

موردی بیست و نه (نصرا)

(نصرا)

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نصرا

سوال 1

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + K = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + K = 0$$

K = 0

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + K_1 = 0 \rightarrow K_1 = 4$$

$$(x+2)^2 + y^2 = K_2 + 4$$

$$(x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y) = 4$$

$$K_1 + K_2 = 4 + 4 = 8$$

سوال 2

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x & x \geq 0 \\ x^2 + 4x & x < 0 \end{cases}$$

→

$$a^2 + 4a = 4a + a + 4$$

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$$a^2 + 4a - 4a - 4 = 0$$

$$a^2 - 4 = 0 \rightarrow (a-2)(a+2) = 0$$

$$a = 2$$

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$$f(1) = (1)^2 + 4(1) = 5$$

$$f(1) = 5$$

سوال 3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 - b & |x| \geq 2 \\ a + 2x & -2 \leq x \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

$$|x| \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 2$$

$$|x| \leq 2 \rightarrow x \leq -2$$

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$$a + b = 0$$

$$f(x) = -2$$

$$f(-2) = -b = a + 2(-2)$$

$$-b = a - 4 \rightarrow 1 - b = a - 4 \rightarrow 1 + 4 = a + b$$

سوال 4

$$y = \sqrt{4x - 4} + \sqrt{b - 2x}$$

$$12 - a = 0$$

$$a = 12$$

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$$b - 4 = 0 \rightarrow b = 4$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$Dy = [1, 2]$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{3}$$

سوال 5

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{|x-1|}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2 + 4x + 5}}$$

$$\frac{-1}{1 + \delta}$$

$$\frac{y}{1 + \delta}$$

$$\frac{-1}{1 + \delta}$$

$$Dy = [1, 2] \cup (2, 4]$$

$$y = \sqrt{[x] - 1} + \sqrt{2 - [x]}$$

$$Dy = \emptyset$$

$$\frac{y}{1 + \delta}$$

$$[x] \geq 1 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \quad 2 - [x] \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \leq 2 \rightarrow 1 \leq x < 3$$

$$a) \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 - 13x + 44}} \Rightarrow \frac{(x-3)(x+2)}{(x-4)(x-11)}$$

$$x^2 + 5 \rightarrow x = \pm 2$$

$$x^2 - 9 \rightarrow x = \pm 3$$

$$a(t-5)(t-9)$$

$$\leftarrow \textcircled{+5} \textcircled{-9} (-\infty, -5) \cup (-5, -9) \cup (-9, \infty)$$

$$b) \sqrt{\frac{x^4 - 2x^2 - 3}{x^4 + 2x^2 - 3}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-3)(x+3)}{(x+1)(x-3)(x-2)}$$

$$\frac{-3 \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3}{+ \quad - \quad + \quad - \quad + \quad -}$$

$$D(f) = (-\infty, -3) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, \infty)$$

$$c) \sqrt{[x] - 2}$$

$$[x] - 2 \geq 0$$

$$[x] \geq 2$$

$$-2 \geq x$$

$$x \leq -2$$

$$D(f) = (-\infty, -2]$$

$$d) \frac{2x^2 + 4x}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3} \neq 0$$

$$([x] - 3)([x] + 1)$$

$$[x] \neq 3 \quad [x] \neq -1$$

$$[3, \infty) \quad [-1, 0)$$

$$D(f) = (-\infty, 3) \cup [-1, 0) \cup [4, \infty)$$

$$e) \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$$

$$\frac{\cos}{\sin}$$

$$\frac{\cos}{\sin} \Rightarrow \sin \neq 0$$

$$\tan x + 1 \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow R - \left\{x\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\right\}$$

$$\cos \neq 0$$

$$\rightarrow \pi$$

$$\rightarrow R - \left\{\frac{\pi}{2}, \pi, \frac{3\pi}{2}\right\}$$

$$f) \sqrt{1 - \epsilon \sin^2 x}$$

$$1 - \epsilon \sin^2 x \geq 0$$

$$\epsilon \sin^2 x \leq 1$$

$$\left[k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\right]$$

$$\leftarrow \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{\epsilon} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}}$$

$$g) \sqrt{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{F}}^{n-1}}$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{F}}^{n-1} \geq 0$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{F}}^{n-1} \leq 1 \rightarrow n-1 \leq \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow n \leq \frac{1}{F} + 1$$

$$n-1 \geq 0 \rightarrow n \geq 1$$

$$[1, \frac{1}{F} + 1]$$

$$h) \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - a}{1 - \log_e^{x^2 - a}}}$$

$$x^2 - a \geq 0$$

$$a(x-1) \geq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{1-1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1}{1-1} \neq \pm \infty$$

$$a(x-1) \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1$$

$$x^2 - a \neq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x+1)$$

$$x^2 - 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{0}{+1-1}$$

$$(-\infty, 0) \cup (2, +\infty) - \{1, -1\}$$

$$1) \sqrt{\frac{\epsilon x - x^2}{-1}}$$

$$[1, 3]$$

$$\frac{\epsilon x - x^2}{-1} \geq -1$$

$$\frac{1}{+} \frac{x}{-} \frac{1}{+}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon x - x^2}{-1} \geq -1$$

$$(x-3)(x-1) \leq 0$$

$$\epsilon x - x^2 - 1 \geq 0$$

سوال 1

$$y = \left(\frac{\epsilon x + \delta}{\epsilon x + \epsilon} \right)!$$

$$\left\{ x \mid x \geq \frac{\epsilon x + \delta}{\epsilon - \epsilon x}, x \in W \right\}$$

$$\frac{\epsilon x + \delta}{\epsilon x + \epsilon} \in W$$

$$x \in \frac{\epsilon W - \delta}{\epsilon - \epsilon W}$$

$$\epsilon x + \delta \in \epsilon x W + \epsilon W$$

$$\epsilon x - \epsilon x W \in \epsilon W - \delta$$