

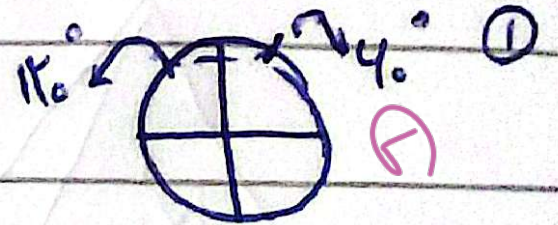
بازدهم بقدر

کلیه کتب

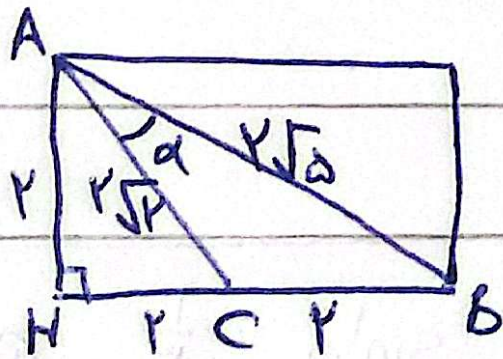
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نیایش ساداتی

$$S = \frac{1}{r} \times \sqrt{r^2} \times \sqrt{r^2} \times \sin \alpha = F/\omega \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{F}}{r}$$



$$\frac{110}{40} = r \text{ برابر}$$



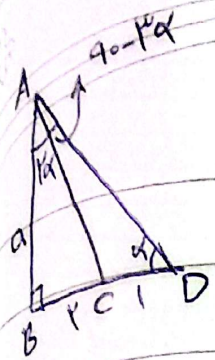
$$S_{\triangle ABC} = \frac{BC \times AH}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \times AC \times AB \times \sin \alpha \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times r\sqrt{r} \times r\sqrt{5} \times \sin \alpha = r \rightarrow r\sqrt{5} \cdot \sin \alpha = r \quad (5)$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{9}{10} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{10}}{\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}} = 3$$



$$AC = \sqrt{a^2 + k^2}$$

$$AD = \sqrt{a^2 + 9}$$

$$\frac{S_{\triangle ABC}}{S_{\triangle ACD}} = \frac{BC}{CD} = \frac{k}{1} = \frac{a \sqrt{a^2 + k^2} \sin \alpha \cos \alpha}{\sqrt{a^2 + 9} \sin \alpha} \quad (13)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 9}}{a \sqrt{a^2 + k^2}} \leftarrow a \sqrt{a^2 + k^2} \cos \alpha = \sqrt{a^2 + 9}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{k}{\sqrt{a^2 + 9}} = \frac{\sqrt{a^2 + 9}}{a \sqrt{a^2 + k^2}} \rightarrow a^2 + 9 = k a \sqrt{a^2 + k^2}$$

$$\sqrt{a^2 + k^2} = \frac{a}{k} + \frac{k}{a} \rightarrow a^2 + k^2 = \frac{a^2}{k^2} + \frac{9}{a^2} + k$$

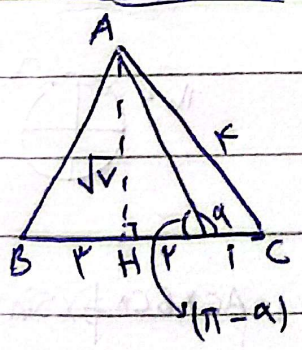
$$\frac{11a^2}{9} + k - \frac{9}{a^2} = 0$$

$$11a^2 + 11ka^2 - 9 = 0 \quad \leftarrow \frac{11a^2}{9} + ka^2 - 9 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-11 \pm \sqrt{121}}{11} = \frac{9}{11} \rightarrow a^2 = \frac{9}{11} \rightarrow \boxed{a = \pm \frac{3}{\sqrt{11}}}$$

$a = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}} \cdot x$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{BD}{AB} = \frac{k}{\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}}} = \frac{3\sqrt{11}}{k} = (14)$$



$$AH = \sqrt{11 - 9} = \sqrt{2} \quad (15)$$

$$\tan(\pi - \alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} = -\tan \alpha \rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$k \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{3}{k}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1/k - \cos^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1/k}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{k \cos^2 \alpha} \quad (16)$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{k} \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{k-1}{k}$$

$$\frac{\sin^k \alpha + k \cos^k \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} - \frac{\cos^k \alpha + k \sin^k \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{(1 - \cos^k \alpha)^k + k \cos^k \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} - \frac{(1 - \sin^k \alpha)^k + k \sin^k \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos^k \alpha + k \cos^k \alpha + 1}{\cos^k \alpha + 1} \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{\sin^k \alpha + k \sin^k \alpha + 1}{\sin^k \alpha + 1} = \cos^k \alpha + 1 - \sin^k \alpha \Rightarrow \cos^k \alpha - \sin^k \alpha = \frac{k \cos^k \alpha - 1}{1 - k \sin^k \alpha} = \frac{\cos^k \alpha}{1 - k \sin^k \alpha}$$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{k}{p}$  (3)  
 $\sin(\frac{9\pi}{p} + \alpha) \cos(\frac{9\pi}{p} - \alpha) - \tan(\alpha - \frac{9\pi}{p})$   
 $\cos \alpha (-\sin \alpha) + \cot \alpha = -\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cot \alpha = \frac{-kp}{pa} + \frac{k}{p} = \frac{-k + ka}{100}$   
 $\sin \alpha = \frac{k}{a}$   
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{-k}{a}$  (4)  $\frac{kp}{100}$

$(\sqrt{k} \cos^k x + \sqrt{p} \sin^k x - \sqrt{p} \cos \alpha)$  (5)  
 $\frac{k}{p} + \sqrt{p} (\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha) (-\frac{\sqrt{p}}{p}) = \frac{k}{p} - 1 = \frac{1}{p}$   
 $(\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha)^k = 1 - p \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = 1 - \sin^k \alpha = \frac{1}{p} \Rightarrow |\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha| = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{p}$   
 $\sin \alpha < \cos \alpha$   
 $\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{p}}{p}$

$\tan(\frac{\alpha}{p}) = \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow k - k \cos \alpha = 1 + \cos \alpha$  (6) (7)  
 $p = a \cos \alpha \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{k}{a}$

$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{k}{p} - \frac{k}{a}}{\frac{1}{a}} = \frac{1}{10} \times a = \frac{1}{p}$  (8)  $\sin \alpha = \frac{k}{a}$   
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{k}{p}$

$$9) \tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{10}{14}, \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{14}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{14}}{\frac{1}{14} - \frac{10}{14}} = \frac{-14}{10}$$

$$r \sin \alpha < \sin \alpha \rightarrow 0 < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha - r \sin \alpha$$

$$0 < \underbrace{r \sin \alpha}_{\ominus} (\underbrace{\cos \alpha - 1}_{\ominus}) \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\frac{\cot \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

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3	⊕

درج چهارم قرار داد

