

19, 10

A(1, -4)

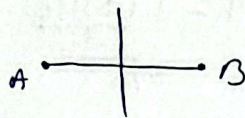
B(1, 1)

$y = \frac{1}{v}u + b$

$m = \frac{1 - (-4)}{1 - 1} = \frac{5}{0} = -\infty \rightarrow m' = \frac{1}{v}$

$1 = \frac{1}{v} + b \Rightarrow b = \frac{1}{v}$

$y = \frac{1}{v}u + \frac{1}{v}$



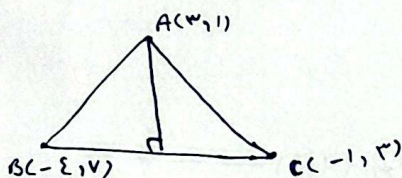
C(1, 1)

B, A

A(1, 1)

B(-1, 1)

C(-1, 3)



$BC = \sqrt{(1 - (-1))^2 + (1 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{4 + 4} = \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$

$\frac{|1 + \frac{1}{v} - \frac{1}{v}|}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{v^2}}} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$

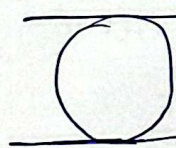
AB line: $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{3}{2}$

$\frac{1 - 3}{-1 - 1} = \frac{2}{-2} = -1$

$3 = \frac{1}{2} + b$

$b = \frac{5}{2}$

$3 - 1 = 2$



$xy - ax - r = 0$

$a = r$

$xy - rx - r = 0 \Rightarrow r = \frac{|-r + 12|}{\sqrt{14 + 8}} = \frac{11}{\sqrt{22}}$

$rx - \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{a} \Rightarrow r = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{a}$

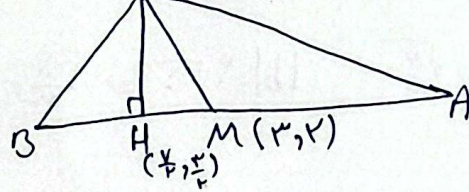
$\pi r^2 = \frac{9}{a} \pi$

A(1, 1)

B(1, 1)

C(-1, -3)

C(-1, -3)



line AB: $m = \frac{1 - 1}{1 - 1} = -1$

$y = -x + b \Rightarrow y = -x + 2$

$1 = -1 + b \Rightarrow b = 2$

$y' = x + b \Rightarrow y' = x - 2$

$-3 = -1 + b \Rightarrow b = -2$

$x - 1 = -x + 2$

$2x = 3 \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2}$

$y' = \frac{3}{2} - 2 = -\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{3 - 2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$

$\sqrt{(\frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{1} = 1$

$\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$$(km - r)u + (a - m)y - v = 0 \Rightarrow m = -\frac{km - r}{a - m} = \frac{km - r}{m - a} \quad -8$$

$$(m+1)u - (km - r)y + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m' = \frac{m+1}{km - r}$$

$$\frac{km - r}{m - a} = -\frac{km - r}{m+1} \Rightarrow \frac{km - r}{m - a} = \frac{r - km}{m+1} \Rightarrow \cancel{km} + \cancel{km} - \cancel{km} = \cancel{km} - \cancel{km} - \cancel{r} + \cancel{r} + 1$$

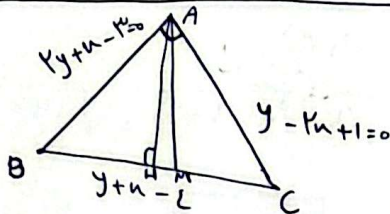
$$\Delta m^2 - 13m + 11 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 149 - \underbrace{4(1)(11)}_{44} < 0 \quad \Delta < 0$$

$$\frac{40}{44}$$

مستقيم

$$\begin{cases} AB: u + ry = r \\ AC: y = ku - 1 \\ BC: u + y = r \end{cases}$$



$$ku - 1 = -\frac{u}{r} + \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{ku}{r} + \frac{u}{r} = \frac{r}{r} + 1 \Rightarrow u = 1, y = 1 \Rightarrow A(1, 1)$$

$$-\frac{u}{r} + \frac{r}{r} = -u + r \Rightarrow u = a, y = -1 \Rightarrow B(a, -1)$$

$$ku - 1 = k - u \Rightarrow ku = a \Rightarrow u = \frac{a}{k}, y = \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow C(\frac{a}{k}, \frac{1}{k})$$

$$M(\frac{1}{k}, \frac{r}{k})$$

$$BC \rightarrow M = \frac{\frac{1}{k}}{-\frac{1}{r}} = -1 \rightarrow m' = 1 \Rightarrow y = u + b \Rightarrow y = u$$

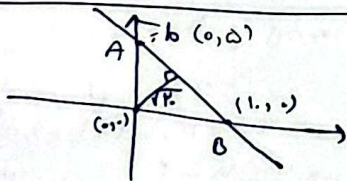
$$u = -u + r \Rightarrow ku = r \Rightarrow u = \frac{r}{k} \Rightarrow y = r \Rightarrow H(r, r)$$

$$AH \text{ distance} = \sqrt{(r-1)^2 + (r-1)^2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$AM \text{ distance} = \sqrt{(\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k})^2 + (\frac{1}{k} - \frac{r}{k})^2} = \sqrt{\frac{r^2}{a^2} + \frac{1}{a^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{a^2}{a^2}} = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\frac{\frac{a}{r}}{\sqrt{2}} = \boxed{\frac{a}{r}}$$

$$M = -\frac{1}{r}$$



$$y = -\frac{1}{r}u + b \Rightarrow y + \frac{1}{r}u - b = 0$$

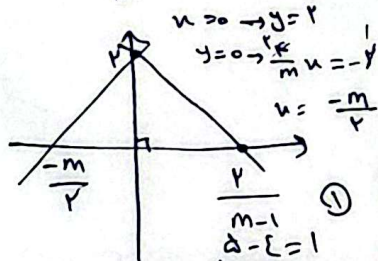
$$\frac{|0 + 0 - b|}{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r^2}}} = \sqrt{2} \quad |b| = \sqrt{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r} = a$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r^2}} = \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{r^2}} = \boxed{a}$$

$$y = \frac{r}{m}u + r$$

$$y = u(1 - m) + r$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{r}{m} \left(-\frac{m}{r} - \frac{r}{m-1} \right) = \frac{a}{r}$$



$$u = 0 \Rightarrow y = r \quad y = 0 \Rightarrow u = -\frac{r}{1-m} = \frac{r}{m-1}$$

$$\left(\frac{r}{m-1} + \frac{m}{r} \right) \times \frac{1}{r} \times r = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$-(r)(\sqrt{a} - r)(\sqrt{a} + r) = -r \quad \frac{r + m^2 - m}{rm - r} = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$\frac{-m^2 + m - r}{rm - r} = \frac{a}{r} \quad \Delta m - a = -m^2 + m - r$$

$$m^2 - 4m + 4 = 10m - 10 \Rightarrow m^2 - 14m + 14 = 0$$

$$m^2 - 4m + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow (m-2)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$y = 2x - 2 = y - 2x + 2 = 0$$

$$\frac{|-2 - 2 + 2|}{\sqrt{1+2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$y = 2x - 9$$

$$y = 2x + b \rightarrow y - 2x - b = 0$$

$$\frac{|2 + b|}{\sqrt{1+2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b + 2 = 2 \\ b = 0 \\ b + 2 = -2 \\ b = -4 \end{cases}$$

$$y - 2x - 2 = 0$$

$$-2 - 2 - 2 = -6$$

$$y - 2x + 9 = 0$$

$$-2 - 2 + 9 = 5$$

$$A(1, 2) \quad A'(-1, 4)$$

$$y = -x + b \Rightarrow y = -x + 3 \Rightarrow y = 2$$

$$2 = -1 + b \Rightarrow b = 3$$

$$a = -3$$

$$b = 4$$

$$2b - a = 12 + 3 = 15$$

$$1 + x_{A'} = -2$$

$$x_{A'} = -3$$

$$2 + y_{A'} = 4$$

$$y_{A'} = 2$$

$$-1$$