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$n^2 - 0 n-1 - 2n+2 <$	$n^2 + 0n - 0 - 2n+2 <$	$n^2 - 0n + 0 - 2n+2 <$
$n^2 + 2n \neq$	$n^2 - 2n + 1 \neq$	$n^2 - 2n + 1 \neq$
$n(n+2) \neq$	$(n-2)(n-4) \neq$	$n \neq 2, 4$
$n \neq 0, -2$		

$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ -\frac{3}{2}, 2, 4 \right\}$

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$$1) y = \sqrt{|r_{n+1}| - |r_n|}$$

$$|r_{n+1}| > |r_n| \iff r_n + r_{n+1} > 1 + r_n$$

$$r_{n+1} - r_n > 1 \quad (n - r)(r_{n+1}) > 1$$

$$\frac{-\frac{1}{r}}{+\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}} \quad \frac{r}{+\frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}}$$

$$D: \mathbb{R} - (-\frac{1}{r}, r)$$

$$2) y = 1 - r^n$$

$$1 - r^n > 0$$

$$r^n < 1$$

$$n < r$$

$$D: (0, r)$$

$$3) y = 1 - \frac{1}{r^n}$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{r^n} > 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r^n} < 1$$

$$n > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$D: (\frac{1}{r}, +\infty)$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{r^{n-1}}}$$

$$r_{n-1} > 0$$

$$n > \frac{1}{r}$$

$$r_{n-1} < 1$$

$$r_{n-1} > 1$$

$$n > 1$$

$$1 - \frac{1}{r^{n-1}} > 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r^{n-1}} < 1$$

$$r_{n-1} < 1$$

$$r_{n-1} < 1 \quad n < r$$

$$D: (1, r]$$

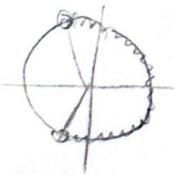
$$4) y = \cos(x)$$

$$\cos(x) > 1$$

$$\cos(x) > -1$$

$$\cos(x) > -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$D: \mathbb{R} - [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{r}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}]$$



$$5) y = \sqrt{1 - \frac{x-1}{x+1}}$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{-1}{+\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+1}}$$

$$(I)$$

$$1 - \frac{x-1}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} > 1$$

$$\frac{x-1}{x+1} - \frac{x+1}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{-2}{x+1} > 0$$

$$x+1 < 0$$

$$x < -1 \quad (II)$$

$$D: (I) \cap (II) = (-\infty, -1)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(x+1)x^2 + ax + b}$$

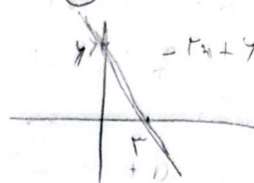
بما أن $f(x)$ دالة حقيقية
فإن $(x+1)x^2 + ax + b \geq 0$

$$\begin{cases} a+1=0 \\ a-2=0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} x^2 \\ + \quad - \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$y = -2x + b$$

$$x=1 \Rightarrow 0 = -2 + b \Rightarrow b=2$$



$$f(x) = \sqrt{-2x + 2}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 2x + 1 - m^2}$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - m^2}$$

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{(x+1)^2 - m^2}$$

$$(x+1)^2 \geq m^2 \Rightarrow -1-m \leq x \leq -1+m$$

$$m=1 \Rightarrow x \in [-2, 0]$$

$$|m - m'| = |1 - (-1)| = 2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1-x^2}}{(x) + (x) + 1}$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{(1-x)(1+x)}}{(x) + (x) + 1}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} -1 \quad 1 \\ - \quad + \quad - \end{array}$$

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$\mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$

$$D = [-1, 1] \cap \mathbb{Z} = \{-1, 0, 1\}$$