

الف) $m = \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-2-x}{2-x} = -1$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \Rightarrow y - 1 = -1(x - 2) \Rightarrow y = -x + 3$

ب) $m = m' \Rightarrow m = -1$
 $2y + x = -1 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2}$ $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \Rightarrow y - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2) \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

ج) $2xy + 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2x} + \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2x}$
 $m = -\frac{1}{2x} \Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow y - 1 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 2) \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

د) $m = \tan \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ $y - 1 = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}(x - 2) \Rightarrow y = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}x - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} + 1$

الف) $\sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2} = \sqrt{(-\frac{1}{2})^2 + 1} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} + 1} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

ب) $3x + 4y - 1 = 0$

د) $\frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|4 + 12 - 1|}{\sqrt{9 + 16}} = \frac{15}{5} = 3$

$2x + 3y = 5$ $\times 2 \Rightarrow 4x + 6y = 10$
 $3x + 4y = 1$

الف) $ax + by = \frac{c+c'}{1} \Rightarrow 4x + 6y = \frac{10+1}{1} = 11 \Rightarrow 2x + 3y = \frac{11}{2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{11}{6}$

ب) د) $\frac{|c-c'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|10-1|}{\sqrt{4+9}} = \frac{9}{5} = \frac{1}{\frac{5}{9}} = \frac{1}{\frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}}$

$2x + 3y = 10 \Rightarrow y = \frac{10}{3} - \frac{2}{3}x$

$3x - 4y = 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{3}{4}x - \frac{1}{4}$

$\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{\frac{3}{4}} \Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{3}$ $\Rightarrow$ عمودیت متعلق

$\frac{|ax + by - c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|a'x + b'y - c'|}{\sqrt{(a')^2 + (b')^2}}$
 $\frac{|2x + 3y - 10|}{\sqrt{4+9}} = \frac{|3x - 4y - 1|}{\sqrt{9+16}}$

$2x + 3y - 10 = 3x - 4y - 1 \Rightarrow x - 5y + 9 = 0 \Rightarrow x - 5y = -9 \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{5}x + \frac{9}{5}$

$2x + 3y - 10 = -3x + 4y + 1 \Rightarrow 5x - y - 11 = 0 \Rightarrow 5x - y = 11 \Rightarrow y = 5x - 11$

$y + 2x = 10 \Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $y - 2x = 5 \Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$

$\tan \alpha = \left| \frac{m - m'}{1 + mm'} \right| = \left| \frac{1/2 - (-1/2)}{1 - 1/4} \right| = \left| \frac{3/2}{3/4} \right| = 2$ $\Rightarrow \alpha = \varepsilon \alpha$
 $\Rightarrow 11.0^\circ - \varepsilon \alpha \leq 10^\circ$

$$A \begin{vmatrix} r \\ -r \end{vmatrix} \quad B \begin{vmatrix} -a \\ r \end{vmatrix}$$

$$a) ds = \sqrt{\Delta x^2 + \Delta y^2} = \sqrt{1^2 + (-4)^2} = \sqrt{17} = \sqrt{17} \approx 4.12$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} r \\ -r \end{vmatrix} \quad M \quad \begin{vmatrix} -a \\ r \end{vmatrix}$$

$$M \left(\frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}, \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2} \right) \Rightarrow M \left(\frac{r-a}{2}, \frac{-r+r}{2} \right) \rightarrow M(-1, 1)$$

$$- \begin{vmatrix} r \\ -r \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} -a \\ r \end{vmatrix} \quad \begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ -10 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$a) \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3} = \frac{r-r-10}{3} = -r \quad \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3}{3} = \frac{1+r-10}{3} = r \rightarrow \text{Schwerpunkt } (-r, r)$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} r & 1 & 1 \\ -r & r & 1 \\ -10 & -10 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (r)(r)(1) + (1)(1)(-10) + (-r)(-10)(1) - (1)(r)(-10) - (-10)(1)(1) - (r)(-10)(1) = 99 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{99} \times 99 = 1$$

$$y = \frac{r_{n+1}}{r_n - c}$$

$$a) \text{ rekursiv } y = \frac{r_{n+1}}{r_n - c} \rightarrow y = \frac{r_n - 1}{r_n - c}$$

$$b) \text{ rekursiv } y = \frac{-r_{n+1}}{-r_n - r}$$

$$c) \text{ rekursiv } x = \frac{r_{n+1}}{r_n - c} \rightarrow r_n y - r_n = r_n y + 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1+r_n}{r_n - r}$$

$$d) \text{ rekursiv } -x = \frac{-r_{n+1}}{-r_n - r} \rightarrow -r_n y + r_n = -r_n y + 1 \rightarrow y = \frac{1-r_n}{r_n + r}$$

$$y = \frac{r_{n+1}}{r_n - r}$$

$$a) \begin{vmatrix} x' & x-a \\ y' & y-b \end{vmatrix} \sim \begin{vmatrix} x' & x-r \\ y' & y+r \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} x' & x+r \\ y' & y-r \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow y' = \frac{r_{n+1} + r}{r_n + r - r} \rightarrow y' = \frac{r_{n+1} + a + r_n - r}{r_n - 1} \rightarrow \frac{a x' + r}{r_n - 1}$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} x' & x-r \\ y' & y-r \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{vmatrix} x' & x+r \\ y' & y+r \end{vmatrix}$$

$$y' + r = \frac{r_{n+1} + r}{r_n + r - r} \rightarrow y' = \frac{r_{n+1} + r - r_n}{r_n} = \frac{r}{r_n}$$

$$\begin{cases} rx + ry = r \\ m - ay = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$a) \begin{vmatrix} r & r \\ m & -a \end{vmatrix} = r \begin{vmatrix} r & r \\ m & -a \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\times (-1)} \begin{vmatrix} r & r \\ -m & a \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\times (-1)} \begin{vmatrix} -r & -r \\ m & -a \end{vmatrix} \xrightarrow{\times (-1)} \begin{vmatrix} r & r \\ -m & a \end{vmatrix} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{19}$$

$$b) \begin{vmatrix} r & r \\ -a & 1 \end{vmatrix} = \frac{r(r) - (-a)(r)}{(-a)(r) - (r)(r)} = \frac{r^2 + ar}{-ar - r^2} = \frac{r}{-a-r} = \frac{1}{19}$$