

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{5n^2 - 7n + 2}{5n^2 - 8n + 3} = \frac{(n-1)(n-\frac{2}{5})}{(n-1)(n-\frac{3}{5})} = \frac{(n-\frac{2}{5})}{(n-\frac{3}{5})} \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-\frac{2}{5}}{1-\frac{3}{5}} = \frac{\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{2}{5}} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{19n - 11}{19n - 11} = \frac{19n - 11}{19n - 11} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{|2n-1| - |2n+1|}{n} = \begin{cases} \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2n+1-2n-1}{n} = \frac{-4n}{n} = -4 \\ \lim_{n \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{-2n+1-2n-1}{n} = \frac{-4n}{n} = -4 \end{cases}$$

جواب = عدد است و در این صورت جواب = -4

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}-2} = \frac{x-2}{\sqrt{x}-2} \times \frac{\sqrt{x}+2}{\sqrt{x}+2} = \frac{(x-2)(\sqrt{x}+2)}{(x-2)} = \sqrt{x}+2 \xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 2} 2+2 = 4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x^2 - 2x - 4} = \frac{x-2}{x+2} \times \frac{x+\sqrt{x}}{x+\sqrt{x}} = \frac{x^2 - x}{(x-2)(x+\frac{2}{x})(x+\sqrt{x})} = \frac{x}{(x-2)(x+\frac{2}{x})(x+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2}{2(\frac{2+2}{2})(2+\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{2 \times \sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{1-\sqrt{x-1}} = \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{1-\sqrt{x-1}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{x-1}}{1+\sqrt{x-1}} = \frac{(1-x)(1+\sqrt{x-1})}{(-1+x)(1+\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\xrightarrow{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(-1)(1+\sqrt{0})}{(1-1)(1+\sqrt{1})} = \frac{-1}{0} = -\infty$$

$$(r\pi + \varepsilon - 14) = (r\pi - 14) \approx r(\pi - \varepsilon)$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \sqrt{14}} \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} - r}{\sqrt{14} + \varepsilon} = \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} - r}{\sqrt{14} + \varepsilon} \times \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} + r}{\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} + r} = \frac{r(\pi - \varepsilon)}{(\sqrt{14} + \varepsilon)(\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} + r)}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\pi = r} \frac{r}{\sqrt{14} + \varepsilon} \left(\frac{r\pi + \varepsilon - r^2}{\sqrt{r\pi + \varepsilon} + r} \right) = \frac{r}{\sqrt{14} + \varepsilon} \times \frac{r}{r} = \frac{11}{\varepsilon}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} - r}{\sqrt{x} - 1} = \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} - r}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} + r}{\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} + r} \times \frac{\sqrt{x} + 1 + \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} + 1 + \sqrt{x}} = \frac{(r\pi + \sqrt{x} - \varepsilon)(\sqrt{x} + 1 + \sqrt{x})}{(x - 1)(\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} + r)}$$

$$= \frac{r(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + 1 + \sqrt{x})}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} + r)} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r\pi + \sqrt{x}} + r} \times \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x - \cos^2 x)}{(1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x)} \xrightarrow{x = \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 \pi - \cos^2 \pi}{1 - \cos^2 \pi} = \frac{1}{1 - 1} = \frac{1}{0}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{\frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x}}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{-1}{\cos x} \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{-1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{-1}{0}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\cos^2 x} \xrightarrow{x = \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{-1}{\cos^2 \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{-1}{0}$$

$$= \frac{\sin^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\cos^2 x} = -1$$