

$$y = -m^2 + b m + k$$

$$y_s = V_{\max}$$

①

$$-\frac{\Delta}{\varepsilon a} \Rightarrow V \rightarrow \frac{b^2 + 12}{+ \varepsilon} = V$$

$$b^2 + 12 = 28$$

$$b \leq 14$$

$$b \leq 7 \varepsilon$$

$$\text{الف) } f(m) = m^2 + 2m^2 + k$$

②

$$m^2 \rightarrow a$$

$$a^2 + 2a + k$$

$$\Delta \leq b^2 - 4ac$$

$$\varepsilon - 12 < 0$$

مهم نکته

$$\text{ب) } f(m) = (\varepsilon - m^2)^2 - 2(\varepsilon - m^2) - 10$$

$$\varepsilon - m^2 = t$$

$$t^2 - 2t - 10 = (t - d)(t + 3)$$

$$t = d \rightarrow \varepsilon - m^2 - d = 0$$

$$t = -3 \rightarrow \varepsilon - m^2 + 3 = 0$$

$$m^2 = -1$$

$$00 \varepsilon$$

$$m^2 = V$$

$$m = \pm \sqrt{V}$$

$$\alpha, \alpha + 2$$

$$\varepsilon m^2 - 14m + m = 0$$

③

$$S = -\frac{b}{a} \rightarrow \alpha + \alpha + 2 = \frac{14}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\rightarrow 2\alpha + 2 = \varepsilon \quad 2\alpha = \varepsilon - 2 \quad \alpha = 1$$

$$\beta = 2$$

$$P = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow \frac{m}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow 1 \times 2 \Rightarrow m = 12$$

$$\varepsilon m^2 - 14m + 12 = 0$$

$$(14)^2 - (14 \times 12) \Rightarrow 4\varepsilon \Delta > 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$1 \quad r m r - 4 a + m - 1 = 0 \quad m \leq p \quad (5)$$

$$2 \quad + r a - \beta = \varepsilon \quad r a - \beta \leq \varepsilon \rightarrow r a + r \beta - r \beta = \varepsilon$$

$$3 \quad - \frac{b}{a} \leq + \frac{q}{p} \leq r \quad \varepsilon \quad \boxed{r \beta \leq 0 \quad \beta \leq 0} \quad \boxed{\alpha \leq r}$$

$$4 \quad p \leq \frac{c}{a} \leq \frac{m-1}{p} \leq 0 \quad m-1 \leq 0 \quad \boxed{m \leq 1}$$

$$5 \quad r m r - 4 m \leq 0 \quad \Delta > 0$$

$$6 \quad r q - 0 > 0 \rightarrow \checkmark$$

$$7 \quad - m r r + \varepsilon m + m r - r \leq 0 \quad \alpha, \frac{1}{\alpha} \quad (5)$$

$$8 \quad p \leq 1, \frac{c}{a} \leq 1 \quad \frac{m r - r}{-m} \leq 1 \quad m r + m + r \leq 0$$

$$9 \quad (m+r)(m-1)$$

$$10 \quad \Delta > 0 \quad \boxed{0 \leq m \leq 1} \rightarrow -m r + \varepsilon m - 1 \leq 0 \rightarrow \Delta > 0 \checkmark$$

$$11 \quad 14 \varepsilon \leq 14 > 0$$

$$12 \quad \boxed{0 \leq m \leq 1} \rightarrow + r m r + \varepsilon m + r \leq 0 \Rightarrow \Delta \leq 0 \times$$

$$13 \quad 14 - 14 \leq 0$$

$$14$$

$$15 \quad \alpha, \beta \quad m r - m a + r \leq 0 \quad \alpha \beta r \leq \varepsilon \quad (4)$$

$$16$$

$$17 \quad p \leq \alpha \cdot \beta \leq \frac{c}{a} \leq r \quad \alpha \beta r \leq \varepsilon \rightarrow \alpha \beta \times \beta = \varepsilon \quad \beta \leq \frac{\varepsilon}{r}$$

$$18 \quad r \times \frac{\varepsilon}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{q}{\varepsilon} \leq \alpha \quad \boxed{\frac{q}{\varepsilon} \leq \alpha}$$

$$19 \quad \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta \leq -\frac{b}{a} \quad \frac{\varepsilon}{r} + \frac{q}{\varepsilon} = m \quad m \leq \frac{\varepsilon r}{1 r}$$

$$20 \quad m r - \frac{\varepsilon r}{1 r} m + r \leq 0 \quad \Delta > 0 \quad \boxed{0 \leq m \leq 1} \checkmark \quad \left(\frac{\varepsilon r}{1 r} \right)^2 - \left(\frac{1 r \times 1 r}{1 r} \right) > 0$$

$$M^r \varepsilon_m + m_{\varepsilon=0} \quad \alpha, \mu_d \leq \frac{2}{\beta} \quad \text{--- (V)}$$

$$S = \alpha + \mu_d \Rightarrow \varepsilon \alpha \leq -\frac{b}{a} \varepsilon + \varepsilon \quad \alpha < 1 \quad \beta = \mu$$

$$M^r \varepsilon_m + \mu_{\varepsilon=0}$$

$$\rho = \frac{c}{a} = \alpha \beta \Rightarrow m = \mu$$

$$1q - 1p > 0 \quad \checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$$

$$\Delta > 0$$

$$\alpha^r + \frac{\Lambda}{\alpha^r} \leq p$$

$$M^r \varepsilon_m + \mu_{\varepsilon=0} \quad \text{--- (A)}$$

$$\alpha^r - V \alpha + \mu_{\varepsilon=0}$$

$$\alpha^r + \mu_{\varepsilon=0} V \alpha$$

$$\left(\alpha^r + \left(\frac{r}{\alpha} \right)^{\mu} \right) \left(\alpha^r + \frac{r}{\alpha} \right) \left(\alpha^r + \frac{r}{\alpha} - r \right)$$

$$\alpha^r + r \Rightarrow \frac{V \alpha}{d} \leq V$$

$$\frac{q \varepsilon + \varepsilon}{d^r} \rightarrow \left(\alpha^r + r \right) - \varepsilon \alpha^r$$

$$\varepsilon q \alpha^r$$

$$\frac{\varepsilon \alpha^r}{d^r} \rightarrow \frac{\varepsilon \alpha^r}{\alpha^r} \quad \text{--- (E0)}$$

$$(V) (\varepsilon \alpha - r) \leq \mu_{\varepsilon=0}$$

$$a \leq 0 \quad \max \quad h(t) = -1 \cdot t + \delta \cdot t \quad \text{--- (9)}$$

$$y_s = -1 \cdot \left(\frac{r \delta}{\varepsilon} \right) + \delta \cdot \left(\frac{\delta}{r} \right) \leq \mu_{\varepsilon=0} \quad \text{--- (16)}$$

$$-1 \cdot t^r + \delta \cdot t$$

$$\frac{-\delta_0}{-r_0} \Rightarrow \frac{\delta}{r} \leq \mu_s$$

$$t(-1 \cdot t + \delta) \leq 0$$

$$t \leq 0 \quad \boxed{t = \delta s} \quad \text{--- (18)}$$

(10)

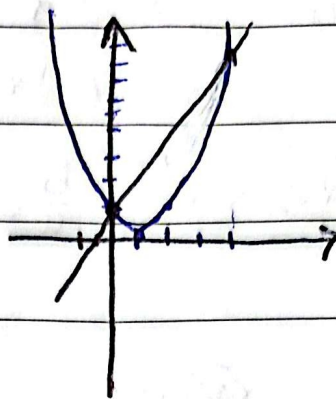
$$1) (n-1)P_n P_{n+1}$$

$$nP_n P_{n+1} = P_{n+1}$$

$$nP_n - \varepsilon n \leq 0$$

$$n(n-\varepsilon) \leq 0$$

$$n \leq 0, \varepsilon \quad \text{---} \quad \text{لا يوجد}$$



$$2) nP_n P_{n-1} - n - P_n$$

$$nP_n P_{n-1} - n - P_n \leq 0$$

$$nP_n + n - P_n \leq 0 \quad \text{---} \quad n \leq P_n + 1$$

