

از قسم رفته
۱۳ تلف شماره

بنام خدا

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بهارنامه

$$y = (a-1)x^2 + ax^3$$

①

$$x=2 \rightarrow x_3 = \frac{b}{x_2} = 2 \rightarrow (a-1)=1 \rightarrow a=2 \rightarrow a = \frac{p}{r}$$

$$x_3 = \frac{1}{x_2 - 1} = 2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x}x^2 + ax^3$$

$$f(x) = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + \frac{p}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x}}}{2x - \frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow \frac{-1 \pm 2}{-1/2} = -2$$

$$\frac{-x}{-1/2} = +2$$

$$f(n) = mn^2 + \omega n + m$$

n	n_1	n_2
$f(n)$	$-$	$+$



$$m < 0 \quad \text{I}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow 4a - 4m^2 > 0$$

$$m^2 < \frac{p}{2} \rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} m < \frac{p}{2} \quad \text{II} \\ m > -\frac{p}{2} \quad \text{III} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{I, II, III} \Rightarrow -\frac{p}{2} < m < \frac{p}{2}$$

$$y = x^2 - 5x + p$$

$$S = \frac{r-\sqrt{a}}{r} + \frac{r+\sqrt{a}}{r} = 2$$

$$P = \left(\frac{r-\sqrt{a}}{r}\right) \left(\frac{r+\sqrt{a}}{r}\right) = \frac{r-a}{r} = \frac{p}{q}$$

$$y = x^2 - 2x + \frac{p}{q} \rightarrow 9y = 9x^2 - 18x + 9$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 18x + m + 9$$

$$\alpha < \beta$$

$$2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 12$$

$$S = \frac{1}{r} = 2 \rightarrow \beta + \alpha = 2 \rightarrow \beta = 2 - \alpha$$

$$2\alpha^2 + (2-\alpha)^2 = 12 \rightarrow 2\alpha^2 - 4\alpha + 2 = 12$$

$$\alpha^2 - 2\alpha + 1 = 0$$

$$(\alpha-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

$$P = \frac{C}{a} = \alpha \cdot \beta \Rightarrow \frac{m+9}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow m = 4 - 2p$$

$$\beta = 2 - 1 = 1$$

$$S \begin{vmatrix} r \\ 9 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$C = d$$

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

(d)

5

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} -\frac{b}{r} s \rightarrow bs - ra \\ C = d \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow$$

$$ax^2 - rax + d \xrightarrow{(r, 9)} \frac{ra - 1ad + 9}{as - 1}$$

$$ax^2 - vx + 9B = 0 \quad B > 0$$

$$ax^2 - vx + 9B = 0$$

$$aB^2 - vB + 9B = 0 \rightarrow aB^2 + rBs$$

$$B(aB + r)s = \frac{B^2}{r} \rightarrow aBs - r$$

$$P = \frac{C}{a} = \frac{9B}{a} = -r \rightarrow 9Bs - r \rightarrow ax^2 - vx + 9B = 0 \xrightarrow{9Bs - r} ax^2 - 9ax =$$

$$a(x^2 - 9)s$$

$$9B = -r \xrightarrow{B > 0, B \neq 0} a < 0 \rightarrow a = -r$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha \rightarrow 0 \\ \alpha \rightarrow -r \\ \alpha \rightarrow r \end{array}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{B} = \frac{B + a}{aB} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} - r}{-r} = -\frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\alpha = -r \rightarrow Bs = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$x^2 + mx - rm = 0$$

$$x^2 - mB = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} S = -m \\ p = -rm \end{array}$$

5 (f)

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x^2 + mx - rm = 0 \\ B^2 + mB - rm = 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$x^2 - B^2 + mx - mBs = 0$$

$$1 - B^2 + mx = 0 \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} B^2 - m\alpha = 1 \\ x^2 - mBs = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

$$B^2 + x^2 - m(\alpha + B) = 1$$

$$S^2 - rp - m(S) = 1$$

$$m^2 + rm + m^2 - 1 = 0$$

$$rm^2 + rm - 1 = 0$$

$$m^2 + rm - 1 = 0 \rightarrow m \begin{array}{l} -r \\ +r \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \checkmark m = -r \rightarrow x^2 - rx + 1 = 0 \\ \checkmark m = r \rightarrow x^2 + rx - 1 = 0 \end{array}$$

$$\boxed{S = -r}$$

$$f(x) = mx^r + kx + \frac{m}{r} + V$$

8
5



$$y_s = 1 \quad x_s = -\frac{r}{rm} = -\frac{r}{m} \rightarrow y_s = m \times \frac{r}{m^r} + \frac{m}{r} + V_s$$

$$\frac{1 - 1 + m^r + 1 \cdot m}{rm} = 1$$

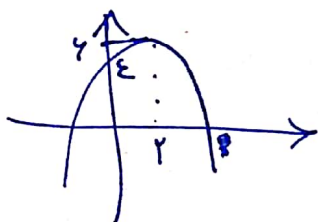
$$m^r + 1 \cdot m - 1 = rm$$

$$m^r - rm - 1 = 0 \rightarrow m \rightarrow -1 \text{ or } r$$

$$x_s > 0 \rightarrow -\frac{r}{m} > 0 \rightarrow m < 0 \rightarrow m = -r$$

$$y_s = -r^r + kx - 1 + V \Rightarrow f(x) = -r^r + kx + y_s \rightarrow -1 \text{ or } r$$

$$K < r \leftarrow K > 0$$



$$x_s = r \rightarrow -b/ra = r \rightarrow b = -ra$$

$$y_s = y$$

$$y = ax^r + bx + c$$

$$y = ax^r + \frac{r}{a}ax + c \quad (r \neq -1)$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{r}x^r + rx + r$$

$$ra - 1a + r = y \rightarrow -ra = y \rightarrow a = -1/r$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{r} = \frac{r+B}{aB} = \frac{r}{-1} = -1/r$$

9
5

$$x^r - (ra + r)x + (ra^r + ra + r)s$$

$$x_s = r \rightarrow r - r(ra + r) + ra^r + ra + r = 0 \rightarrow ra^r - ra - 1 = 0 \rightarrow a \rightarrow -1/r$$

$$a = 1 \rightarrow x^r - 1x + 1r \leftrightarrow x < \frac{r}{4} \quad (x-1)(x-r) = x^r - 1x + 1r$$

$$a = -1/r \rightarrow x^r - \frac{1}{r}x + \frac{r}{r} = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = \frac{r^2}{9} - \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{9} \rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \frac{r}{r}}{r} = \frac{1 \pm 1}{r}$$

10
5