

05 September 2024

شهریور ۱۴۰۳

۱۴۴۶ ربیع الاول

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$$x^2 - \frac{b}{a}x - \frac{1}{2(a-1)} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{2(a-1)}x^2 - \frac{1}{2(a-1)}x - \frac{1}{2(a-1)}$$

$$y = \frac{-1}{2}x^2 + x + \frac{3}{2} \rightarrow x^2 - 2x - 3 = 0 \quad \boxed{x^2 - 6} \quad x^2 - 2$$

$$(x-4)(x+2) = 0$$

9

$$f(n) = mn^2 - 2n + m$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 < 25 \Rightarrow 25 - 4m^2 > 0 \\ 0 < m < 25 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c|c} n & n_1 & n_2 \\ \hline f(n) & - & + \end{array}$$

$$\text{نشان ۱ و ۲} \rightarrow \boxed{-\frac{25}{4} < m < \frac{25}{4}}$$

$$m^2 < \frac{25}{4} \rightarrow |m| < \frac{5}{2} \rightarrow -\frac{5}{2} < m < \frac{5}{2}$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{3} \text{ و } \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{3}$$

$$S_2 = n_1 + n_2 = \frac{3-\sqrt{5} + 3+\sqrt{5}}{3} = 2 \quad \quad \quad 2n_1n_2 = \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{3} \times \frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{3} = \frac{9-5}{9} = \frac{4}{9}$$

16 جمعه

$$x^2 - 5x + p \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + \frac{4}{9} = 0 \quad \alpha, \beta \Rightarrow \boxed{9x^2 - 18x + 4 = 0}$$

هجرت حضرت رسول اکرم صلی الله علیه و آله از مکه به مدینه

06 September 2024

شهریور ۱۴۰۳

۱۴۴۶ ربیع الاول

$$2n^2 - 18n + m + 12 = 0, \alpha < \beta \text{ و } 3\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 12$$

$$S_2 = 6 \text{ و } p = \frac{m+1}{2}$$

$$3\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 12 \Rightarrow 3\alpha^2 + (6-\alpha)^2 = 12$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 6 \rightarrow \beta = 6 - \alpha$$

$$3\alpha^2 + \alpha^2 - 12\alpha + 36 = 12 \Rightarrow 4\alpha^2 - 12\alpha + 24 = 0$$

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$$\alpha^2 - 3\alpha + 6 = 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - 3\alpha + 6 = 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - 3\alpha + 1 = 0 \rightarrow (\alpha-1)^2 = 0 \rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

$$p = \alpha\beta \quad 3 \rightarrow \frac{m+1}{2} = 3 \rightarrow \boxed{m = 5}$$

12

۵/۱۱ (۰۷۰)

$$y \geq a(n-h)^r + k \rightarrow y \geq a(n-r)^r + q$$

$$(۰۷۰) \rightarrow 0 \geq a(n-r)^r + q$$

$$qa + qz \rightarrow a \geq -1$$

$$y \geq -(n-r)^r + q$$

$$y > 0 \rightarrow -(n-r)^r + q > 0 \rightarrow (n-r)^r < q$$

$$-r < n-r < r \rightarrow -1 < n < 1$$

$$S \geq \alpha + \beta \geq \frac{V}{\alpha} \Rightarrow P \geq \alpha \beta \geq \frac{q\beta}{\alpha} \rightarrow \alpha^2 \beta \geq q\beta$$

$$\beta > 0 \rightarrow \alpha^2 \geq q \rightarrow \alpha \geq \pm \sqrt{q}$$

$$\alpha \geq \sqrt{q} \rightarrow \sqrt{q} + \beta = \frac{V}{\sqrt{q}} \rightarrow \beta \geq \frac{V}{\sqrt{q}} - \sqrt{q}$$

$$\alpha \geq -\sqrt{q} \rightarrow -\sqrt{q} + \beta \geq \frac{V}{\sqrt{q}} \rightarrow \beta \geq \frac{V}{\sqrt{q}} + \sqrt{q}$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{q}} + \frac{\sqrt{q}}{r} \geq \frac{V}{4} \right]$$

$$\alpha^2 + m\alpha - rm = 0 \quad S \geq \alpha + \beta \geq -m$$

$$\alpha^2 \geq -m\alpha + rm \quad P \geq \alpha \beta \geq -rm$$

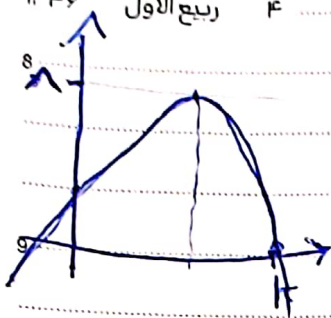
$$\alpha^2 - m\beta \geq 1 \rightarrow (-m\alpha + rm) - m\beta \geq 1$$

$$-m(\alpha + \beta) + rm \geq 1 \rightarrow m^2 + rm - 1 \geq 0 \quad m \geq -\frac{r}{2} \quad m \geq \frac{r}{2}$$

$$m \geq -\frac{r}{2} \rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

$$m \geq \frac{r}{2} \rightarrow \Delta > 0$$

$$S \geq \alpha + \beta \geq -m \rightarrow S \geq -\frac{r}{2}$$



$$n \pm \frac{-b}{2a} \pm \frac{-c}{2m} \pm \frac{-r}{m}$$

$$f(n) = m \left(\frac{-r}{m} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{-r}{m} \right) + \frac{m}{r} + v = 1$$

$$-\frac{r}{m} + \frac{m}{r} + v = 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1 + m^2}{rm} = 1$$

$$m^2 - rm - n = 0 \rightarrow m = r \rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{m = r}$$

$$f(n) = mn^2 + cn + \frac{m}{r} + v$$

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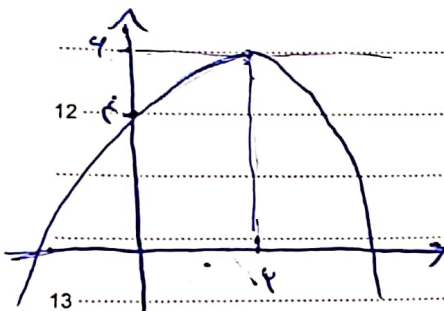
$$m = r \rightarrow -rn^2 + cn + r$$

$$n^2 + cn - 1 = 0$$

$$(n+4)(n-1) = 0 \rightarrow n = \frac{-4}{-1} = 4$$

$$11 \quad n = \frac{r}{-r} = -1$$

$$= -1 \rightarrow K$$



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$$y = \frac{-1}{r} (n-r)^2 + 4 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} n^2 + rn + r = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{-b}{c} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{-1}{r}}$$

$$\alpha = 1, \beta = 2 \rightarrow \alpha = 2$$

$$S = \alpha + \beta = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{-b}{c}$$

$$P = \alpha\beta = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{a+b}{ab} = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{-b}{c} \rightarrow r(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}) = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$ra^2 - ra - 1 = 0$$

$$a^2 - ra - \frac{1}{r} = 0$$

$$a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$16 \quad a = 1 \rightarrow n^2 - 1n + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow n = 1, 1$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow n^2 - \frac{1}{r}n + \frac{1}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}$$