

سوال 1)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} (x-3)$   $\rightarrow$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} (x-3)$   
 $x \rightarrow 2^+ \quad x^2 - 3 = 1 - 3 = -2$   $x \rightarrow 2^- \quad x^2 - 3 = 0$

سوال 2)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \lfloor x \rfloor - 3$   $\rightarrow$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \lfloor x \rfloor - 3$   
 $x \rightarrow 2^+ \quad \lfloor x \rfloor = 1 \quad 1 - 3 = -2$   $x \rightarrow 2^- \quad \lfloor x \rfloor = 1 \quad 1 - 3 = -2$

سوال 3)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \lceil x \rceil - 3$   $\rightarrow$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \lceil x \rceil - 3$   
 $x \rightarrow 2^+ \quad \lceil x \rceil = 2 \quad 2 - 3 = -1$   $x \rightarrow 2^- \quad \lceil x \rceil = 2 \quad 2 - 3 = -1$

سوال 4)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \lfloor x \rfloor = 1$   $\rightarrow$   $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \lfloor x \rfloor = 1$

سوال 5)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-3}{x-3}$   
 $x^+ \rightarrow \frac{0^+}{0^+} = +\infty$   
 $x^- \rightarrow \frac{0^-}{0^-} = -\infty$

سوال 6)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{x-3}{(x-3)^2}$   
 $x^+ \rightarrow \frac{0^+}{(0^+)^2} = +\infty$   
 $x^- \rightarrow \frac{0^-}{(0^-)^2} = +\infty$

سوال 7)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-3}{\sqrt{x-3}}$   
 $x^+ \rightarrow \frac{0^+}{\sqrt{0^+}} = \frac{0^+}{0^+} = +\infty$   
 $x^- \rightarrow \frac{0^-}{\sqrt{0^-}} = \frac{0^-}{0} = \text{تن}$

سوال 8)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-3}{\sqrt{x-3}}$   
 $x^+ \rightarrow \frac{0^+}{\sqrt{0^+}} = \frac{0^+}{0^+} = +\infty$   
 $x^- \rightarrow \frac{0^-}{\sqrt{0^-}} = \frac{0^-}{0} = \text{تن}$

الف)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\varepsilon x - 3}{x^2 - \sqrt{x} + 12}$   $\xrightarrow{x^+} \frac{9}{0^-} = -\infty$  (سوال 7)

$\xrightarrow{x^-} \frac{9}{0^+} = +\infty$  (5)

$\frac{\varepsilon}{+ \quad - \quad - \quad +}$

ب)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{\varepsilon x - 3}{[x-3]^2}$   $\xrightarrow{x^+} \frac{9}{0} = \infty$

$\xrightarrow{x^-} \frac{9}{[3^-]^2} = 9$  (5)

الف)  $\lim [3a] + [-2a] \xrightarrow{x^+} 9 + (-6) = 3$  (سوال 8)

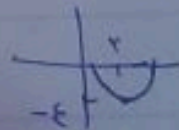
$\xrightarrow{x^-} 1 + (-6) = -5$  (5)

ب)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} [-\varepsilon x] \xrightarrow{-2^+} 2\varepsilon - 12 \geq 11$

$\xrightarrow{-2^-} 2\varepsilon - 12 \geq 11$  (5)

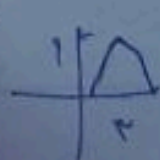
الف)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} [x^2 - \varepsilon x] \rightarrow -4$  (سوال 9)

در صورتی که فرض کنیم  $\varepsilon = 4$



ب)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} [-x^2 + 9a] = 0 \rightarrow \wedge$  (سوال 10)

در صورتی که فرض کنیم  $a = 9$



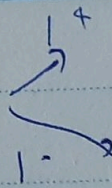
الف)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{|x-2|}{x^2 - \sqrt{x} + 12}$   $\xrightarrow{x^+} \frac{x-2}{(x-1)(x-2)}$  (سوال 11)

$\xrightarrow{x^-} \frac{-x+2}{(x-1)(x-2)} = -1$  (5)

Subject: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

$$\rightarrow) \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x - [x]}{x^2 - 1}$$



$$\frac{(x-1)}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x+1}$$

$$\frac{x}{(x-1)(x+1)} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$