

$\log_n^m = a \quad \log_{mn}^{m^n} = b \quad a \neq 1, [b] = ?$

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مشتق

$\log_n^n = \frac{1}{a}$

$\log_{mn}^{m^n} = \log_{mn}^{m^r} + \log_{mn}^n = r \log_{mn}^m + \log_{mn}^n = \frac{ra}{a+1} + \frac{1}{a+1}$

$\log_{mn}^n = \frac{1}{\log_{mn}^m} = \frac{1}{\frac{\log_n^m}{a}} = \frac{a}{1 + \frac{1}{a}} = \frac{a}{\frac{a+1}{a}} = \frac{a^2}{a+1} = b$

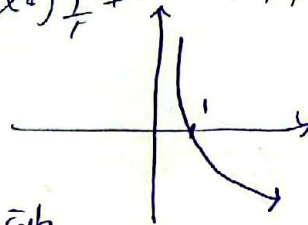
$\log_{mn}^m = \frac{1}{\log_{mn}^n} = \frac{1}{\frac{a^2}{a+1}} = \frac{a+1}{a^2} = \frac{1}{a} \Rightarrow [b] = \left[1 + \frac{a}{a+1}\right] = 1$

$\Rightarrow [b] = \left[1 + \frac{a}{a+1}\right] = 1$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x}{\log \frac{x}{\frac{1}{x}}}}$

مشتق

$\log \frac{x}{\frac{1}{x}} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 1$



$P_f = (0, 1)$

مشتق دامنه ی \log نیز از مشتق است
درست مخرج نیز از مشتق است

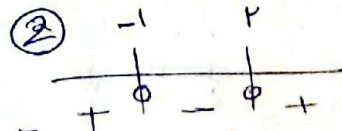
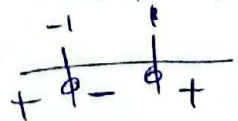
$\frac{x}{\log \frac{x}{\frac{1}{x}}}$

طبق نمودار
برای $(0, 1)$
نقطه $(+)$

ب) $y = \frac{\log(x^2 - x - 2)}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1}$

$x^2 - x - 2 > 0 = (x-2)(x+1) > 0$

$x^2 - 1 > 0 = (x+1)(x-1) > 0$



ج) $\sqrt{x^2 - 1} + 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x^2 - 1} \neq -1$
 $P_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$r \log_x^a + \log_a^{\sqrt{x}} = r \quad x=9 \quad a=?$

$x=9$

$a=?$

$\log_x^a = \frac{1}{r}$

$r + \frac{1}{r} = r$

$\Rightarrow \log_9^a = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \sqrt{9+r} = a$

$\log_x^a = t \quad \frac{1}{\log_x^a} = \log_a^x = \frac{1}{t}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{r^r + 1}{r^r} = r \Rightarrow r^r - r^r + 1 = 0$

$\log_a^{\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{r} \log_x^a = \frac{1}{rt}$

$t^r - t^r + 1 = (t-t)^r = 0$
 $t = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

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$$\log 1 = 0,1 \quad \log 2 = 0,3$$

$$(\log 9)^2 + (\log 4) \log 10 - \log 10 = 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{(\log 9)^2 - 2 \times (\log 9) \times (-\log 10)}}{|\log 9|} = \frac{\sqrt{(0,18)^2 + 2 \times 0,18 \times 0,1}}{0,18} = \frac{\sqrt{0,042 + 0,036}}{0,18}$$

$$\log 9 = 2 \log 3 = 2 \times 0,2 = 0,4$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{0,078}}{0,18} = \frac{0,28}{0,18} = \frac{14}{9}$$

$$\log \frac{9}{4} = \log 9 - \log 4 = 0,4 - 0,2 = 0,2$$

$$\log 2 = \log \frac{10}{5} = \log 10 - \log 5 = 1 - 0,3 = 0,7$$

$$\log 10 = \log 2 \times 5 = \log 2 + \log 5 = 0,2 + 0,3 = 0,5$$

$$\log 5 = 0,7 \quad \log 2 = 0,3 \quad \log \frac{10}{12} = \frac{1}{\log 12} = \frac{1}{\log 3 + \log 4} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\frac{5}{6}} = \frac{6}{5}$$

$$\log 2 = \frac{1}{\log 5} = \frac{1}{0,7} = 1,4$$

$$\log 10 = \log 2 + \log 5 = 1,4 + 0,7 = 2,1 \Rightarrow \log 10 = \frac{1}{2,1}$$

$$\log 5 = \frac{\log 10}{\log 2} = \frac{2,1}{1,4} = \frac{3}{2} = 1,5$$

$$\log 2 = 1,4 \quad \log 5 = 1,5 \quad \log \frac{4}{10} = \log 4 - \log 10 = \frac{1}{2} - 2,1 = -1,9 = \frac{19}{10}$$

$$\log \frac{2}{10} = \frac{1}{\log 10} = \frac{1}{2,1} = \frac{10}{21} = \frac{10}{3 \times 7} = \frac{10}{21}$$

$$\log \frac{5}{10} = \frac{1}{\log 10} = \frac{1}{2,1} = \frac{10}{21} = \frac{10}{3 \times 7} = \frac{10}{21}$$

$$\log 2 = \frac{\log 10}{\log 5} = \frac{2,1}{1,5} = \frac{7}{5} = 1,4$$

2. Diskussion

$$\log_{\lambda}^m = m \quad \log_{\lambda}^r = \log_{\lambda}^r + \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r-1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r+r-1}{r} = \frac{2r-1}{r}$$

$$m = \log_{\lambda}^m = \log_{\lambda}^{r \times r} = r \log_{\lambda}^r + \frac{1}{r} \log_{\lambda}^r$$

$$r \log_{\lambda}^r = m - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r(m-1)}{r} \Rightarrow \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{r(m-1)}{r}$$

$$\log_{\lambda}^r = \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{1}{r} \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{r(m-1)}{r} \Rightarrow \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{r(m-1)}{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \log_{\lambda}^r = \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{r(m-1)}{r}$$

$$(a/r)^{r(x-1)} = \left(\frac{1 \times a}{\lambda}\right)^{x^r} \quad \log_{\lambda}^{(a/r)^{r(x-1)}} = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{1}{\lambda} \times a^{r(x-1)}} = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{1}{\lambda} \times a^{r(x-1)}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)^{r(x-1)} = \frac{1 \times a^{r(x-1)}}{1 \times \lambda^{r(x-1)}} = \frac{a^{r(x-1)}}{\lambda^{r(x-1)}} = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{a}{\lambda}} = \frac{r}{\lambda} \log_{\lambda}^r = \frac{r}{\lambda}$$

$$\left(\frac{a^r}{\lambda^r}\right)^{x^r} \Rightarrow r^{r(x-1)+r(x-1)} = r^{r(x-1)} \times a^{r(x-1)} \times a^{r(x-1)}$$

$$\Rightarrow r^{r(x^2+r(x-1))} = a^{r(x^2+r(x-1))} \Rightarrow r^{r(x^2+r(x-1))} = a^{r(x^2+r(x-1))}$$

$$\frac{-r}{r} = -1 \left(\frac{1}{\lambda}\right)$$

$$\log_{\lambda}^r = a \quad \log_{\lambda}^b = \frac{r}{\lambda}(1+a) \quad \frac{1}{r} \log_{\lambda}^r = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{r}{\lambda}} = \frac{1}{\lambda} a$$

$$\log_{\lambda}(rb-1)$$

$$\log_{\lambda}^b = \frac{r}{\lambda} (\log_{\lambda}^r + \log_{\lambda}^r) = \frac{r}{\lambda} \log_{\lambda}^r + \frac{r}{\lambda} \log_{\lambda}^r = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{r}{\lambda}} + \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{r}{\lambda}} = \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{r^2}{\lambda}}$$

$$\log_{\lambda}(rb-1) = \log_{\lambda}(r \times r - 1) = \log_{\lambda}^{r^2 - 1} = \log_{\lambda}^{r^2 - 1} = \frac{r^2 - 1}{\lambda}$$

$$-r a x^r + b x + \frac{1}{r} c = \dots \quad \frac{a}{b} = \frac{1}{r} \log_{\lambda}^r \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{r}{\log_{\lambda}^r}$$

$$\frac{-b}{-r a} = \frac{b}{r a} \Rightarrow \frac{r a}{b} = \log_{\lambda}^r \quad \left(\frac{1}{r \frac{1}{\lambda}}\right)^{\frac{c}{a}} = \frac{1}{r \frac{1}{\lambda} \times \frac{c}{a}} = \frac{1}{r \frac{1}{\lambda} \log_{\lambda}^r}$$

$$b+c = r a \Rightarrow b = r a - c$$

$$\frac{r^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{1 \times \frac{1}{\lambda}} = (a/r)^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}}$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = \frac{r a - b}{a} = r - \frac{b}{a} = r - \frac{r}{\log_{\lambda}^r} = r - \log_{\lambda}^{\frac{r}{\lambda}}$$