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ساری استانی یازدهم فصل - شماره تلفن ۲۴

$$f(x) = r^{Ax+B}$$

$$y = r^x$$

مطلوبه \rightarrow ۲ و ۱

(۳, ۹) (۱, ۱)

$$\begin{cases} r^A + B = 1 \\ r^{2A+B} = 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} +A+B=0 \\ 2A+B=2 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} -A-B=0 \\ 2A+B=2 \end{cases} \textcircled{1}$$

$$2A=2$$

$$A=1$$

$$f(0) = r^B = r^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$$

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$$A+B=0$$

$$B=-1$$

$$\log_r(r^x + 10) = x + r$$

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$$r^{x+r} = r^x + 10$$

$$r^x \times r^r = (r^x)^r + 10$$

$$r^x \cdot r^r = t^r - rt + 10 = 0$$

$$(t-\alpha)(t-r) = 0$$

$$t = \alpha \quad t = r$$

$$r^x = \alpha \quad r^x = r$$

$$x = \log_r \alpha \quad x = \log_r r$$

$$x_1 + x_2 = \log_r \alpha + \log_r r = \log_r 10$$

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$$(\log_r r)^r + \log_r r \log_r r^r =$$

$$\log_r r^r = \log_r r^{r \times r} = 1 + \log_r \frac{r}{r} = 1 + \log_r r - \log_r r = r - \log_r r$$

$$\log_r r^r = \log_r r^r \times r = r + \log_r r$$

$$\text{مجموع} = r - (\log_r r)^r$$

$$\rightarrow (\log_r r)^r + r - (\log_r r)^r = r \textcircled{۲}$$

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(F)

$$\log x^{r-r+1} + r \log(1-x) = a$$

$$\log(-x) = ?$$

$$\log(1-x)^r + r \log(1-x) = a$$

$$\log_r a = (r) \text{ (F)}$$

$$\frac{r \log(1-x)}{r} + r \log(1-x) = a$$

$$a \cdot t = a$$

$$t = 1 \rightarrow \log(1-x) = 1$$

$$1-x = 10$$

$$\boxed{-x = 9}$$

(a)

$$\log_r x^{r+r+r} + \log_r x^{-r} = r$$

$$\log \frac{x}{\sqrt{r}} = ?$$

$$\log_r x^{4r+r} + \log_r x^{-r} = r$$

$$\log_r \frac{x^r}{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} = \frac{\frac{r}{r}}{\frac{1}{r}} \log_r r = (r) \text{ (F)}$$

$$\log_r (x^{4r+r})(x^{-r}) = r$$

(F)

$$\log_r x^{r-1} = \log_r 1$$

$$\sqrt[r]{x^r} = \sqrt[r]{1}$$

$$x = r^{\frac{r}{r}}$$

(4)

$$\log(r-x) - \log \frac{1}{(x-r)^r} = r$$

$$\log \frac{-x}{\sqrt{r}} = \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \log_r \frac{r}{r} = (4) \text{ (F)}$$

$$\log(r-x) + \log(x-r)^r = r$$

$$\log^{-(x-r)} + \log(x-r)^r = r$$

$$\log_{10}^{-(x-r)(x-r)^r} = r$$

$$-t(t^r) = 10^r$$

$$-t^r = 10^r$$

$$\boxed{t = -10}$$

$$t = x-r = -10$$

$$\boxed{x = -1}$$

$$p \cdot n^r - r = 11 \cdot 2$$

$$\log_{1/4} n - r = \log_{1/4} \frac{r+14}{4} = \frac{1}{r} \quad (1)$$

$$p \cdot n^r - r = r \cdot r \cdot n$$

$$2^r - r \cdot 2 - r = \dots$$

$$\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 14 - r(-r) = r^2$$

$$\frac{r \pm \sqrt{r^2}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r \pm r}{r} \rightarrow r \pm \sqrt{4} = n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \omega_1 &= r + \sqrt{4} \\ \omega_2 &= r - \sqrt{4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\log_r r = \frac{\omega}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/r} \lambda = \frac{\log_r \lambda}{\log_r 1/r} = \frac{r \log_r \lambda}{\log_r r^r \times r} = \frac{r \log_r \lambda}{r + \log_r r} = \frac{r \times \frac{\omega}{\lambda}}{r + \frac{\omega}{\lambda}} = \frac{\frac{r\omega}{\lambda}}{\frac{r\lambda + \omega}{\lambda}} = \frac{r\omega}{r\lambda + \omega} \quad (2)$$

$$\log_r r = \frac{\omega}{\lambda}$$

$$\log_{1/r} 4 = \frac{\log_r 4}{\log_r 1/r} = \frac{\log_r 4 + \log_r r}{\log_r r + \log_r r} = \frac{\frac{1}{r} + \frac{\omega}{\lambda}}{1 + \frac{\omega}{\lambda}} = \frac{\frac{1\lambda + \omega r}{r\lambda}}{\frac{\lambda + \omega}{\lambda}} = \frac{1\lambda + \omega r}{r(\lambda + \omega)} = \frac{1\lambda}{r\lambda} = \frac{1}{r} \quad (3)$$

$$(a \log_r) n^r + a n + b \log_r r = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Dividing by } n^r &\rightarrow \frac{-c}{a} = \frac{-b \log_r r}{a \log_r r} = \frac{-b}{a} \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{b}{a} = \log_r a \\ 1 - \frac{b}{a} &= \frac{-1}{a \log_r r} = -\log_r a \end{aligned}$$

$\sqrt{r} \log_r a = a \log_r \sqrt{r} = a \frac{1}{r}$