

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$\frac{\Delta}{4a} = V \rightarrow \frac{-b^2 - 12}{-4} = V \rightarrow b^2 + 12 = 4V \rightarrow b^2 = 4V - 12$$

$$b^2 = 4V - 12 \rightarrow b = \pm \sqrt{4V - 12}$$

الف) $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$
 $ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = -12 < 0$ منفرجه

ب) $f(x) = (x - a)^2 - 1(x - a) - 1$
 $f(x) = x^2 - 2ax + a^2 - x + a - 1$
 $f(x) = x^2 - (2a + 1)x + (a^2 + a - 1)$
 $\Delta = (2a + 1)^2 - 4(a^2 + a - 1) = 4a^2 + 4a + 1 - 4a^2 - 4a + 4 = 5$
 $x = \frac{(2a + 1) \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$a, b, c \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$$

$$S = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2a + 2 = 2 \rightarrow 2a = 0 \rightarrow a = 0$$

$$P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{3}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow \frac{m}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow m = 3$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\alpha - \beta = \frac{\Delta}{a} = \frac{5}{2} \rightarrow \alpha - \beta = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{4}, \beta = -\frac{3}{4}$$

$$P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow \frac{m}{2} = \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow m = 3$$

$$b^2 = 4ac = 4 \cdot 1 \cdot 3 = 12 \rightarrow \Delta = 12 - 4 = 8 \rightarrow \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt{4a^2 - 4ac} = \sqrt{4 - 12} = \sqrt{-8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$-ma^2 + 4a + m = 0$$

$$C = 1 \rightarrow \frac{m^2 - 4}{-m} = 1 \rightarrow m^2 + m - 4 = 0 \rightarrow C_m + 1)(m - 1) = 0$$

$$m = 1 \rightarrow -a^2 + 4a - 1 = 0 \checkmark$$

$$m = -2 \rightarrow +a^2 + 4a + 2 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 16 - 8 = 8 \rightarrow \sqrt{8} = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\alpha^r - 14\lambda + 15, \quad \alpha/\beta^r = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$\alpha/\beta^r = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow \alpha/\beta(\beta) = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow \beta = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{c}{a} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{9}{2}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{9}{2} + \frac{c}{a} = \frac{17+14}{11} = \frac{31}{11}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{-b}{a} = -11 \rightarrow \frac{31}{11} = -11$$

$$2^r - 14\lambda + 15 = 0$$

$$\lambda, \beta \rightarrow \alpha, \beta \rightarrow 1, 2$$

$$5 \leq \alpha \leq 1 \rightarrow \alpha = 1 = \frac{b}{a}$$

$$\beta = 2 \rightarrow 14 \leq 15 \leq 14 = \frac{c}{a}$$

$$2^r - 14\lambda + 15 = 0 \rightarrow \alpha^r - 14\lambda + 15 = 0 \rightarrow \alpha = 14 + \frac{15}{\alpha} = 15$$

$$\alpha^r + \frac{1}{\alpha^r}$$

$$\left(\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)^r = \alpha^r + \frac{1}{\alpha^r} + r \left(\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)^{r-1} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\alpha^2}\right) = r \alpha^{r-1}$$

$$\alpha^r + \frac{1}{\alpha^r} = r \alpha^{r-1}$$

$$\text{or } 0 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-20}{-4} = 5$$

$$-10 \pm 5 \rightarrow (-10) \pm 5 \rightarrow 5 \text{ or } -15 \rightarrow \max = 5$$

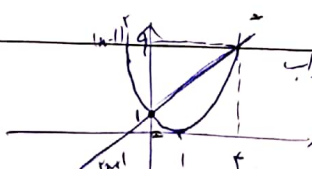
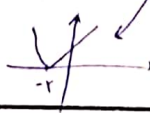


این به این صورت است
این به این صورت است

$$\text{col) } (2n-1)^r = 2n+1$$

$$-1/2^r + 14\lambda = 14 + 1$$

$$6(2n+1)$$



در جواب (0, 1)

(1, 9)

در جواب (1, 9)

(-1, 9)

(1, 1)