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$$f(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x} - \frac{x}{x-1}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{x^2+1-2x-x^2}{x^2-x}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1-2x}{x^2-x}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1-2x}{x(x-1)}}$$

$$1 = 2x \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{x(x-1)} \quad D_f \rightarrow (-\infty, 0) \cup (\frac{1}{2}, 1)$$

$$b) f(x) = \frac{\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{x}{x}}{\frac{x}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+2}} \rightarrow \frac{\frac{x - x^2 - x}{(x+1)x}}{\frac{x^2 + x + x - 1}{(x-1)(x+2)}} \rightarrow \frac{-x^2 - x}{(x+1)x} \rightarrow x \neq -1, 0$$

$$D_f = R - \left\{ -1, -\frac{5}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, 0, 1 \right\}$$

$$\frac{x^2 + x + x - 1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 + 2x - 1}{(x-1)(x+2)} \rightarrow x \neq \frac{-5}{2}$$

$$\frac{-x^2 - x}{(x+1)x} \rightarrow x \neq 1, -1$$

$$c) f(x) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^2 - 9} \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = 3 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{-2 \frac{1}{x}}{1 - \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x}} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{3}] \cup [\frac{1}{3}, +\infty)$$

$$b) \sqrt{x-1} + \sqrt{y+1} = p \quad \sqrt{y+1} = p - \sqrt{x-1} \rightarrow \sqrt{y+1} = p - \sqrt{x-1}$$

$$\sqrt{x-1} \leq p \rightarrow x-1 \leq p^2 \rightarrow x \leq p^2 + 1 \quad \sqrt{y+1} \geq 0 \rightarrow y+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq -1$$

$$D_f = [1, p^2 + 1]$$

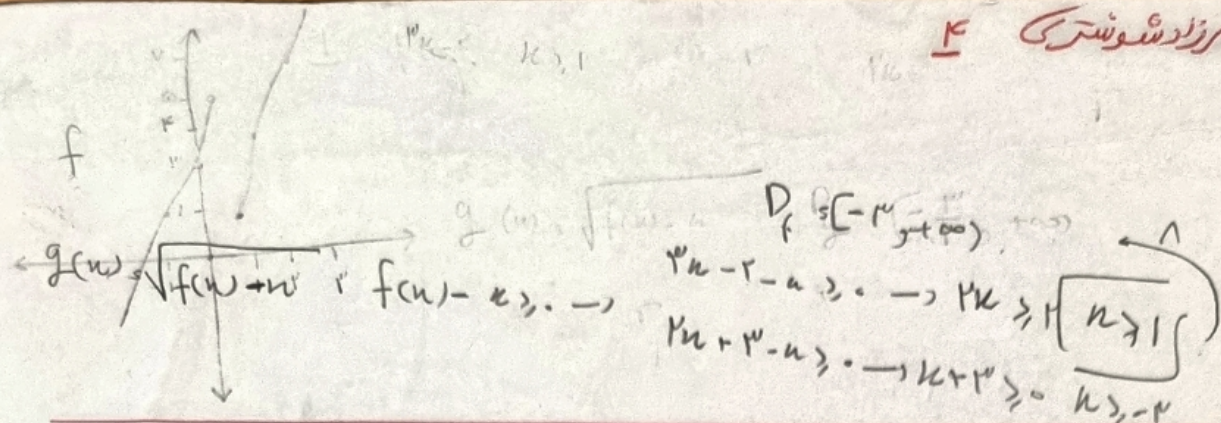
$$f(x) = \frac{\log \varepsilon}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1} \rightarrow \frac{(x^2 - x - 1)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - x - 1}{(x-1)(x+1)} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{-x^2 + ax + 1} \quad D_f = [-r, b] \xrightarrow{x=-r} -\varepsilon - ra + 1 = 0 \rightarrow -1 - ra = \dots$$

$$ra = -1 \rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{r} \quad -x^2 - \frac{1}{r}x + 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4r^2} + 1 \rightarrow x^2 - x - 1r$$

$$(x - \varepsilon)(x + r) = 0 \quad x = -r \quad x = \frac{1}{r} \quad \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} = 0$$



$$f(a+1)(v) \rightarrow 1 \varepsilon(a+1) = v_a - \varepsilon + a \rightarrow 1 \varepsilon a + 1 \varepsilon = v_a - \varepsilon \rightarrow 1 \cdot a \cdot - 1 \varepsilon$$

$$a = -1, 1$$

$$(v - \sqrt{v})(v + \sqrt{v}) = \varepsilon - v = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{v + \sqrt{v}} + \sqrt{v - \sqrt{v}} + \sqrt{v - \sqrt{v}} + \sqrt{v + \sqrt{v}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{v + \sqrt{v}}} = \sqrt{v - \sqrt{v}} \rightarrow v \sqrt{v + \sqrt{v}} + v \sqrt{v - \sqrt{v}} \rightarrow v(\sqrt{v + \sqrt{v}} + \sqrt{v - \sqrt{v}}) + v$$

$$t^v = v - \sqrt{v} + v + \sqrt{v} + v \sqrt{v} = 4 \rightarrow t \cdot \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \sqrt{4 + \varepsilon}$$

$$v f(n) - v f(-n) = \varepsilon n^r - n \xrightarrow{x^r} v f(n) - v f(-n) = \varepsilon n^r - v n$$

$$v f(-n) - v f(n) = \varepsilon n^r + n \xrightarrow{x^r} v f(-n) - v f(n) = \varepsilon n^r + v n$$

$$- \omega f(n) = v \cdot n^r + n \rightarrow f(n) = \left( - \frac{v \cdot n^r + n}{\omega} \right)$$

$$k = 0$$

$$v f(0) = v m - 1$$

$$k = -r$$

$$4 f(0) = 14 + 2m + 3m - 1$$

$$\rightarrow -1 \cdot f(0) = 10m + 0$$

$$1 \wedge f(0) = 10m + \varepsilon \omega$$

$$1 \wedge f(0) = \omega \rightarrow f(0) = \frac{\omega}{1} = \frac{v \omega}{\varepsilon} = 4, 1 \omega$$

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$$f(x) + f\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) = \frac{14x^2 - 12x + 10}{x}$$

$$ax + b + \frac{a}{x} + b = \frac{14x^2 - 12x + 10}{x} \rightarrow \frac{ax^2 + 2bx + a}{x} \rightarrow \frac{14x^2 - 12x + 10}{x} \rightarrow 2b = -12$$

$$\boxed{a = 10} \quad \boxed{b = -6}$$

$$y = ax + b \rightarrow f(x) = 10x - 6 \rightarrow f(-1) = -10 - 6 = \boxed{-16}$$