

$$n \neq 1$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{(1-n)^2} = \frac{14}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2-n} = t$$

$$t^2 + 2t - \frac{14}{9} = 0$$

$$9t^2 + 18t - 14 = 0$$

$$(t + \frac{3}{2})(t - \frac{7}{6}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2-n} = \frac{7}{6}$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2} + \frac{1}{(1-n)^2} = \left(\frac{1}{n} - \frac{1}{n-1}\right)^2 + \frac{2}{n^2-n} = \frac{14}{9} \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{n^2-n}\right)^2 + \frac{2}{n^2-n} = \frac{14}{9}$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2-n} = \frac{7}{6} \rightarrow \frac{1}{n^2-n} - \frac{7}{6} = 0$$

$$\frac{n-1-n}{n^2-n} = \frac{-1}{n^2-n}$$

$$\frac{1}{n^2-n} = -\frac{7}{6} \rightarrow -\frac{7}{6}n^2 + \frac{7}{6}n - 1 = 0$$

$$\frac{-b}{a} = \frac{-\frac{7}{6}}{-\frac{7}{6}} = 1$$

$$1+1=2$$

$$\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{-n^2+2n+1} + \sqrt{n^2+1} + \sqrt{-n^2+4n-1} = n+5$$

$$n \in [1, +\infty)$$

$$-n^2+4n-1 \geq 0$$

$$n^2-4n+1 \leq 0$$

$$(n-2)(n-1) \leq 0$$

$$\frac{2}{1} \frac{2}{1} \rightarrow [2, 2]$$

$$[2, 2]: 0$$

$$n=2 \rightarrow -2+14+2-1=13$$

$$n=2 \rightarrow -2+14+2-1=13$$

$$n=2 \rightarrow -4+4+1-1=0$$

$$-14+22-1=0$$

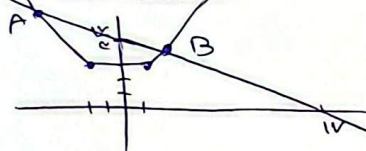
$$\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{14} = 2+2 = 4$$

اجواب

$$y = |n+2| + |n-1|$$

$$y = -n+1$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}n + \frac{14}{2}$$



$$\begin{aligned} & -n-2-n+1 = -2n-1 \\ & -2n-1 = -\frac{1}{2}n + \frac{14}{2} \\ & \frac{1}{2}n = \frac{15}{2} \\ & n = 15 \end{aligned}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{(2+2)^2 + (2-1)^2} = \sqrt{10}$$

از این به بعد در هر دو طرف مربع میزنیم و از هر دو طرف جذ میگیریم

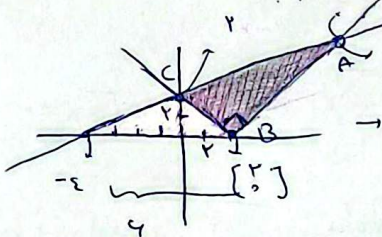
$$y = \sqrt{n^2-2n+1} = \sqrt{(n-1)^2} = |n-1|$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}n + 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}n = -2 \rightarrow n = -4$$

$$BC = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$AB = \sqrt{(n-1)^2 + (4)^2} = \sqrt{16+16} = 4\sqrt{2}$$



$$|n-1| = \frac{1}{2}n + 2$$

$$n-1 = \frac{1}{2}n + 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}n = 3$$

$$n = 6$$

$$y = 4$$

$$= 12$$

$$\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+4} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n+4} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{n+4}{n(n+4)} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$n^2+4n = 5n+20$$

$$n^2-5n-20=0$$

$$(n-10)(n+2)=0$$

$$n = 10$$

$$n+4$$

$$n$$