

مسارهای استیلا - یازدهم رشت - شماره ۱۷

$A(-2, k) \quad B(k, m)$

(۱)

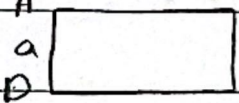
$\frac{m-k}{k-(-2)} = \frac{m-k}{4} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow m-k = -2$ فاصله دو نقطه = اندازه ضلع

$\sqrt{(k-(-2))^2 + (m-k)^2} = \sqrt{3^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{25} \quad \boxed{S = 25}$

$A(-1, k) \quad B(2, 1) \quad C(x, y) \quad D(-1-2x, y+3)$

(۲)

$(-1, k) \quad b=a \quad B(2, 1)$



$m_{AB} = \frac{k-1}{-1-2} = \frac{k}{-3} \rightarrow m_{BC} = \frac{k}{3}$

$x_A + x_C = x_B + x_D$

$-1 + a = 2 - 1 - a$

$k_A = 3 \rightarrow a = \frac{3}{3}$

$b = \sqrt{(2-(-1))^2 + (1-k)^2} = a$ $\frac{k}{3}(3) + h = 1$

$a = \sqrt{(\frac{k}{3}-2)^2 + (-1-1)^2} = \frac{a}{3} \quad \frac{k}{3}(\frac{3}{3}) - 3 = -1 \quad h = -3$
 $(\frac{3}{3}, -1)$

$P = 2(a + \frac{a}{3}) = 10$

$\theta = 45^\circ$

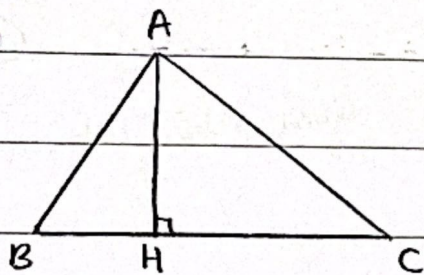
$k m x + (m^2 - 1) y = 3$

(۳)

$\tan \theta = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow a = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{k m}{1 - m^2} = \sqrt{3}$

$\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} m^2 = k m$

$\sqrt{3} m^2 + k m - \sqrt{3} = 0 \rightarrow |a - b| = \sqrt{\Delta} = \frac{\sqrt{k^2 - 4\sqrt{3}(-\sqrt{3})}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{k}{\sqrt{3}}$



AH $\rightarrow$ A nokta
BC'ye

$$C(11) \quad B(r, r) \quad A(1, 9) \quad (K)$$

$$AH = \frac{|y - r + r|}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1 + r^2}}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}}$$

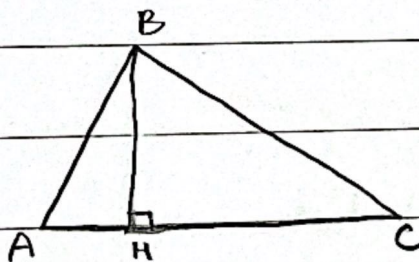
$$m_{BC} = \frac{11 - r}{r - r} = \frac{1}{r} = (P)$$

$$r(r) + h = r \rightarrow h = -r \rightarrow y = r - r$$

$$AB = y + r = 1 \rightarrow y = -r + 1$$

$$AC = ry - r = 1$$

$$BC = ry - r = -1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}$$



$$r + 1 = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r = 1 \quad B(r, 1)$$

$$BH = \frac{|ry - r - 1|}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}}$$

$$(0, -4) \quad \left(-\frac{r}{r}, 0\right)$$

$$m = \frac{0 - (-4)}{-\frac{r}{r}} = \frac{4}{-\frac{r}{r}} = \frac{-4r}{r} = -4 \quad (4)$$

$$y = -4x - 4 \rightarrow x = -4x - 4$$

$$4x = -4 \rightarrow x = \frac{-4}{4} = -1$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1 + r^2}}}$$

$$y - ax = 1$$

$$ay - x = a - 1$$

مقابلہ عکسہ سے یہ سبب ملتا ہے

(V)

$$x=0 \Rightarrow y=1$$

$$(1, 1)$$

$$S = ?$$

$$a = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow a = \pm 1$$

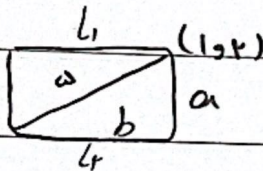
$$a = 1 \rightarrow y = x + 1$$

$$y = x \text{ (1, 1) سے}$$

$$a = -1 \rightarrow y = -x + 1$$

$$y = -x - 1$$

صاف ہو گیا



$$a = \frac{|1-1|}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$S = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}a$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + b^2 = a \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$A(x, 0)$$

$$x - 3y = 1$$

(A)

$$3y = x - 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{x}{3} - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-3(x) + h = 0 \rightarrow h = 3x$$

$$\frac{x}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = 0 \rightarrow x = 1$$

$$-3x + 1 = 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-9x + 3y = 1 \rightarrow 3y = 1 + 9x \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3} + 3x$$

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{3} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{3} = 0, 9$$

$$x = \frac{|1-1|}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$$

$$y = \sqrt{(1, 1)^2 + (0, 9)^2} = \frac{9\sqrt{10}}{10}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \times \frac{9\sqrt{10}}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{3}, b\right) \quad \left(-\frac{1}{3}, a\right)$$

(4)

$$m = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{a-b}{-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}} = \sqrt{3} \quad a-b = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$x = \sqrt{(a-b)^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3}\right)^2} = \frac{1}{4} \quad y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$S_{L'OA}^L = \sqrt{r^2 + k^2} = a$$

(10)

$$m_{OA} = \frac{k}{r} \rightarrow m_L = \frac{-r}{k} \quad m_{L'} = \frac{k}{r} \rightarrow OA \parallel L'$$

$$y_L = \frac{-r}{k}x - \frac{r\omega}{k}$$

$$y_{OA} = \frac{k}{r}x \quad y_{L'} = \frac{k}{r}x + c$$

$$L' \perp OA \text{ then } = S_{L'OA}^L \rightarrow \frac{c}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{r^2}{k^2}}} = a$$

$$c = \frac{r\omega}{r}$$

$$\left(\frac{-r}{k}x - \frac{r\omega}{k} = \frac{k}{r}x + \frac{r\omega}{r} \right) \times 1r$$

$$r\omega x = -1r\omega \rightarrow x = -1$$

$$y = \frac{-r}{k} + \frac{r\omega}{r} = \boxed{-1}$$

$$xy = 1$$

