}}{+ \quad | \quad - \quad | \quad +} \rightarrow D_F(-a, -r) \cup \left[\frac{a}{r}, +\infty\right)$$

$$b) \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} \leq 3 \quad \sqrt{x-1} \geq 3 - \sqrt{y+1}$$

$$\sqrt{y+1} = 3 - \sqrt{x-1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 3 - \sqrt{x-1} \geq 0 \rightarrow 11 \geq x-1 \rightarrow 12 \geq x \\ x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow P_f = [1, 12]$$

$$\frac{\log(x^r - n - r)}{\sqrt{n^r - 1} + 1} \Rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} x^r - n - r > 0 &\rightarrow (n - r)(n + 1) > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} \rightarrow D_x(-\infty, -1) \cup (r, +\infty) \\ \sqrt{x^r - 1} + 1 \neq 0 &\rightarrow \sqrt{x^r - 1} \neq -1 \checkmark \\ x^r - 1 > 0 &\rightarrow (n - 1)(n + 1) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} \rightarrow D_x(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty) \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow$$

$$\xrightarrow{n} \mathcal{P}_f, (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$\sqrt{r} + a x - 2r$ into $[-r, b]$

$$x \rightarrow x - ka - f = 0 \rightarrow ka = -1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{k}$$

$$a+b = -\frac{1}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} r_{n-1} & ; n \geq 1 \\ r_2 + 3 & ; n < 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(n) \geq n \Rightarrow f(n) \geq \sqrt{f(n)} \Rightarrow f(n) \geq n$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} f(n) \geq a &\rightarrow \begin{cases} n \geq 1 \rightarrow r_n - r \geq a \rightarrow r_n \geq r + a \geq 1 \\ n < 1 \rightarrow r_n + r \geq a \rightarrow n \geq -r \end{cases} \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow D = [-r, +\infty)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} C+1)(x+r) & ; x > 1 \\ r_a + r_n & ; x \leq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(r) = \frac{1}{a - r}$$

$$f(r+\sqrt{r}) - r = r + \sqrt{r} + \frac{1}{r+\sqrt{r}} + r = r + \sqrt{r} + r + \frac{1}{r+\sqrt{r}} \xrightarrow{r \rightarrow \infty} 2r + \sqrt{r} + \frac{1}{r+\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow 2r + \sqrt{r} + \frac{1}{r+\sqrt{r}}$$

$$-\alpha f(x) \leq \rho_n^r + n \rightarrow f(x) \leq \frac{\rho_n^r + n}{-\alpha} = \tau_n^r - \frac{1}{\alpha} n$$

$$(1, \rho_{\ell_0}), \frac{rv}{r} - 1 = \frac{r\alpha}{r} \rightarrow \ell_0, \frac{r\alpha}{r}$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{n}\right) = \frac{a}{n} + b$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} q = 1 \\ 1b5 - 12 - 1b5 - 4 \end{cases}$$