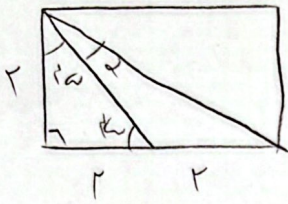
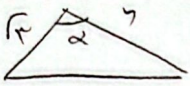


$$S = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{r} \times \sqrt{r} \times \sin \alpha = r^2 \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \alpha_{\min} = 4. \\ \alpha_{\max} = 11. \end{array} \right\} \frac{11.}{4.} = 2.75$$



$$\tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta} = 2$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha + 1}{1 - \tan \alpha} = 2$$

$$r - r \tan \alpha \tan \alpha = 1 \quad r \tan \alpha = 1 \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \quad \cot \alpha = r$$

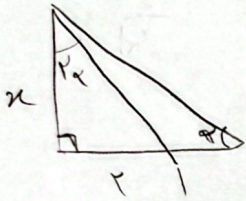
$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

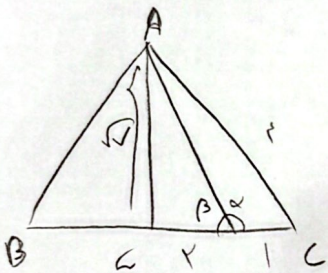
$$\frac{\frac{r}{r}}{1 - \frac{r^2}{r^2}} = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{1 - \frac{r^2}{r^2}} = \frac{r}{r - r^2} = \frac{r}{r(1 - r)} = \frac{1}{1 - r}$$

$$r \tan^2 \alpha = 1 - r^2 \quad \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1 - r^2}{r^2} \quad r = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$



$$\tan \alpha = -\tan \beta = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$



$$\sin^2 \alpha + (\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha) = \frac{r}{r}$$

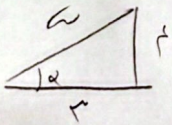
$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \quad \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{r}{r}} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha - (\sin^2 \alpha + r)}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha - r \cos^2 \alpha + r}{r - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{(r - \sin^2 \alpha)^r}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} = \frac{(r - \cos^2 \alpha)^r}{1 - \cos^2 \alpha} = r - \sin^2 \alpha = r + \cos^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\cos \alpha \times (-\sin \alpha) + \cot \alpha = -\sin \alpha \cos \alpha + \cot \alpha = \frac{-1r}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{-r + r}{r} = \frac{0}{r} = 0$$



$$\cot \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$r \cos \alpha + r \sin \left(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4} \right) = r \cos \frac{\pi}{4} - r \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{r}{\sqrt{2}}$$

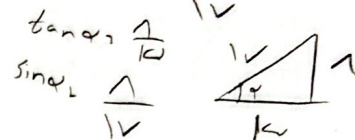
$$\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tan \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} \right) = \frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{14} \quad 14 - 14 \cos \alpha = 1 + \cos \alpha$$

$$14 \cos \alpha = 13$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{13}{14}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{14} - \frac{1}{14}}{\frac{1}{14} + \frac{13}{14}} = \frac{\frac{1 \times 14 - 1}{14}}{-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{13}{-14\sqrt{2}} = -\frac{13}{14\sqrt{2}}$$



$$r \sin \alpha < \sin 2\alpha$$

$$r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha > r \sin \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha \cos \alpha > \sin \alpha$$

$\left. \begin{array}{l} \sin \alpha > 0 \\ \sin \alpha < 0 \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \cos \alpha > 1 \quad \times \\ \cos \alpha < 1 \quad \checkmark \end{array}$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin 2\alpha} > 0 \quad \cos \alpha > 0$$

$\cos \alpha > 0 \quad \sin \alpha < 0$