

1

$$2x^2 + 4xy + 2y^2 + k = 0 \rightarrow (y+3)^2$$

$$k = ? \rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x + 2 \rightarrow 2(x^2 - 2x + 1) = 2(x-1)^2 \rightarrow k = 2$$

نقطه (1, 3) در این تابع صدق می کند و $k = 11$

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2

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + \varepsilon x & ; x \geq \alpha \\ 2x + \varepsilon x^2 & ; x < \alpha \end{cases} \rightarrow f(1) = 2 \rightarrow f(1) = 5$$

$$x^2 + \varepsilon x \xrightarrow{x=1} 1 + \varepsilon$$

$$2x + \varepsilon x^2 \xrightarrow{x=1} 2 + \varepsilon$$

$$1 + \varepsilon = 2 + \varepsilon \rightarrow \varepsilon = -1$$

$$x^2 + \varepsilon x = 1 - x$$

$$2x + \varepsilon x^2 = 2 - 2x$$

$$1 - x = 2 - 2x \rightarrow x = 1$$

3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - b & ; |x| \geq 1 \\ a + bx & ; -3 \leq x \leq -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow f(1) = 2 \rightarrow 2 - b = 2 \rightarrow b = 0$$

$$a + bx = 2 \rightarrow a = 2$$

$$a = 2, b = 0$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 & ; |x| \geq 1 \\ 2 & ; -3 \leq x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(1) = 2, f(-1) = 2, f(-3) = 2$$

$$f(x) = 2$$

4

$$y = \sqrt{4x - a} + \sqrt{b - 2x}$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid 4x - a \geq 0 \text{ and } b - 2x \geq 0\}$$

$$4x - a \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq \frac{a}{4}$$

$$b - 2x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq \frac{b}{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{b}{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{4} \leq \frac{b}{2} \rightarrow a \leq 2b$$

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5

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-3}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+8}}$$

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$$D_f = \{x \mid \frac{x+1}{x-3} \geq 0 \text{ and } \frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+8} \geq 0\}$$

$$\frac{x+1}{x-3} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq -1 \text{ or } x \geq 3$$

$$\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+8} \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 4$$

$$D_f = \{x \mid x \leq -1 \text{ or } 3 \leq x \leq 4\}$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 4}{x^2 - 13x + 44}}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{x^2 - x - 4}{x^2 - 13x + 44} \rightarrow \frac{(x-4)(x+1)}{(x-11)(x-4)}$$

$$D_f = R \setminus (-\infty, -1) \cup (4, 11) \cup (11, \infty)$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{[x] - 2}$$

$$\rightarrow [x] - 2 \geq 0$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [2, \infty)$$

$$الف) y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\tan x + 1}$$

$$\sin x \neq 0$$

$$\cos x \neq 0$$

$$\sin x \neq -\cos x$$

$$D_f = R \setminus \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$\frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x} \cdot \frac{\sin x}{\sin x + \cos x}$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x}}$$

$$x > 1$$

$$1 \leq \log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq b$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \leq \log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq b$$

$$D_f = \left[\frac{1}{1-b}, \infty \right)$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{x^2 - x^2 - 1}$$

$$\rightarrow x^2 - x^2 \geq 1$$

$$D_f = [1, 3]$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \leq \log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq b$$

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$$(x-1)(x^2)$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 8x + 4}{x^2 + 2x^2 - 8x - 4}}$$

$$\frac{-3 - 2 = -1}{1} \quad \frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{3}{2}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -3) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{x^2 + 4}$$

$$\rightarrow [x]^2 - 1 \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow [x] \geq 1 \text{ or } [x] \leq -1$$

$$x \notin [1, 2] \quad x \notin [1, 2] \quad [x] \neq 1, [x] \neq -1$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon \sin^2 x}$$

$$k \in \mathbb{Z}$$

$$\rightarrow 1 - \varepsilon \sin^2 x \geq 0$$

$$D_f = \left[\frac{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}}{2}, \frac{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{1}{\varepsilon} \leq \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{x^2 - x} \rightarrow x^2 - x \geq 0$$

$$\frac{x^2 - x}{x(x-1)} \geq 0$$

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