

$$A_1 \mid \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$$

الف) $A_1 \mid \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$

$$m = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$$

$$y = ax + b \rightarrow y = -x + b \xrightarrow{(x, y)} x = \frac{y - b}{-1}$$

$$y = -x + 1$$

$$b = 1$$

ب) $2y + 4x = -1$
خط مستقيم

$$A_1 \mid \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{m_1} y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b$$

$$(x, y)$$

$m_1 \rightarrow 2y + 4x + 1 = 0$

$$2y = -4x - 1$$

$$m_1 = m_2 = \frac{-x_{\text{intercept}}}{y_{\text{intercept}}} = \frac{-1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2}x + b$$

$$b = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2} \quad \boxed{y = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}}$$

$$b = 1$$

$$= 1 + 1$$

ج) $x + 3y = 1$

$$m_1 \times m_2 = -1 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{3} \times m_2 = -1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-x}{m_1} = \frac{-1}{3}$$

$$\boxed{m_2 = 3}$$

$$3y = -x + 1 \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + b$$

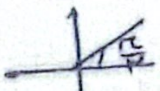
$$(x, y)$$

$$1 + b = 1$$

$$\boxed{b = 0}$$

$$\boxed{y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3}}$$

د) $m = \tan \frac{\pi}{4} = 1$



$$y = x + b$$

$$(x, y) \quad b = 1 - 1 = 0$$

$$y = x + 0$$

هـ) $1 \mid \begin{matrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{matrix}$

$$\text{الف) المسافة} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{(1 - (-1))^2}{9} + \frac{(1 - 1)^2}{14}} = \sqrt{2} = 2$$

ب) $3x + 4y = 12$
$$\text{المسافة} = \frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|3x + 4y - 12|}{\sqrt{9 + 16}} = \frac{12}{5} = 2.4$$

③

(الف)

$$\begin{cases} F_x + F_y = 4 \rightarrow F_x + 4y = 12 \\ F_x + 4y = 1 \end{cases}$$

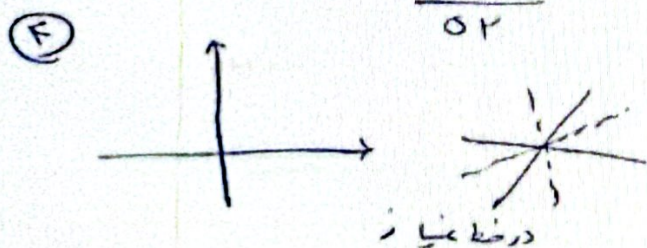
$$\Rightarrow \boxed{4x + 4y = 10}$$

$$\frac{Y}{Y} = \frac{Y}{Y} \neq \frac{Y}{N}$$

$$F_x + y = C$$

$$Ex + y = \frac{C + C'}{r} = \frac{1P + 1}{r} = 10$$

$$\frac{|c-c'|}{\sqrt{a^2+b^2}} = \frac{|11r-11|}{\sqrt{\frac{r^2}{14} + \frac{4r}{14}}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{3r}} = \frac{\cancel{r}}{\cancel{r}\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}}$$



$$\frac{|ax_0 + by_0 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$3 \times (2x + 4y = 3) \rightarrow 6x + 12y = 9$$

$$\frac{|r_x + r_y - r|}{\sqrt{r+9}} = \frac{|r_x - r_y - 1|}{\sqrt{9+r}}$$

$$r_x(r_x - r_y = 1) \xrightarrow{\ominus} y_\infty - \varepsilon y = r$$

$$\Rightarrow x_0 + y_0 - 1 = x_0 - y_0 - 1$$

$$490 - F \times \frac{V}{10} = 1$$

$$1/r_y = v \Rightarrow y = \frac{x}{1/r}$$

$$y_{90} = \frac{KX}{1F} + \frac{KY}{1F} \rightarrow \frac{\partial F}{\partial F} = y_{90} = \frac{90}{1F} = \frac{9}{1F}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\omega y = \infty + r} \Rightarrow \boxed{y = \frac{\infty}{\omega} + \frac{r}{\omega}}$$

⑤ $y - r_p = \delta \frac{\sigma^2}{\sigma^2 + \sigma_p^2}, y = r_p + \delta$

$$(2) \quad r_{x0} + r_y - F = -r_{x0} + r_y + 1$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x + F}$$

$$y + r_x = r \xrightarrow{?} y = \textcircled{-r_x} + r$$

~~bande a~~

$$\tan(\alpha \pm \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha \pm \tan \beta}{1 \mp \tan \alpha \tan \beta} \Rightarrow \tan(\alpha + \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha + \tan \beta}{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \beta}$$



$$\tan(\alpha - \beta) = \frac{\tan \alpha - \tan \beta}{1 + \tan \alpha \tan \beta} = \left| \frac{\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{1 + \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}\right)\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}\right)} \right| = 1$$

$$\underbrace{(\alpha - \beta)}_{\text{مقدار مثبت}} = \dots$$



4)

$$\text{ا) } \sigma_{AB} = \sqrt{(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2} = \sqrt{\underbrace{(3 - (-2))^2}_{x^2} + \underbrace{(-2 - 1)^2}_{y^2}} = 1$$

$$\text{ب) } x = \frac{x_A + x_B}{2} = \frac{3 - 2}{2} = \frac{-1}{2} = -1 \quad (-1, 1)$$

$$y = \frac{y_A + y_B}{2} = \frac{-2 - 1}{2} = 1$$

5)

$$\text{ا) } G \Rightarrow \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3}{3} = x_G \quad \frac{y_1 + y_2 + y_3}{3} = y_G$$

$$\frac{\frac{-9}{3} - 2 - 1}{3} = -2 \quad \frac{1 + 2 - 13}{3} = -4 \quad G = (-2, -4)$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{1}{3} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ -2 & 2 & -1 \\ -1 & -13 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \text{1} \\ \text{2} \\ \text{3} \end{matrix} \quad \left| \frac{9}{3 \times 3 \times 1} + \frac{-1}{1 \times 1 \times -1} + \frac{27}{-2 \times -13 \times 1} \right|$$

$$\text{ج) } S = \frac{1}{3} \times 94 = \boxed{31} \quad \frac{-(-3) - (-29) - (-2)}{+3 + 29 + 2} = 94$$

$$\text{د) } \text{نقشه} \quad -y = \frac{x+1}{x-2} \Rightarrow y = \frac{x+1}{2-x}$$

$$\text{ه) } \text{نقشه} \quad y = \frac{-x+1}{-x-2}$$

$$\text{و) } \text{نقشه} \quad x = \frac{y+1}{y-2} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{x-1}{x-2} = \boxed{\frac{x+1}{x-2} = y}$$

$$\Rightarrow xy - 2x = y + 1 \Rightarrow xy - y = x + 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$$

$$\text{ز) } \text{نقشه} \quad -x = \frac{-y+1}{-y-2} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{x-1}{x+2} = \boxed{\frac{-x+1}{x+2} = y}$$

$$\Rightarrow xy + x = -y + 1 \quad xy + y = -x + 1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{-x+1}{x+2}$$

$$\boxed{\phi' = \phi - \tau}$$

• (No. 3.)

$\xrightarrow{\text{ಸಂಪನ್ಮೂಲ}} y' \text{ } \underline{220000}$

$$\Rightarrow y' = \frac{K_{so} + d}{n' - 1} + r \rightarrow \frac{K_{so}' + r}{n' - 1} + \frac{K_{so}' + d}{n' - 1} = \frac{d n' + r}{n' - 1}$$

$$y = \frac{2x+1}{x-1}$$

$$x' = x - 3 \Rightarrow x = x' + 3$$

$$y' = y - 2 \Rightarrow y = y' + 2$$

$$y' + r = \frac{r(x' + 1) + 1}{x' + 1 - 1} = \frac{rx' + r + 1}{x'} = \frac{rx' + 1}{x'}$$

$$\Rightarrow y' = \frac{r_{\infty'} + V}{\infty'} - r = \frac{r_{\infty'} + V - r_{\infty'}}{\infty'} = \frac{V}{\infty'}$$

$$y = \frac{v}{8}$$

ملک - پاکستان

$$\begin{cases} 4x + 5y = 1 \\ (x - 2y = 1) \end{cases}$$

$$(x - \delta y = 1) \times r = r_{\text{so}} - \delta y = r$$

$$z' = 0 \Rightarrow r_x + r_y - r_x + 10y = 1r$$

$$\Rightarrow 19y = -1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{-1}{19}$$

$$x - 6y = 1 \longrightarrow x - 2x - \frac{1}{19} = 1 \Rightarrow x + \frac{8}{19} = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} x + y = 2 \\ x - y = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$x = - \frac{y - (-0.5 \times y)}{y \times 0.5 - y \times 1} = \frac{+1.5}{-0.5 \times 0.5}$$

$$X = \frac{1E}{19}$$

$$= r_{x1} - r_{x1} = 1$$

$$y = \frac{r_{x1} - r_{x1}}{r_{x1} - r_{x1}} = \boxed{\frac{-1}{n}}$$

$$y^2 = [x^2]$$

$$\text{Ex } \begin{bmatrix} r & k \\ 1 & -\omega \end{bmatrix} = r \times 0 - f \times 1 = -19$$

$$= \frac{1}{99} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{99} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{99} \times \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$