

19/10

Subject:

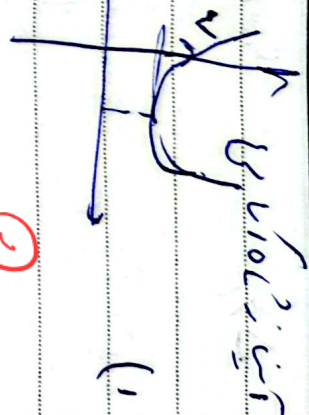
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$$ii) \left| \frac{-b}{ra} \rightarrow r \right| \frac{-\Delta}{\epsilon, a}$$

$$-(14-12) = 2$$



$$r) \left| \frac{-b}{ra} = r \right| \frac{-\Delta}{\epsilon, a} = -r$$

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$$ii) \Delta \rightarrow (m+1)^r - n(1, m+r) \rightarrow (m+r)(m-\delta) \rightarrow (-\infty, r) \cup$$

$$(-\infty, \infty)$$

$$i) \Delta = 0 \rightarrow h(r) (m-\delta) = 0 \quad m \rightarrow -r$$

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$$e) \Delta < 0 \rightarrow (m+r)(m-\delta) < 0 \quad (-\infty, \delta)$$

$$y) \Delta > 0 \rightarrow (-\infty, -r] \cup [\delta, +\infty)$$

$$ii) \beta > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{m-r} \rightarrow (-\infty, +\infty)$$

$$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow 1 < m < r$$

$$m \in (0, r)$$

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$$i) \rho < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{m-r} \rightarrow (-\infty, +\infty)$$

$$s < 0 \rightarrow \frac{r m - r}{m-r} \rightarrow (-\infty, +\infty)$$

$$ii) \text{Cock} \rightarrow 10(m-r) < 0 \rightarrow (m+r) < 0 \rightarrow m < -r$$

$$i) \frac{-r}{ra} = -r \rightarrow \frac{r m + r}{r m - r} \rightarrow m = 1$$

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$$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \left(\left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \left(\frac{r}{r} \right) \right) \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow 0 \quad (u)$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha > 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin \alpha > 1 \\ \sin \alpha < -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} (r_n - r) = 0 \\ r_n^2 - r_n + \frac{r}{r} = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} m = \frac{r}{r} \\ (r_n + r)^2 = 0 \rightarrow n = -\frac{r}{r} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{(r_{n+1})(n-1)(n+1)(r_n-0)}{-(n+1)(n+1)} \quad (u)$$

$$-4nr + 12m \rightarrow \frac{-\Delta}{ca} = \frac{r \cdot 9}{r^2} = 1 \cdot \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$p = \frac{r}{m} \quad r \left(\frac{m+r}{r} \right) = a \left(-\frac{r}{m} \right) + v \quad (v)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{r_m + r}{m} = \frac{v m - 1}{m} \Rightarrow$$

$$r_m^2 + 4m = v m^2 - 10m \rightarrow 14m = r_m^2 - 4m - m^2 \rightarrow$$

$$m(m-r) = 0 \rightarrow m = r \checkmark \rightarrow r_m^2 - 4m + \dots$$

$$-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta} \rightarrow \frac{r \pm \sqrt{16}}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{r \pm \sqrt{16}}{r}$$

$$\left(\frac{r + \sqrt{16}}{r} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{r - \sqrt{16}}{r} \right)^2 = \frac{\Delta r}{16} = \frac{r \cdot 16}{16} = \frac{16}{r}$$

$$\alpha \cdot \beta = r \rightarrow \alpha^2 \beta^2 = r^2 \quad \beta^2 = \frac{r}{\alpha^2} \quad (1, \sqrt{2})$$

$$\frac{r}{0} \frac{\alpha}{\beta^2} + \frac{\beta^2}{0} \rightarrow \frac{\alpha^2}{0} + \frac{\beta^2}{0} = \frac{5r - r \cdot 2}{0} = 5$$

$$\frac{150 - r}{8} = 5 \quad (A)$$

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$$r^{n-1} + (n+1)r + n + u = a$$

(10)

$$r^{n-1} + m + n + u = 0$$

$$\frac{-m}{r} - 1 = 0$$

(5)

$$r^{n-1} - r(r) + (n+1)r = 0$$

$$\Delta = 0$$

$$r^{n-1} - nr + (n+1)r = 0$$

$$\frac{m-1}{r} = 0$$

$$(m-1)(n+1)$$

$$m-1 = 0$$

$$m = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{b}{a}$$

$$\text{root } (x_1, x_2) = \left(\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \right)$$

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$$(a$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0 \text{ then } x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$ax^2 - bx + c = 0$$

$$c = 1$$

$$\text{Event } x(ax^2 - bx - 0)$$

$$x + bx = 1$$

$$x^2 + bx = 1$$

sum

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$