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1-  $2x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + K = 0 \rightarrow \square + \square = K \Rightarrow 9 + 4 = 11$   
 $\frac{4x^2 + 4y + 4}{(y+2)^2} + \frac{2x^2 - 4x + 2}{(x-1)^2} = 0$

✓ (5)

2-  $a^2 + 4a = 4a + a + 2 \rightarrow a^2 + a - 2 = 0$   
 $(a+2)(a-1) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = -2 \text{ قی } 1 \\ a = 1 \text{ قی } 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow a = 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 + 4 = 5 \\ 2 + 1 + 2 = 5 \end{cases}$

✓ (5)

3-  $|x+1| \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 1$   
 $\rightarrow x \leq -3 \Rightarrow x = -3 \sim |1-b| = a-4 \rightarrow a+b = 24$

✓ (5)

4-  $x = 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 12 - a = 0 \rightarrow a = 12 \\ b - 4 = 0 \rightarrow b = 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$

✓ (5)

5-  $\frac{x+1}{|x-3|} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq 1$  (محدودہ مثبت)  
 $\frac{4-x}{x^2+3x+4} > 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4$  (محدودہ مثبت و دلالی دلالی منی)  
 $D_f = [1, 4]$  (سے رشتہ خارج)

(1, 4)

6-  $[x] - 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \geq 4 \rightarrow x \geq 4$   
 $2 - [x] \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \leq 2 \rightarrow x < 3$   
 $D_f = \emptyset$

7- الف)  $\frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{(x^2-4)(x+9)} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-\infty -3 -2^* 2 3^* +\infty}{+ \ominus - \ominus - \ominus + \ominus +}$   
 $D_f = (-\infty, -3) \cup (2, +\infty) - \{3\}$

(5)

ب)  $\frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^2 + 2x^2 - 5x - 4} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-3)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x+3)(x-2)} \geq 0$   
 $D_f = (-\infty, -3) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty)$

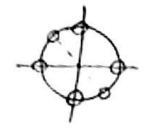
8- الف)  $[x] - 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \geq 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} -x \geq 2 \\ x \leq -2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -2]$

✓ (5)

$\rightarrow) [x]^{-1} - 2[x] - 3 \neq 0$   
 $([x] - 3)([x] + 1) \neq 0 \rightarrow [x] \neq 3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{3\}$   
 $[x] \neq -1 \rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 3\}$

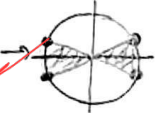
$D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup [0, 3) \cup [4, +\infty)$

$\cos x = \frac{\cos 2x}{\sin 2x} \rightarrow \sin 2x \neq 0$   
 $\tan 2x = \frac{\sin 2x}{\cos 2x} \rightarrow \cos 2x \neq 0$   
 $\tan x \neq -1$



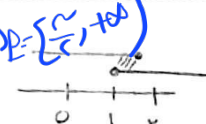
$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} \right\}$

$\rightarrow) \lfloor x \sin^2 x > 0 \rightarrow x \sin^2 x \leq 1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x} \leq \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{x}$   
 $\sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{x}$



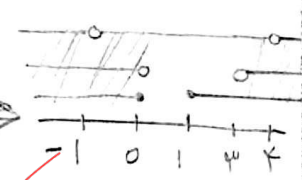
$D_f = \left[ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \right]$

$\log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-1 \leq 1 \rightarrow x-1 \leq \frac{1}{x}$   
 $x \leq \frac{1}{x-1}, x-1 > 0$   
 $x > 1$



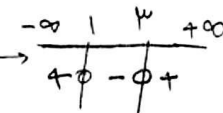
$D_f = (1, \frac{2}{x-1}]$

$x^2 - x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0$   
 $x^2 - 3x > 0 \rightarrow x(x-3) > 0$   
 $1 - \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-3 \neq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-3 \neq 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 3x \neq x$   
 $x^2 - 4x \neq 0$   
 $(x-4)(x+1) \neq 0$   
 $x \neq 4, -1$



$D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (1, 3) \cup (4, +\infty)$

$x^2 - 4x + 3 \geq 0 \rightarrow -x^2 + 4x - 3 \geq 0$   
 $x^2 - 4x + 3 \leq 0$   
 $(x-1)(x-3) \leq 0$



$D_f = [1, 3]$

$\frac{3x+2}{x+4} \in \mathbb{W} \rightarrow x = -\frac{4k-2}{3k-4} \Rightarrow D_f = \left\{ x \mid x = -\frac{4k-2}{3k-4}, k \in \mathbb{W} \right\}$