

Subject :

Year . Month . Date . ()

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الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^2+x^2-1x+3}$ $\frac{x^2+x^2-1x+3}{x^2+x^2-1x+3} \mid x-1$
 $\frac{x^2+x^2-1x+3}{x^2+x^2-1x+3} \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1)(x+3)$
 $\frac{x^2+x^2-1x+3}{x^2+x^2-1x+3} \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1)(x+3)$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, \frac{1}{2}, -3\}$

ب) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^2+2x^2+1x+3}$ $\frac{x^2+2x^2+1x+3}{x^2+2x^2+1x+3} \mid x+1$
 $\frac{x^2+2x^2+1x+3}{x^2+2x^2+1x+3} \Rightarrow (x+1)(x+3)(x+1)$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{1}{2}, -3, -1\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{x^2-x^2+2x-1}$ $\frac{x^2-x^2+2x-1}{x^2-x^2+2x-1} \mid x-1$
 $\frac{x^2-x^2+2x-1}{x^2-x^2+2x-1} \Rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac \rightarrow 1 - 2 - 2 = -3$
 $\frac{x^2-x^2+2x-1}{x^2-x^2+2x-1} \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-1)$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+3}{x^2-x^2+2x-1}}$ $\frac{x+3}{x^2-x^2+2x-1} \rightarrow (x-1)(x^2-x+1) \rightarrow \frac{x+3}{(x-1)(x^2-x+1)}$
 $D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (1, +\infty)$

$y = \frac{x}{x^2-2|x-1|-2x+3} \rightarrow x^2-2|x-1|-2x+3 \neq 0$
 $x^2-2|x-1|-2x+3 \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x-3) \rightarrow x \neq 2, 3$
 $x^2+2x \neq 0 \rightarrow x(x+2) \rightarrow x \neq 0, -2$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2, 3, 0, -2\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{|x+1|-|x+3|}$ $|x+1| \neq |x+3| \neq 0 \rightarrow |x+1| \neq |x+3|$
 $|x+1| \neq |x+3| \rightarrow x \neq 2$
 $|x+1| \neq -x-3 \rightarrow x \neq -2$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2, -2\}$
 ب) $\sqrt{|x+1|-|x+3|}$ $|x+1|-|x+3| \geq 0 \rightarrow |x+1| \geq |x+3|$
 ① $|x+1| \geq |x+3| \rightarrow x \geq 2$
 ② $|x+1| \geq -x-3 \rightarrow x \geq -2$
 $D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \log_x(1-\log_e^x)$
 $1-\log_e^x > 0 \rightarrow \log_e^x < 1 \rightarrow x < e^1 \rightarrow x < e \rightarrow D_f = (0, e)$

ب) $y = \log_r(1-\log_{\frac{1}{r}}^x)$
 $1-\log_{\frac{1}{r}}^x > 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{r}}^x < 1 \rightarrow x > \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow D_f = (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$

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$$f(n) = \sqrt{\log_2 (n-1)}$$

$$1) \forall n \in \mathbb{N}, n \geq 1 \rightarrow a_n > \frac{1}{p}$$

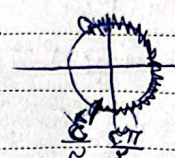
$$r) | \log_a r_{n-1} \rangle \rightarrow | r_{n-1} \rangle \rightarrow | a \rangle$$

$$3) \log_{1.98} \geq \dots \rightarrow \log_{1.98}^{k_{n-1}} < 1 \rightarrow k_{n-1} \leq 2 \rightarrow n \leq c$$

$D_L = (1 \quad 1)$

$$\text{f.ii)} y = \log(r \cos n + 1) \rightarrow r \cos n + 1 = 0 \rightarrow r \cos n = -1 \rightarrow \cos n = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$Df \in \left(\mu\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, \mu\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$



$$y = \sqrt{\log \frac{n-1}{n+1}} \rightarrow \frac{n-1}{n+1} > \dots, \frac{-1}{+3} + \frac{+1}{-5} +$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \quad +1 \\ \hline -3 \quad -6 \quad +7 \end{array}$$

$$\lg \frac{a-1}{a+1} \gg \frac{a-1}{a+1} \gg 1 \rightarrow \frac{a-1-a-1}{a+1} \gg \rightarrow \frac{-2}{a+1}$$

$$\frac{-1}{+1} \} Df = (-\infty -1)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(a+r)x^r + ax + b} \rightarrow (a+r)x^r + ax + b \geq 0 \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, \infty)$$

Q5 - 1

$$-9x + b \geq \cdot \rightarrow -9 + b \geq 0 \rightarrow \underline{b \geq 9}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^r + px + p - m}$$

$$D_f = IR \quad a^T + Ra + I - m^T \geq 0 \rightarrow \Delta \ll 0 \rightarrow b - 2ac \ll \rightarrow (4)^T - 2(1)(I - m^T) \ll$$

$$r = n + \sum m^i d_i \rightarrow \sum m^i = \sum d_i \rightarrow m^i = 1 \text{ } d_i \rightarrow (m-1)(n+1) d_i$$

$$\underline{1 - (-1) = 2}$$

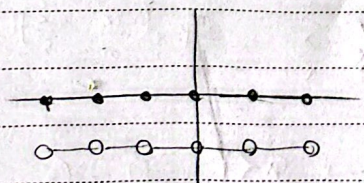
$-1 \times 1 \times 1$
min max

~~$$\begin{array}{c} -1 \quad 1 \\ +1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$~~

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{[x] + [-x] + 1}$$

$$x - \sqrt{x} \geq 0 \rightarrow (x - \sqrt{x})(x + \sqrt{x}) \geq 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1 \quad 1 \\ + \phi + \phi - \end{array}$$



$$P_f = \{-1, -1/2, \dots, 1/2, 1\}$$

$$[x] + [-x] + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \in \mathbb{Z}$$

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